321.351 Disciplinary action -- Offenses subject to disciplinary action -- Private admonishment.

- (1) The board may refuse to issue a license, or may suspend, revoke, impose probationary or supervisory conditions upon, impose an administrative fine not to exceed five thousand dollars (\$5,000) per violation, issue a written reprimand, issue a private admonishment, or any combination of actions regarding any licensee upon proof that the licensee has:
 - (a) Committed any act of dishonesty or corruption. If the act constitutes a crime, conviction in a criminal proceeding is not a condition precedent to disciplinary action. Upon conviction of the crime, the judgment and sentence are presumptive evidence at the ensuing disciplinary hearing of the guilt of the licensee or applicant. "Conviction," as used in this paragraph, shall include a finding or verdict of guilt, an admission of guilt, or a plea of nolo contendere;
 - (b) Misrepresented or concealed a material fact in obtaining a license, or in reinstatement of a license;
 - (c) Committed any unfair, false, misleading, or deceptive act or practice;
 - (d) Been incompetent or negligent in the practice of veterinary medicine;
 - (e) Violated any state statute or administrative regulation governing the practice of veterinary medicine or any activities undertaken by a veterinarian;
 - (f) Failed to comply with an order issued by the board or an assurance of voluntary compliance;
 - (g) Violated the code of ethical conduct as set forth by the board by administrative regulation; or
 - (h) Violated any applicable provision of any federal or state law or regulation regarding the dispensing of controlled or legend drugs.
- (2) Five (5) years from the date of a revocation, any person whose license has been revoked may petition the board for reinstatement. The board shall investigate the petition and may reinstate the license upon a finding that the individual has complied with any terms prescribed by the board and is again able to competently engage in the practice of veterinary medicine.
- When in the judgment of the board, an alleged violation is not of a serious nature, and the evidence presented to the board after the investigation and appropriate opportunity for the licensee to respond, provides a clear indication that the alleged violation did in fact occur, the board may issue a written reprimand to the licensee. A copy of the reprimand shall be placed in the permanent file of the licensee. The licensee shall have the right to file a response to the reprimand within thirty (30) days of its receipt and to have the response placed in the permanent licensure file. The licensee may alternatively, within thirty (30) days of the receipt, file a request for hearing with the board. Upon receipt of this request the board shall set aside the written reprimand and set the matter for hearing.
- (4) At any time during the investigative or hearing processes, the board may enter into an agreed order or accept an assurance of voluntary compliance with the licensee which effectively deals with the complaint.

- (5) The board may reconsider, modify, or reverse its probation, suspensions, or other disciplinary action.
- (6) Private admonishment shall not be subject to disclosure to the public under KRS 61.878 and shall not constitute disciplinary action, but may be used by the board for statistical purposes or in a subsequent disciplinary action against the licensee or applicant.

Effective: July 15, 2016

History: Amended 2016 Ky. Acts ch. 116, sec. 15, effective July 15, 2016. -- Created 1992 Ky. Acts ch. 299, sec. 13, effective July 14, 1992.