

and a foreign country pursuant to which the head of an agency of the United States Government has waived the requirements of the Buy American Act with respect to certain products produced in the foreign country.

(c) Report to Congress

The Mayor shall submit to Congress a report on the amount of purchases from foreign entities under this subchapter from foreign entities in fiscal years 1992 and 1993. Such report shall separately indicate the dollar value of items for which the Buy American Act was waived pursuant to any agreement described in subsection (a)(2) of this section, the Trade Agreement Act of 1979 (19 U.S.C. 2501 et seq.), or any international agreement to which the United States is a party.

(d) “Buy American Act” defined

For purposes of this section, the term “Buy American Act” means title III of the Act entitled “An Act making appropriations for the Treasury and Post Office Departments for the fiscal year ending June 30, 1934, and for other purposes”, approved March 3, 1933 (41 U.S.C. 10a et seq.).²

(e) Restrictions on contract awards

No contract or subcontract made with funds authorized under this subchapter² may be awarded for the procurement of an article, material, or supply produced or manufactured in a foreign country whose government unfairly maintains in government procurement a significant and persistent pattern or practice of discrimination against United States products or services which results in identifiable harm to United States businesses, as identified by the President pursuant to³ (g)(1)(A) of section 305 of the Trade Agreements Act of 1979 (19 U.S.C. 2515(g)(1)(A)). Any such determination shall be made in accordance with section 305.

(f) Prohibition against fraudulent use of “Made in America” labels

If it has been finally determined by a court or Federal agency that any person intentionally affixed a label bearing a “Made in America” inscription, or any inscription with the same meaning, to any product sold in or shipped to the United States that is not made in the United States, that person shall be ineligible to receive any contract or subcontract under this subchapter, pursuant to the debarment, suspension, and ineligibility procedures in subpart 9.4 of chapter 1 of title 48, Code of Federal Regulations.

(Pub. L. 98-621, §11, as added Pub. L. 102-150, §4(2), Oct. 31, 1991, 105 Stat. 981.)

REFERENCES IN TEXT

Title III of the Act entitled “An Act making appropriations for the Treasury and Post Office Departments for the fiscal year ending June 30, 1934, and for other purposes”, approved March 3, 1933, referred to in subsec. (d), is title III of act Mar. 3, 1933, ch. 212, 47 Stat. 1520, known as the Buy American Act, which was classified generally to sections 10a, 10b, and 10c of former Title 41, Public Contracts, and was substantially re-

pealed and restated in chapter 83 (§8301 et seq.) of Title 41, Public Contracts, by Pub. L. 111-350, §§3, 7(b), Jan. 4, 2011, 124 Stat. 3677, 3855. For complete classification of title III to the Code, see Short Title of 1933 Act note set out under section 101 of Title 41 and Tables. For disposition of sections of former Title 41, see Disposition Table preceding section 101 of Title 41.

The Trade Agreement Act of 1979, referred to in subsec. (c), probably means the Trade Agreements Act of 1979, Pub. L. 96-39, July 26, 1979, 93 Stat. 144, as amended. For complete classification of this Act to the Code, see References in Text note set out under section 2501 of Title 19, Customs Duties, and Tables.

This subchapter, referred to in subsec. (e), was in the original “this title” and was translated as reading “this Act”, meaning Pub. L. 98-621, which is classified principally to this subchapter, to reflect the probable intent of Congress, because Pub. L. 98-621 does not contain titles.

CHAPTER 5—COLUMBIA INSTITUTION FOR THE DEAF

§§ 231 to 250. Omitted

CODIFICATION

Sections 231 to 250, relating to Columbia Institution for the Deaf, were transferred to sections 31-1001 to 31-1020 of the District of Columbia Code and subsequently repealed by acts Aug. 6, 1946, ch. 770, §1(61), 60 Stat. 871; June 18, 1954, ch. 324, §9, 68 Stat. 267; Dec. 24, 1970, Pub. L. 91-587, §5, 84 Stat. 1579. The Columbia Institution for the Deaf was redesignated Gallaudet College by act June 18, 1954, and thereafter redesignated Gallaudet University by Pub. L. 99-371, title I, §101(a), Aug. 4, 1986, 100 Stat. 781, which is classified to subchapter I (§4301 et seq.) of chapter 55 of Title 20, Education.

