CHAPTER 43-52 INTERPRETERS

43-52-01. Definitions.

As used in this chapter, unless the context otherwise requires:

- 1. "Consumer" means an individual who is deaf, deaf-blind, speech-impaired, hard-of-hearing, or who requires special communication techniques in order to communicate.
- 2. "Interpreter" means an individual who engages in the practice of interpreting.
- 3. "Interpreting" means the translating or transliterating of English concepts to any necessary specialized vocabulary used by a consumer or translating of a consumer's specialized vocabulary to English concepts. Necessary specialized vocabularies include American sign language, English-based sign language, and oral interpreting.
- 4. "Nationally recognized certification" means certification granted by a national organization that is based on a skills assessment of the applicant. These organizations include the registry of interpreters for the deaf and the national association of the deaf.
- 5. "Video remote interpreting" is a process that allows an individual who is deaf or hard-of-hearing to communicate with a hearing individual at the same location through an interpreter displayed via videoconferencing equipment or through a television with a videophone.

43-52-02. Practice of interpreting.

An individual may not practice or represent as an interpreter for deaf, deaf-blind, speech-impaired, or hard-of-hearing individuals in the state unless the individual holds a valid nationally recognized certification. A person may not provide video remote interpreting services in this state unless the person is an individual who holds a valid nationally recognized certification.

43-52-03. Exceptions.

This chapter does not prevent or restrict:

- 1. A nonresident interpreter working in this state not more than nineteen days per year.
- 2. An interpreter working at a religious activity.
- 3. An interpreter working as a volunteer without compensation.
- 4. An interpreter working in an emergency. An emergency is a situation in which the consumer decides that the length of time needed to obtain a certified interpreter is likely to cause injury or loss to the consumer.
- 5. The activities and services of an interpreter intern or student-in-training enrolled in a program of study in interpreting at an accredited institution of higher learning; interpreting under the supervision of a certified interpreter as part of a supervised program; and identified as an interpreter intern or student-in-training.
- 6. An individual using sign language or a manual communication system as a means of communication with or on behalf of a family member, a deaf individual, a deaf-blind individual, a speech-impaired individual, or hard-of-hearing individual who has specifically requested that use by that individual.
- 7. A communication made as a reasonable accommodation for the employment of a deaf, deaf-blind, speech-impaired, or hard-of-hearing individual.
- 8. A communication with a deaf, deaf-blind, speech-impaired, or hard-of-hearing individual who could not communicate using American sign language or English-based sign language.
- 9. An individual working in an elementary or secondary school who has passed the educational interpreter performance assessment at a level of 3.5 or higher.
- 10. An individual who has successfully completed an accredited interpreter training program from interpreting without certification for a period of up to two years from the date of completion of the program if, during that period, the individual is mentored by a trained mentor who is either a certified interpreter or a deaf adult.

43-52-04. Penalty - Civil penalty.

Any person who violates this chapter is guilty of a class B misdemeanor. In addition to the criminal penalties provided, the civil remedy of injunction is available to restrain and enjoin a violation of this chapter without proof of actual damages sustained by any person.