

(2) Decreased oil consumption

The Secretary shall use not less than 50 percent of the amount that is made available under this section for each fiscal year to develop and conduct a national media campaign to decrease oil consumption in the United States over the next decade.

(Pub. L. 110-140, title VIII, §801, Dec. 19, 2007, 121 Stat. 1716.)

§ 17282. Renewable energy deployment**(a) Definitions**

In this section:

(1) Alaska small hydroelectric power

The term “Alaska small hydroelectric power” means power that—

- (A) is generated—
 - (i) in the State of Alaska;
 - (ii) without the use of a dam or impoundment of water; and
 - (iii) through the use of—
 - (I) a lake tap (but not a perched alpine lake); or
 - (II) a run-of-river screened at the point of diversion; and
- (B) has a nameplate capacity rating of a wattage that is not more than 15 megawatts.

(2) Eligible applicant

The term “eligible applicant” means any—

- (A) governmental entity;
- (B) private utility;
- (C) public utility;
- (D) municipal utility;
- (E) cooperative utility;
- (F) Indian tribes; and
- (G) Regional Corporation (as defined in section 1602 of title 43).

(3) Ocean energy**(A) Inclusions**

The term “ocean energy” includes current, wave, and tidal energy.

(B) Exclusion

The term “ocean energy” excludes thermal energy.

(4) Renewable energy project

The term “renewable energy project” means a project—

- (A) for the commercial generation of electricity; and
- (B) that generates electricity from—
 - (i) solar, wind, or geothermal energy or ocean energy;
 - (ii) biomass (as defined in section 15852(b) of this title);
 - (iii) landfill gas; or
 - (iv) Alaska small hydroelectric power.

(b) Renewable energy construction grants**(1) In general**

The Secretary shall use amounts appropriated under this section to make grants for use in carrying out renewable energy projects.

(2) Criteria

Not later than 180 days after December 19, 2007, the Secretary shall set forth criteria for use in awarding grants under this section.

(3) Application

To receive a grant from the Secretary under paragraph (1), an eligible applicant shall submit to the Secretary an application at such time, in such manner, and containing such information as the Secretary may require, including a written assurance that—

(A) all laborers and mechanics employed by contractors or subcontractors during construction, alteration, or repair that is financed, in whole or in part, by a grant under this section shall be paid wages at rates not less than those prevailing on similar construction in the locality, as determined by the Secretary of Labor in accordance with sections 3141-3144, 3146, and 3147 of title 40; and

(B) the Secretary of Labor shall, with respect to the labor standards described in this paragraph, have the authority and functions set forth in Reorganization Plan Numbered 14 of 1950 (5 U.S.C. App.) and section 3145 of title 40.

(4) Non-Federal share

Each eligible applicant that receives a grant under this subsection shall contribute to the total cost of the renewable energy project constructed by the eligible applicant an amount not less than 50 percent of the total cost of the project.

(c) Authorization of appropriations

There are authorized to be appropriated to the Fund such sums as are necessary to carry out this section.

(Pub. L. 110-140, title VIII, §803, Dec. 19, 2007, 121 Stat. 1718.)

REFERENCES IN TEXT

Reorganization Plan Numbered 14 of 1950, referred to in subsec. (b)(3)(B), is set out in the Appendix to Title 5, Government Organization and Employees.

§ 17283. Coordination of planned refinery outages**(a) Definitions**

In this section:

(1) Administrator

The term “Administrator” means the Administrator of the Energy Information Administration.

(2) Planned refinery outage**(A) In general**

The term “planned refinery outage” means a removal, scheduled before the date on which the removal occurs, of a refinery, or any unit of a refinery, from service for maintenance, repair, or modification.

(B) Exclusion

The term “planned refinery outage” does not include any necessary and unplanned removal of a refinery, or any unit of a refinery, from service as a result of a component failure, safety hazard, emergency, or action reasonably anticipated to be necessary to prevent such events.

(3) Refined petroleum product

The term “refined petroleum product” means any gasoline, diesel fuel, fuel oil, lubri-