§ 151706. Principal office

The principal office of the corporation shall be in the District of Columbia, or another place as determined by the board of directors. However, the corporation may conduct business throughout the States, territories, and possessions of the United States

(Pub. L. 105–225, Aug. 12, 1998, 112 Stat. 1406; Pub. L. 109–9, title III, §312(c), Apr. 27, 2005, 119 Stat. 226.)

HISTORICAL AND REVISION NOTES

Revised Section	Source (U.S. Code)	Source (Statutes at Large)
151706	36:5703(a)(2), (3).	Oct. 11, 1996, Pub. L. 104–285, title II, §204(a)(2), (3), 110 Stat. 3384.

This section is substituted for the source provisions for consistency in the revised title.

AMENDMENTS

2005—Pub. L. 109-9 inserted ", or another place as determined by the board of directors" after "District of Columbia".

§ 151707. Provision and acceptance of support by Librarian of Congress

- (a) Provision by Librarian.—(1) The Librarian of Congress may provide personnel, facilities, and other administrative services to the corporation. Administrative services may include reimbursement of expenses under section 151703(f) of this title, at rates not exceeding the applicable per diem rates for the United States Government.
- (2) The corporation shall reimburse the Librarian for support provided under paragraph (1) of this subsection. Amounts reimbursed shall be deposited in the Treasury to the credit of the appropriations then current and chargeable for the cost of providing the support.
- (b) ACCEPTANCE BY LIBRARIAN.—The Librarian may accept, without regard to chapters 33 and 51 and subchapter III of chapter 53 of title 5 and related regulations, the services of the corporation and its directors, officers, and employees as volunteers in performing functions authorized under this chapter, without compensation from the Library of Congress.

(Pub. L. 105-225, Aug. 12, 1998, 112 Stat. 1406.)

HISTORICAL AND REVISION NOTES

Revised Section	Source (U.S. Code)	Source (Statutes at Large)
151707(a)	36:5704.	Oct. 11, 1996, Pub. L. 104–285, title II, §§ 205, 206, 110
151707(b)	36:5705.	Stat. 3385.

In subsection (b), the words "chapters 33 and 51 and subchapter III of chapter 53 of title 5 and related regulations" are substituted for "the civil service classification laws, rules, or regulations" for consistency in the revised title and with other titles of the United States Code.

$\S\,151708.$ Service of process

The corporation shall have a designated agent to receive service of process for the corporation. Notice to or service on the agent, or mailed to the business address of the agent, is notice to or service on the corporation.

(Pub. L. 105-225, Aug. 12, 1998, 112 Stat. 1406.)

HISTORICAL AND REVISION NOTES

Revised Section	Source (U.S. Code)	Source (Statutes at Large)
151708	36:5703(a)(4), (a) (last par.).	Oct. 11, 1996, Pub. L. 104–285, title II, §204(a)(4), (a) (last par.), 110 Stat. 3384.

The words "at all times" are omitted as unnecessary. The word "have" is substituted for "maintain", the words "to receive" are substituted for "authorized to accept", and the words "is notice to or service on" are substituted for "shall be deemed as service upon or notice to", for consistency in the revised title.

§ 151709. Civil action by Attorney General for equitable relief

The Attorney General may bring a civil action in the United States District Court for the District of Columbia for appropriate equitable relief if the corporation—

- (1) engages or threatens to engage in any act, practice, or policy that is inconsistent with the purposes in section 151702 of this title: or
- (2) refuses, fails, or neglects to carry out its obligations under this chapter or threatens to

(Pub. L. 105–225, Aug. 12, 1998, 112 Stat. 1407.)

HISTORICAL AND REVISION NOTES

Revised Section	Source (U.S. Code)	Source (Statutes at Large)
151709	36:5706(c).	Oct. 11, 1996, Pub. L. 104–285, title II, §207(c), 110 Stat. 3385.

Before clause (1), the words "bring a civil action" are substituted for "file a petition" for consistency in the revised title and with other titles of the United States Code. The words "appropriate equitable relief" are substituted for "such equitable relief as may be necessary or appropriate" to eliminate unnecessary words.

§151710. Immunity of United States Government

The United States Government is not liable for any debts, defaults, acts, or omissions of the corporation. The full faith and credit of the Government does not extend to any obligation of the corporation.

(Pub. L. 105-225, Aug. 12, 1998, 112 Stat. 1407.)

HISTORICAL AND REVISION NOTES

Revised Section	Source (U.S. Code)	Source (Statutes at Large)
151710	36:5707.	Oct. 11, 1996, Pub. L. 104–285, title II, §208, 110 Stat. 3386.

§ 151711. Authorization of appropriations

- (a) AUTHORIZATION OF APPROPRIATIONS.—
- (1) IN GENERAL.—There are authorized to be appropriated to the Library of Congress amounts necessary to carry out this chapter, not to exceed—
 - (A) \$530,000 for each of the fiscal years 2005 through 2009;

Sec.

