- (1) the then current Harmonized Tariff Schedule;
- (2) statistical annotations and related statistical information formulated under section 1484(f) of this title; and
- (3) such other matters as the Commission considers to be necessary or appropriate to carry out the purposes enumerated in the Preamble to the Convention.

(Pub. L. 100–418, title I, §1207, Aug. 23, 1988, 102 Stat. 1151; Pub. L. 104–295, §21(e)(10), Oct. 11, 1996, 110 Stat. 3531.)

#### REFERENCES IN TEXT

The Harmonized Tariff Schedule, referred to in subsecs. (a) and (b)(1), is not set out in the Code. See Publication of Harmonized Tariff Schedule note set out under section 1202 of this title.

## AMENDMENTS

1996—Subsec. (b)(2). Pub. L. 104–295 substituted "1484(f)" for "1484(e)".

### § 3008. Import and export statistics

The Secretary of Commerce shall compile, and make publicly available, the import and export trade statistics of the United States. Such statistics shall be conformed to the nomenclature of the Convention.

(Pub. L. 100–418, title I, §1208, Aug. 23, 1988, 102 Stat. 1152.)

# § 3009. Coordination of trade policy and Convention

The United States Trade Representative is responsible for coordination of United States trade policy in relation to the Convention. Before formulating any United States position with respect to the Convention, including any proposed amendments thereto, the United States Trade Representative shall seek, and consider, information and advice from interested parties in the private sector (including a functional advisory committee) and from interested Federal agencies.

(Pub. L. 100–418, title I, 1209 Aug. 23, 1988, 102 Stat. 1152.)

### § 3010. United States participation on Customs Cooperation Council regarding Convention

### (a) Principal United States agencies

- (1) Subject to the policy direction of the Office of the United States Trade Representative under section 3009 of this title, the Department of the Treasury, the Department of Commerce, and the Commission shall, with respect to the activities of the Customs Cooperation Council relating to the Convention—
  - (A) be primarily responsible for formulating United States Government positions on technical and procedural issues; and
    - (B) represent the United States Government.
- (2) The Department of Agriculture and other interested Federal agencies shall provide to the Department of the Treasury, the Department of Commerce, and the Commission technical advice and assistance relating to the functions referred to in paragraph (1).

### (b) Development of technical proposals

- (1) In connection with responsibilities arising from the implementation of the Convention and under section 1484(f) of this title regarding United States programs for the development of adequate and comparable statistical information on merchandise trade, the Secretary of the Treasury, the Secretary of Commerce, and the Commission shall prepare technical proposals that are appropriate or required to assure that the United States contribution to the development of the Convention recognizes the needs of the United States business community for a Convention which reflects sound principles of commodity identification, modern producing methods, and current trading patterns and practices
- (2) In carrying out this subsection, the Secretary of the Treasury, the Secretary of Commerce, and the Commission shall—
  - (A) solicit and consider the views of interested parties in the private sector (including a functional advisory committee) and of interested Federal agencies;
  - (B) establish procedures for reviewing, and developing appropriate responses to, inquiries and complaints from interested parties concerning articles produced in and exported from the United States; and
  - (C) where appropriate, establish procedures for—
    - (i) ensuring that the dispute settlement provisions and other relevant procedures available under the Convention are utilized to promote United States export interests, and
    - (ii) submitting classification questions to the Harmonized System Committee of the Customs Cooperation Council.

# (c) Availability of Customs Cooperation Council publications

As soon as practicable after August 23, 1988, and periodically thereafter as appropriate, the Commission shall see to the publication of—

- (1) summary records of the Harmonized System Committee of the Customs Cooperation Council; and
- (2) subject to applicable copyright laws, the Explanatory Notes, Classification Opinions, and other instruments of the Customs Cooperation Council relating to the Convention.

(Pub. L. 100–418, title I, §1210, Aug. 23, 1988, 102 Stat. 1152; Pub. L. 104–295, §21(e)(10), Oct. 11, 1996, 110 Stat. 3531.)

### AMENDMENTS

1996—Subsec. (b)(1). Pub. L. 104–295 substituted "1484(f)" for "1484(e)".

# $\S 3011$ . Transition to Harmonized Tariff Schedule

### (a) Existing executive actions

(1) The appropriate officers of the United States Government shall take whatever actions are necessary to conform, to the fullest extent practicable, with the tariff classification system of the Harmonized Tariff Schedule all proclamations, regulations, rulings, notices, findings, determinations, orders, recommendations, and other written actions that—

- $\left(A\right)$  are in effect on the day before January 1, 1989; and
- (B) contain references to the tariff classification of articles under the old Schedules.
- (2) Neither the repeal of the old Schedules, nor the failure of any officer of the United States Government to make the conforming changes required under paragraph (1), shall affect to any extent the validity or effect of the proclamation, regulation, ruling, notice, finding, determination, order, recommendation, or other action referred to in paragraph (1).

