1978, 92 Stat. 1705; Pub. L. 97–351, \S 3, Oct. 18, 1982, 96 Stat. 1666; Pub. L. 103–272, \S 5(e)(2), July 5, 1994, 108 Stat. 1373; Pub. L. 103–322, title VI, \S 60003(a)(5), title XXXIII, \S 330006, Sept. 13, 1994, 108 Stat. 1969, 2142; Pub. L. 104–132, title VI, \S 721(c), Apr. 24, 1996, 110 Stat. 1298; Pub. L. 104–294, title VI, \S 601(g)(2), Oct. 11, 1996, 110 Stat. 3500.)

AMENDMENTS

 $1996\mbox{--Subsec.}$ (a). Pub. L. $104\mbox{--}294$ struck out ", except that" at end.

Subsec. (b)(7). Pub. L. 104-132, §721(c)(1), added par.

Subsec. (c). Pub. L. 104–132, \$721(c)(2), inserted first sentence and struck out former first sentence which read as follows: "If the victim of an offense under subsection (a) is an internationally protected person, the United States may exercise jurisdiction over the offense if the alleged offender is present within the United States, irrespective of the place where the offense was committed or the nationality of the victim or the alleged offender."

the alleged offender." 1994—Subsec. (a). Pub. L. 103–322, §330006, which directed the striking of ", and any such person who is found guilty of attempted murder shall be imprisoned for not more than twenty years" before period at end, was executed by striking text which did not include ", and", to reflect the probable intent of Congress and the prior amendment by Pub. L. 103–322, §60003(a)(5). See below.

Pub. L. 103–322, \$60003(a)(5), struck out "any such person who is found guilty of murder in the first degree shall be sentenced to imprisonment for life, and" after "title, except that".

Subsec. (c). Pub. L. 103–272 substituted "section 46501(2) of title 49" for "section 101(38) of the Federal Aviation Act of 1958, as amended (49 U.S.C. 1301(38))".

1982—Subsec. (b)(5). Pub. L. 97–351 inserted provision relating to a public organization created pursuant to treaty or other agreement under international law as an instrument through or by which two or more foreign governments engage in some aspect of their conduct of foreign affairs.

1978—Subsec. (c). Pub. L. 95–504 substituted reference to section 101(38) of the Federal Aviation Act of 1958 for reference to section 101(35) of such Act.

1977—Subsec. (c). Pub. L. 95–163 substituted reference to section 101(35) of the Federal Aviation Act of 1958 for reference to section 101(34) of such Act. 1976—Catchline. Pub. L. 94–467 substituted "official

1976—Catchline. Pub. L. 94-467 substituted "official guests, or internationally protected persons" for "or official guests".

official guests". Subsec. (a). Pub. L. 94–467 inserted reference to internationally protected persons, section 1113 of this title, and the punishment for a person convicted of attempted murder.

Subsec. (b). Pub. L. 94-467 designated existing provision, relating to definition of "foreign official" as par. (3)(A), (B), and added pars. (1), (2), (4), (5) and (6). Subsec. (c). Pub. L. 94-467 substituted provision per-

Subsec. (c). Pub. L. 94-467 substituted provision permitting the United States to exercise jurisdiction over an offense if the victim is an internationally protected person and the alleged offender is present within the United States for provision which defined "foreign government", "international organization", "family", and "official guest".

Subsec. (d). Pub. L. 94–467 added subsec. (d).

§1117. Conspiracy to murder

If two or more persons conspire to violate section 1111, 1114, 1116, or 1119 of this title, and one or more of such persons do any overt act to effect the object of the conspiracy, each shall be punished by imprisonment for any term of years or for life.

(Added Pub. L. 92-539, title I, §101, Oct. 24, 1972, 86 Stat. 1071; amended Pub. L. 103-322, title VI, §60009(b)(1), Sept. 13, 1994, 108 Stat. 1972.)