CHAPTER 6—FREEDMEN'S HOSPITAL

§§ 261 to 264. Omitted

CODIFICATION

Sections 261 to 264 related to Freedmen's Hospital in the District of Columbia, and were also set out as sections 32-317 to 32-320 of the District of Columbia Code. Freedmen's Hospital was transferred to Howard University by Pub. L. 87-262, Sept. 21, 1961, 75 Stat. 542 (20 U.S.C. 124-129), section 7 of which repealed all laws specifically applicable to Freedmen's Hospital effective with the transfer. Sections 32-317 to 32-320 were omitted from the 1981 edition of the District of Columbia Code.

Section 261, R.S. §2038; act June 23, 1874, ch. 455, 18 Stat. 223, related to direction of and expenditures for Freedmen's Hospital.

Section 262, acts June 26, 1912, ch. 182, §1, 37 Stat. 172; May 29, 1928, ch. 901, §1(78), 45 Stat. 992, related to admission of patients to Freedmen's Hospital, charges, and disposition of money collected.

Section 263, acts Mar. 3, 1905, ch. 1483, 33 Stat. 1190, Mar. 16, 1926, ch. 58, 44 Stat. 208, related to authority to contract for the care and treatment of persons from the District admitted to Freedmen's Hospital.

Section 264, act July 1, 1916, ch. 209, 39 Stat. 311, related to disposition of unclaimed money left at Freedmen's Hospital by deceased patients.

CHAPTER 7—NATIONAL CEMETERIES

Sec.

271 to 295. Repealed or Omitted.

295a. Arlington Memorial Amphitheater.

296. Repealed.

TRANSFER OF FUNCTIONS

Section 2 of Ex. Ord. No. 6166, June 10, 1933, as amended by Ex. Ord. No. 6229, July 27, 1934; Ex. Ord. No. 6614,

² See References in Text note below.

³ So in original. Probably should be followed by “subsection”.

Feb. 26, 1934; Ex. Ord. No. 6690, Apr. 25, 1934, set out as a note to section 901 of Title 5, Government Organization and Employees, transferred all functions of administrator of certain historical national cemeteries located within the continental limits of the United States, including certain cemeteries administered by the War Department to the Director of National Parks, Buildings, and Reservations in the Department of the Interior.

By Ex. Ord. No. 6228, July 28, 1933, also set out as a note to section 901 of Title 5, the operation of Executive Order No. 6166 as to the transfer of the specified national cemeteries was postponed until further order, except with regard to the following cemeteries located within the continental limits of the United States:

NATIONAL MILITARY PARKS

Chickamauga and Chattanooga National Military Park, Georgia and Tennessee.
 Fort Donelson National Military Park, Tennessee.
 Fredericksburg and Spotsylvania County Battle Fields, Memorial, Virginia.
 Gettysburg National Military Park, Pennsylvania.
 Guilford Courthouse National Military Park, North Carolina.
 Kings Mountain National Military Park, South Carolina.
 Moores Creek National Military Park, North Carolina.
 Petersburg National Military Park, Virginia.
 Shiloh National Military Park, Tennessee.
 Stones River National Military Park, Tennessee.
 Vicksburg National Military Park, Mississippi.

NATIONAL PARKS

Abraham Lincoln National Park (now Abraham Lincoln Birthplace National Historical Park), Kentucky.
 Fort McHenry National Park, Maryland.

BATTLEFIELD SITES

Antietam Battlefield, Maryland.
 Appomattox, Virginia.
 Brices Cross Roads, Mississippi.
 Chalmette Monument and Grounds, Louisiana.
 Cowpens, South Carolina.
 Fort Necessity, Wharton County, Pennsylvania.
 Kenesaw Mountain, Georgia.
 Monocacy, Maryland.
 Tupelo, Mississippi.
 White Plains, New York.

NATIONAL MONUMENTS

Big Hole Battlefield, Beaverhead County, Montana.
 Cabrillo Monument, Ft. Rosecrans, California.
 Castle Pinckney, Charleston, South Carolina.
 Father Millet Cross, Fort Niagara, New York.
 Fort Marion, St. Augustine, Florida.
 Fort Matanzas, Florida.
 Fort Pulaski, Georgia.
 Meriwether Lewis, Hardin County, Tennessee.
 Mound City Group, Chillicothe, Ohio.
 Statue of Liberty, Fort Wood, New York.

