

(c) If the captured vessel, or any part of the captured property, is not in condition to be sent in for adjudication, the commanding officer of the capturing vessel shall have a survey and an appraisal made by competent and impartial persons. The reports of the survey and the appraisal shall be sent to the court in which proceedings are to be had. Property so surveyed and appraised, unless appropriated for the use of the United States, shall be sold under authority of the commanding officer present. Proceeds of the sale shall be deposited with the Treasurer of the United States or in the public depository most accessible to the court in which proceedings are to be had and subject to its order in the cause. (Aug. 10, 1956, ch. 1041, 70A Stat. 476.)

HISTORICAL AND REVISION NOTES

<i>Revised section</i>	<i>Source (U.S. Code)</i>	<i>Source (Statutes at Large)</i>
7657	34 U.S.C. 1133.	R.S. 4615.

As does 34 U.S.C. 1133, the revised section reflects the Act of March 3, 1899, ch. 413, §13, 30 Stat. 1007, and the Act of May 29, 1920, ch. 214, §1, 41 Stat. 654, which, respectively, abolished the interest of captors in prize property and substituted "Treasurer of the United States or public depository" for "assistant treasurer of the United States".

§ 7658. Duties of prize master

The prize master shall take the captured vessel to the selected port. On arrival he shall—

- (1) deliver immediately to a prize commissioner the documents and papers and the inventory thereof;
- (2) make affidavit that the documents and papers and the inventory thereof and the prize property are the same and are in the same condition as delivered to him, or explaining any loss or absence or change in their condition;
- (3) report all information respecting the prize and her capture to the United States attorney;
- (4) deliver the persons sent as witnesses to the custody of the United States marshal; and
- (5) retain the prize in his custody until it is taken therefrom by process from the prize court.

(Aug. 10, 1956, ch. 1041, 70A Stat. 476.)

HISTORICAL AND REVISION NOTES

<i>Revised section</i>	<i>Source (U.S. Code)</i>	<i>Source (Statutes at Large)</i>
7658	34 U.S.C. 1134.	R.S. 4617.

The word "diligently" is omitted as surplusage.

§ 7659. Libel and proceedings by United States attorney

(a) Upon receiving the report of the prize master directed by section 7658 of this title, the United States attorney for the district shall promptly—

- (1) file a libel against the prize property;
- (2) obtain a warrant from the court directing the marshal to take custody of the prize property; and
- (3) proceed to obtain a condemnation of the property.

(b) In connection with the condemnation proceedings the United States attorney shall insure that the prize commissioners—

- (1) take proper preparatory evidence; and
- (2) take depositions de bene esse of the prize crew and of other transient persons who know any facts bearing on condemnation.

(Aug. 10, 1956, ch. 1041, 70A Stat. 477.)

HISTORICAL AND REVISION NOTES

<i>Revised section</i>	<i>Source (U.S. Code)</i>	<i>Source (Statutes at Large)</i>
7659	34 U.S.C. 1135.	R.S. 4618.

As does 34 U.S.C. 1135, the revised section reflects the Act of March 3, 1899, ch. 413, §13, 30 Stat. 1007, which repealed all laws authorizing distribution of prize proceeds to captors.

§ 7660. Duties of prize commissioners

One or more of the prize commissioners shall—

- (1) receive from the prize master the documents and papers of the captured vessel and the inventory thereof;
- (2) take the affidavit of the prize master required by section 7658 of this title;
- (3) take promptly, in the manner prescribed by section 7661 of this title, the testimony of the witnesses sent in;
- (4) take, at the request of the United States attorney, on interrogatories prescribed by the court, the depositions de bene esse of the prize crew and others;
- (5) examine and inventory the prize property;
- (6) apply to the court for an order to the marshal to unload the cargo, if this is necessary to that examination and inventory;
- (7) report to the court, and notify the United States attorney, whether any of the prize property requires immediate sale in the interest of all parties;
- (8) report to the court, from time to time, any matter relating to the condition, custody, or disposal of the prize property requiring action by the court;
- (9) return to the court sealed and secured from inspection—
 - (A) the documents and papers received, duly scheduled and numbered;
 - (B) the preparatory evidence;
 - (C) the evidence taken de bene esse; and
 - (D) their inventory of the prize property; and
- (10) report to the Secretary of the Navy, if, in their judgment, any of the prize property is useful to the United States in the prosecution of war.

(Aug. 10, 1956, ch. 1041, 70A Stat. 477.)

HISTORICAL AND REVISION NOTES

<i>Revised section</i>	<i>Source (U.S. Code)</i>	<i>Source (Statutes at Large)</i>
7660	34 U.S.C. 1138 (less applicability to procedure for interrogating witnesses).	R.S. 4622 (less applicability to procedure for interrogating witnesses).

The words "but the custody of the property shall be in the marshal only" are omitted as surplusage, since this fact is made clear in § 7662 of this title.