# (b) Generalized System of Preferences conversion

- (1) The review of the proposed conversion of the Generalized System of Preferences program to the Convention tariff nomenclature, initiated by the Office of the United States Trade Representative by notice published in the Federal Register on December 8, 1986 (at page 44,163 of volume 51 thereof), shall be treated as satisfying the requirements of sections 2463(a) and 2464(c)(3) of this title (as in effect on July 31, 1995).
- (2) In applying section 2464(c)(1) of this title (as in effect on July 31, 1995) for calendar year 1989, the reference in such section to July 1 shall be treated as a reference to September 1.

# (c) Import restrictions under Agricultural Adjustment Act

- (1) Whenever the President determines that the conversion of an import restriction proclaimed under section 22 of the Agricultural Adjustment Act (7 U.S.C. 624) from part 3 of the Appendix to the old Schedules to subchapter IV of chapter 99 of the Harmonized Tariff Schedule results in—
- (A) an article that was previously subject to the restriction being excluded from the restriction; or
- (B) an article not previously subject to the restriction being included within the restriction:

the President may proclaim changes in subchapter IV of chapter 99 of the Harmonized Tariff Schedule to conform that subchapter to the fullest extent possible to part 3 of the Appendix to the old Schedules.

- (2) Whenever the President determines that the conversion from headnote 2 of subpart A of part 10 of schedule 1 of the old Schedules to Additional U.S. Note 2, chapter 17, of the Harmonized Tariff Schedule results in—
  - (A) an article that was previously covered by such headnote being excluded from coverage;
  - (B) an article not previously covered by such headnote being included in coverage;

the President may proclaim changes in Additional U.S. Note 2, chapter 17 of the Harmonized Tariff Schedule to conform that note to the fullest extent possible to headnote 2 of subpart A of part 10 of schedule 1 of the old Schedules.

(3) No change to the Harmonized Tariff Schedule may be proclaimed under paragraph (1) or (2) after June 30, 1990.

# (d) Certain protests and petitions under customs law

(1)(A) This chapter may not be considered to divest the courts of jurisdiction over—

- (i) any protest filed under section 1514 of this title; or
- (ii) any petition by an American manufacturer, producer, or wholesaler under section 1516 of this title;

covering articles entered before January 1, 1989.

- (B) Nothing in this chapter shall affect the jurisdiction of the courts with respect to articles entered after January 1, 1989.
- (2)(A) If any protest or petition referred to in paragraph (1)(A) is sustained in whole or in part by a final judicial decision, the entries subject to that protest or petition and made before January 1, 1989, shall be liquidated or reliquidated, as appropriate, in accordance with such final judicial decision under the old Schedules.
- (B) At the earliest practicable date after January 1, 1989, the Commission shall initiate an investigation under section 1332 of this title of those final judicial decisions referred to in subparagraph (A) that—
- (i) are published during the 2-year period beginning on February 1, 1988; and
- (ii) would have affected tariff treatment if they had been published during the period of the conversion of the old Schedules into the format of the Convention.

No later than September 1, 1990, the Commission shall report the results of the investigation to the President, the Committee on Ways and Means, and the Committee on Finance, and shall recommend those changes to the Harmonized Tariff Schedule that the Commission would have recommended if the final decisions concerned had been made before the conversion into the format of the Convention occurred.

- (3) The President shall review all changes recommended by the Commission under paragraph (2)(B) and shall, as soon as practicable, proclaim such of those changes, if any, which he decides are necessary or appropriate to conform such Schedule to the final judicial decisions. Any such change shall be effective with respect to—
  - (A) entries made on or after the date of such proclamation; and
  - (B) entries made on or after January 1, 1989, if, notwithstanding section 1514 of this title, application for liquidation or reliquidation thereof is made by the importer to the customs officer concerned within 180 days after the effective date of such proclamation.
- (4) If any protest or petition referred to in paragraph (1)(A) is not sustained in whole or in part by a final judicial decision, the entries subject to that petition or protest and made before January 1, 1989, shall be liquidated or reliquidated, as appropriate, in accordance with the final judicial decision under the old Schedules.