MISCELLANEOUS MEMORIALS

Camp Blount Tablets, Lincoln County, Tennessee.
 Kill Devil Hill Monument, Kitty Hawk, North Carolina.
 New Echota Marker, Georgia.
 Lee Mansion, Arlington National Cemetery, Virginia.

NATIONAL CEMETERIES

Battleground, District of Columbia.
 Antietam, (Sharpsburg) Maryland.
 Vicksburg, Mississippi.
 Gettysburg, Pennsylvania.
 Chattanooga, Tennessee.
 Fort Donelson, (Dover) Tennessee.
 Shiloh, (Pittsburg Landing) Tennessee.
 Stones River, (Murfreesboro) Tennessee.
 Fredericksburg, Virginia.

Poplar Grove, (Petersburg) Virginia.
 Yorktown, Virginia.

CHANGE OF NAME

Director of National Parks, Buildings and Reservations renamed Director of National Park Service by act Mar. 2, 1934, ch. 38, 48 Stat. 362.

NATIONAL CEMETERIES IN FOREIGN COUNTRIES

The functions of administration pertaining to national cemeteries located in foreign countries, which were transferred to the Department of State, were revoked and the functions of administration pertaining to national cemeteries and memorials located in Europe, together with personnel, records, etc. were transferred to the American Battle Monuments Commission by Ex. Ord. No. 6614, Apr. 25, 1934, set out as a note under section 901 of Title 5, Government Organization and Employees.

§§ 271 to 276. Repealed. Pub. L. 93-43, § 7(a)(1)-(3), (61), June 18, 1973, 87 Stat. 82, 88

Section 271, R.S. § 4870, provided for manner of acquisition of lands.

Section 271a, act June 29, 1938, ch. 808, 52 Stat. 1233, related to State donations of land.

Section 272, R.S. § 4871; act Mar. 3, 1911, ch. 231, § 291, 36 Stat. 1167, provided for appraisalment of real estate.

Section 273, R.S. § 4872, provided for payment of appraised value.

Section 274, R.S. § 4873, provided for superintendents of cemeteries.

Section 275, acts Mar. 24, 1948, ch. 143, § 1, 62 Stat. 84; Aug. 30, 1961, Pub. L. 87-178, 75 Stat. 411, provided for selection of superintendents.

Section 276, R.S. § 4875; act July 30, 1912, ch. 258, 37 Stat. 240, provided for fuel and quarters for superintendents.

Subject matter is generally covered by section 2400 et seq. of Title 38, Veterans' Benefits. See sections 2404 and 2406 of Title 38.

EFFECTIVE DATE OF REPEAL

Repeal effective Sept. 1, 1973, or such earlier date as the President may prescribe and publish in the Federal Register, see section 10(c) of Pub. L. 93-43, set out as a note under section 2306 of Title 38, Veterans' Benefits.

SUPERINTENDENTS OF NATIONAL CEMETERIES UNDER THE JURISDICTION OF THE SECRETARY OF THE ARMY

Pub. L. 97-306, title IV, § 405, Oct. 14, 1982, 96 Stat. 1443, provided that: "Notwithstanding section 7(b)(2) of the National Cemeteries Act of 1973 (87 Stat. 88) [section 7 of Pub. L. 93-43 set out below], the provisions of the Act entitled "An Act to provide for selection of superintendents of national cemeteries from meritorious and trustworthy members of the Armed Forces who have been disabled in the line of duty for active field service", approved March 24, 1948 [Act Mar. 24, 1948, ch. 143, 62 Stat. 84, which enacted former section 275 of this title], as in effect on the day before the effective date of section 7 of the National Cemeteries Act of 1973 [see section 10(c) of Pub. L. 93-43 set out as a note under section 2306 of Title 38, Veterans' Benefits], shall not apply with respect to the appointment of the superintendent of a national cemetery under the jurisdiction of the Secretary of the Army."

MATURED RIGHTS AND DUTIES, INCURRED PENALTIES, LIABILITIES, AND FORFEITURES, AND COMMENCED PROCEEDINGS EXCEPTED IN REPEAL OF NATIONAL CEMETERIES PROVISIONS

Section 7(a) of Pub. L. 93-43 provided in part that sections 271 to 276, 278 to 279d, 281 to 282, 286 to 290, and 296 of this title are repealed, except with respect to rights and duties that matured, penalties, liabilities, and forfeitures that were incurred, and proceedings that were begun before effective date of such section 7.