AMENDMENTS

1994—Pub. L. 103–322 substituted "1116, or 1119" for "or 1116".

§ 1118. Murder by a Federal prisoner

- (a) OFFENSE.—A person who, while confined in a Federal correctional institution under a sentence for a term of life imprisonment, commits the murder of another shall be punished by death or by life imprisonment.
 - (b) DEFINITIONS.—In this section—
 - "Federal correctional institution" means any Federal prison, Federal correctional facility, Federal community program center, or Federal halfway house.

"murder" means a first degree or second degree murder (as defined in section 1111).

"term of life imprisonment" means a sentence for the term of natural life, a sentence commuted to natural life, an indeterminate term of a minimum of at least fifteen years and a maximum of life, or an unexecuted sentence of death.

(Added Pub. L. 103–322, title VI, §60005(a), Sept. 13, 1994, 108 Stat. 1970.)

CODIFICATION

Another section 1118 was renumbered section 1122 of this title.

§1119. Foreign murder of United States nationals

- (a) DEFINITION.—In this section, "national of the United States" has the meaning stated in section 101(a)(22) of the Immigration and Nationality Act (8 U.S.C. 1101(a)(22)).
- (b) OFFENSE.—A person who, being a national of the United States, kills or attempts to kill a national of the United States while such national is outside the United States but within the jurisdiction of another country shall be punished as provided under sections 1111, 1112, and
- (c) LIMITATIONS ON PROSECUTION.—(1) No prosecution may be instituted against any person under this section except upon the written approval of the Attorney General, the Deputy Attorney General, or an Assistant Attorney General, which function of approving prosecutions may not be delegated. No prosecution shall be approved if prosecution has been previously undertaken by a foreign country for the same conduct.
- (2) No prosecution shall be approved under this section unless the Attorney General, in consultation with the Secretary of State, determines that the conduct took place in a country in which the person is no longer present, and the country lacks the ability to lawfully secure the person's return. A determination by the Attorney General under this paragraph is not subject to judicial review.

(Added Pub. L. 103-322, title VI, §60009(a), Sept. 13, 1994, 108 Stat. 1972.)

§ 1120. Murder by escaped prisoners

(a) DEFINITION.—In this section, "Federal correctional institution" and "term of life imprisonment" have the meanings stated in section

(b) OFFENSE AND PENALTY.—A person, having escaped from a Federal correctional institution where the person was confined under a sentence for a term of life imprisonment, kills another shall be punished as provided in sections 1111 and 1112.

(Added Pub. L. 103-322, title VI, §60012(a), Sept. 13, 1994, 108 Stat. 1973; amended Pub. L. 104-294, title VI, §601(c)(2), Oct. 11, 1996, 110 Stat. 3499.)

AMENDMENTS

 $1996\mathrm{-Subsecs.}$ (a), (b). Pub. L. $104\mathrm{-}294$ substituted "Federal correctional institution" for "Federal pris-

§1121. Killing persons aiding Federal investigations or State correctional officers

- (a) Whoever intentionally kills-
- (1) a State or local official, law enforcement officer, or other officer or employee while working with Federal law enforcement officials in furtherance of a Federal criminal investigation-
 - (A) while the victim is engaged in the performance of official duties;
 - (B) because of the performance of the victim's official duties: or
 - (C) because of the victim's status as a public servant; or
- (2) any person assisting a Federal criminal investigation, while that assistance is being rendered and because of it,

shall be sentenced according to the terms of section 1111, including by sentence of death or by imprisonment for life.