(Pub. L. 100–418, title I, §1211, Aug. 23, 1988, 102 Stat. 1153; Pub. L. 104–188, title I, §1954(a)(1), Aug. 20, 1996, 110 Stat. 1927.)

### References in Text

The Harmonized Tariff Schedule, referred to in subsecs. (a)(1), (c), and (d)(2)(B), (3), is not set out in the Code. See Publication of Harmonized Tariff Schedule note set out under section 1202 of this title

This chapter, referred to in subsec. (d)(1), was in the original "this subtitle", meaning subtitle B (§§ 1201–1217) of title I of Pub. L. 100–418, which is classi-

fied principally to this chapter. For complete classification of this subtitle to the Code, see References in Text note set out under section 3001 of this title and Tables.

#### AMENDMENTS

1996—Subsec. (b)(1). Pub. L. 104–188, \$1954(a)(1), inserted "(as in effect on July 31, 1995)" after "of this title".

Subsec. (b)(2). Pub. L. 104-188, §1954(a)(2), inserted "(as in effect on July 31, 1995)" after "of this title".

#### EFFECTIVE DATE OF 1996 AMENDMENT

Amendment by Pub. L. 104–188 applicable to articles entered on or after Oct. 1, 1996, with provisions relating to retroactive application, see section 1953 of Pub. L. 104–188, set out as an Effective Date note under section 2461 of this title.

#### EFFECTIVE DATE

Section effective Jan. 1, 1989, see section 1217(b)(2) of Pub. L.  $100{\text -}418$ , set out as a note under section 3001 of this title.

#### § 3012. Reference to Harmonized Tariff Schedule

Any reference in any law to the "Tariff Schedules of the United States", "the Tariff Schedules", "such Schedules", and any other general reference that clearly refers to the old Schedules shall be treated as a reference to the Harmonized Tariff Schedule.

(Pub. L. 100–418, title I, 1212, Aug. 23, 1988, 102 Stat. 1155.)

### REFERENCES IN TEXT

The Harmonized Tariff Schedule, referred to in text, is not set out in the Code. See Publication of Harmonized Tariff Schedule note set out under section 1202 of this title.

#### EFFECTIVE DATE

Section effective Jan. 1, 1989, see section 1217(b)(2) of Pub. L. 100-418, set out as a note under section 3001 of this title

# CHAPTER 19—TELECOMMUNICATIONS TRADE

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# § 3101. Findings and purposes

### (a) Findings

The Congress finds that—

- (1) rapid growth in the world market for telecommunications products and services is likely to continue for several decades;
- (2) the United States can improve prospects for—
  - (A) the growth of—
  - (i) United States exports of telecommunications products and services, and

- (ii) export-related employment and consumer services in the United States, and
- (B) the continuance of the technological leadership of the United States,

by undertaking a program to achieve an open world market for trade in telecommunications products, services, and investment;

- (3) most foreign markets for telecommunications products, services, and investment are characterized by extensive government intervention (including restrictive import practices and discriminatory procurement practices) which adversely affect United States exports of telecommunications products and services and United States investment in telecommunications;
- (4) the open nature of the United States telecommunications market, accruing from the liberalization and restructuring of such market, has contributed, and will continue to contribute, to an increase in imports of telecommunications products and a growing imbalance in competitive opportunities for trade in telecommunications;
- (5) unless this imbalance is corrected through the achievement of mutually advantageous market opportunities for trade in telecommunications products and services between the United States and foreign countries, the United States should avoid granting continued open access to the telecommunications products and services of such foreign countries in the United States market; and
- (6) the unique business conditions in the worldwide market for telecommunications products and services caused by the combination of deregulation and divestiture in the United States, which represents a unilateral liberalization of United States trade with the rest of the world, and continuing government intervention in the domestic industries of many other countries create a need to make an exception in the case of telecommunications products and services that should not necessarily be a precedent for legislating specific sectoral priorities in combating the closed markets or unfair foreign trade practices of other countries.

### (b) Purposes

The purposes of this chapter are—

- (1) to foster the economic and technological growth of, and employment in, the United States telecommunications industry;
- (2) to secure a high quality telecommunications network for the benefit of the people of the United States;
- (3) to develop an international consensus in favor of open trade and competition in telecommunications products and services;
- (4) to ensure that countries which have made commitments to open telecommunications trade fully abide by those commitments; and
- (5) to achieve a more open world trading system for telecommunications products and services through negotiation and provision of mutually advantageous market opportunities for United States telecommunications exporters and their subsidiaries in those markets in which barriers exist to free international trade.