- (B) \$750,000 for each of the fiscal years 2010 through 2011; and
- (C) \$1,000,000 for each of the fiscal years 2012 through 2016.
- (2) MATCHING.—The amounts authorized to be appropriated under this subsection are to be made available to the corporation to match any private contributions (whether in currency, services, or property) made to the corporation by private persons and State and local governments.
- (b) LIMITATION RELATED TO ADMINISTRATIVE EXPENSES.—Amounts authorized under this section may not be used by the corporation for management and general or fundraising expenses as reported to the Internal Revenue Service as part of an annual information return required under the Internal Revenue Code of 1986.

(Pub. L. 105–225, Aug. 12, 1998, 112 Stat. 1407; Pub. L. 108–447, div. G, title I, §1205(b), Dec. 8, 2004, 118 Stat. 3189; Pub. L. 109–9, title III, §312(d), Apr. 27, 2005, 119 Stat. 226; Pub. L. 110–336, §3(b)(1), Oct. 2, 2008, 122 Stat. 3728.)

HISTORICAL AND REVISION NOTES

Revised Section	Source (U.S. Code)	Source (Statutes at Large)
151711	36:5708.	Oct. 11, 1996, Pub. L. 104–285, title II, §209, 110 Stat. 3386.

REFERENCES IN TEXT

The Internal Revenue Code of 1986, referred to in subsec. (b), is classified generally to Title 26, Internal Revenue Code

AMENDMENTS

2008—Subsec. (a). Pub. L. 110–336, which directed that subsec. (a) be "amended to read as follows: by inserting after the first sentence the following:" and then set out subsec. (a) designation and heading and pars. (1) and (2), was executed by substituting the new subsec. (a) designation, heading, and pars. for the existing subsec. (a) to reflect the probable intent of Congress. Prior to amendment, text read as follows: "There are authorized to be appropriated to the Library of Congress amounts necessary to carry out this chapter, not to exceed \$530,000 for each of the fiscal years 2005 through 2009. These amounts are to be made available to the corporation to match any private contributions (whether in currency, services, or property) made to the corporation by private persons and State and local governments."

2005—Pub. L. 109–9 added subsecs. (a) and (b) and struck out former subsecs. (a) and (b) which read as follows:

"(a) AUTHORIZATION.—There are authorized to be appropriated to the Library of Congress amounts necessary to carry out this chapter, not to exceed \$250,000 for each of the fiscal years ending September 30, 2000–2005. These amounts are to be made available to the corporation to match private contributions (whether in currency, services, or property) made to the corporation by private persons and State and local governments.

"(b) LIMITATION RELATED TO ADMINISTRATIVE EX-PENSES.—Amounts authorized under this section may not be used by the corporation for administrative expenses of the corporation, including salaries, travel, transportation, and overhead expenses."

2004 — Subsec. (a). Pub. L. 108–447 substituted "2005" for "2003".

§ 151712. Annual report

As soon as practicable after the end of each fiscal year, the corporation shall submit a report to Congress on the activities of the corporation during the prior fiscal year, including a complete statement of its receipts, expenditures, and investments.

(Pub. L. 105-225, Aug. 12, 1998, 112 Stat. 1407.)

HISTORICAL AND REVISION NOTES

Revised Section	Source (U.S. Code)	Source (Statutes at Large)
151712	36:5706(b).	Oct. 11, 1996, Pub. L. 104–285, title II, §207(b), 110 Stat. 3385.

The word "proceedings" is omitted for consistency in the revised title.

CHAPTER 1519—NATIONAL FUND FOR MEDICAL EDUCATION

151901.	Organization.
151902.	Purposes.
151903.	Membership.
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151906.	Restrictions.
151907.	Principal office.
151908.	Records and inspection.
151909.	Service of process.
151910.	Liability for acts of officers and agents.
151911.	Distribution of assets on dissolution or final
	liquidation.

§ 151901. Organization

- (a) FEDERAL CHARTER.—National Fund for Medical Education (in this chapter, the "corporation") is a federally chartered corporation.
- (b) PLACE OF INCORPORATION AND DOMICILE.— The corporation is declared to be incorporated and domiciled in the District of Columbia.
- (c) PERPETUAL EXISTENCE.—Except as otherwise provided, the corporation has perpetual existence.

(Pub. L. 105–225, Aug. 12, 1998, 112 Stat. 1407.)

HISTORICAL AND REVISION NOTES

	Revised Section	Source (U.S. Code)	Source (Statutes at Large)
	151901	36:601.	Aug. 28, 1954, ch. 1036, §§ 1, 2, 4(1), 68 Stat. 891, 892.
		36:602. 36:604(1).	1(1), 00 8000. 001, 002.

This section is substituted for the source provisions for consistency in the revised title and to eliminate unnecessary and executed words.

§ 151902. Purposes

The purposes of the corporation are to raise from private sources, administer, and disperse funds for medical education, and in carrying out those purposes, to take other appropriate action to promote—

- (1) the interpretation of the needs of medical education to the American public;
- (2) the encouragement of the growth, development, and advancement of constantly improving standards and methods in the education and training of all medical personnel in the United States; and