- (b)(1) Whoever, in a circumstance described in paragraph (3) of this subsection, while incarcerated, intentionally kills any State correctional officer engaged in, or on account of the performance of such officer's official duties, shall be sentenced to a term of imprisonment which shall not be less than 20 years, and may be sentenced to life imprisonment or death.
- (2) As used in this section, the term, "State correctional officer" includes any officer or employee of any prison, jail, or other detention facility, operated by, or under contract to, either a State or local governmental agency, whose job responsibilities include providing for the custody of incarcerated individuals.
- (3) The circumstance referred to in paragraph (1) is that-
 - (A) the correctional officer is engaged in transporting the incarcerated person inter-
 - (B) the incarcerated person is incarcerated pursuant to a conviction for an offense against the United States.
- (c) For the purposes of this section, the term "State" means a State of the United States, the District of Columbia, and any commonwealth, territory, or possession of the United States.

(Added Pub. L. 103-322, title VI, §60015(a), Sept. 13, 1994, 108 Stat. 1974; amended Pub. L. 104–294, title VI, §607(k), Oct. 11, 1996, 110 Stat. 3512.)

AMENDMENTS

1996—Subsec. (c). Pub. L. 104-294 added subsec. (c).

§1122. Protection against the human immunodeficiency virus

- (a) IN GENERAL.—Whoever, after testing positive for the Human Immunodeficiency Virus (HIV) and receiving actual notice of that fact, knowingly donates or sells, or knowingly attempts to donate or sell, blood, semen, tissues, organs, or other bodily fluids for use by another, except as determined necessary for medical research or testing, shall be fined or imprisoned in accordance with subsection (c).
- TRANSMISSION NOT REQUIRED.—Transmission of the Human Immunodeficiency Virus does not have to occur for a person to be convicted of a violation of this section.
- (c) PENALTY.—Any person convicted of violating the provisions of subsection (a) shall be subject to a fine under this title of not less than \$10,000, imprisoned for not less than 1 year nor more than 10 years, or both.

(Added Pub. L. 103-333, title V, §514, Sept. 30, 1994, 108 Stat. 2574, §1118; renumbered §1122 and amended Pub. L. 104-294, title VI, §601(a)(5), Oct. 11, 1996, 110 Stat. 3498.)

AMENDMENTS

1996—Pub. L. 104-294, §601(a)(5)(A), renumbered section 1118, relating to protection against human immunodeficiency virus, as this section.

Subsec. (c). Pub. L. 104-294, §601(a)(5)(B), inserted "under this title" after "fine" and struck out "nor more than \$20,000" after "\$10,000".

CHAPTER 53—INDIANS

DOC.			
1151	Indian	country	defined

1152 Laws governing.

1153. Offenses committed within Indian country.

1154 Intoxicants dispensed in Indian country.

1155. Intoxicants dispensed on school site.

1156. Intoxicants possessed unlawfully.

[1157. Repealed.]

Sec

1158. Counterfeiting Indian Arts and Crafts Board trade mark.

1159. Misrepresentation of Indian produced goods and products.

Property damaged in committing offense. 1160.

Application of Indian liquor laws. 1161.

1162. State jurisdiction over offenses committed by or against Indians in the Indian country.

1163. Embezzlement and theft from Indian tribal organizations. 1164.

Destroying boundary and warning signs.

1165. Hunting, trapping, or fishing on Indian land.

1166. Gambling in Indian country.

Theft from gaming establishments on Indian 1167. lands.

1168. Theft by officers or employees of gaming establishments on Indian lands.

1169. Reporting of child abuse.

1170. Illegal trafficking in Native American human remains and cultural items.

AMENDMENTS

1996—Pub. L. 104-294, title VI, §604(b)(26), Oct. 11, 1996, 110 Stat. 3508, directed that item 1169 be transferred to appear after item 1168.

Pub. L. 104-294, title VI, §604(b)(25), Oct. 11, 1996, 110 Stat. 3508, amended directory language of Pub. L. 103-322, §330011(d), which amended Pub. L. 101-630, §404(a)(2). See 1990 Amendment note below.

1994—Pub. L. 103–322, title XXXIII, 330010(5), Sept. 13, 1994, 108 Stat. 2143, substituted "Illegal trafficking in Native American human remains and cultural items'