#### § 3902. Definitions

For purposes of this chapter—

- (1) the term "appropriate Federal banking agency" has the same meaning given such term in section 1813(q) of this title, except that for purposes of this chapter such term means the Board of Governors of the Federal Reserve System for—
  - (A) bank holding companies and any nonbank subsidiary thereof;
  - (B) Edge Act corporations organized under section 25(a)<sup>1</sup> of the Federal Reserve Act [12 U.S.C. 611 et seq.]; and
  - (C) Agreement Corporations operating under section 25 of the Federal Reserve Act [12 U.S.C. 601 et seq.]; and
  - (2) the term "banking institution" means—
  - (A)(i) an insured bank as defined in section 1813(h) of this title or any subsidiary of an insured bank;
  - (ii) an Edge Act corporation organized under section  $25(a)^1$  of the Federal Reserve Act [12 U.S.C. 611 et seq.]; and
  - (iii) an Agreement Corporation operating under section 25 of the Federal Reserve Act [12 U.S.C. 601 et seq.]; and
  - (B) to the extent determined by the appropriate Federal banking agency, any agency or branch of a foreign bank, and any commercial lending company owned or controlled by one or more foreign banks or companies that control a foreign bank as those terms are defined in the International Banking Act of 1978 [12 U.S.C. 3101 et seq.]. The term "banking institution" shall not include a foreign bank.

(Pub. L. 98-181, title I [title IX, §903], Nov. 30, 1983, 97 Stat. 1278.)

## References in Text

Section 25(a) of the Federal Reserve Act, referred to in pars. (1) and (2)(A), which is classified to subchapter II (§611 et seq.) of chapter 6 of this title, was renumbered section 25A of that act by Pub. L. 102–242, title I, §142(e)(2), Dec. 19, 1991, 105 Stat. 2281. Section 25 of the Federal Reserve Act is classified to subchapter I (§601 et seq.) of chapter 6 of this title.

The International Banking Act of 1978, referred to in par. (2)(B), is Pub. L. 95–369, Sept. 17, 1978, 92 Stat. 607, which enacted chapter 32 (§3101 et seq.) and sections 347d and 611a of this title, amended sections 72, 378, 614, 615, 618, 619, 1813, 1815, 1817, 1818, 1820, 1821, 1822, 1823, 1828, 1829b, 1831b, and 1841 of this title, and enacted provisions set out as notes under sections 247, 611a, and 3101 of this title and formerly set out as notes under sections 36, 247, and 601 of this title. For definitions, see section 3101 of this title. For complete classification of this Act to the Code, see Short Title note set out under section 3101 of this title and Tables.

## § 3903. Strengthened supervision of international lending

- (a) Each appropriate Federal banking agency shall evaluate banking institution foreign country exposure and transfer risk for use in banking institution examination and supervision.
- (b) Each such agency shall establish examination and supervisory procedures to assure that factors such as foreign country exposure and

transfer risk are taken into account in evaluating the adequacy of the capital of banking institutions.

(Pub. L. 98-181, title I [title IX, §904], Nov. 30, 1983, 97 Stat. 1279.)

#### § 3904. Reserves

## (a) Establishment and maintenance of special reserves

- (1) Each appropriate Federal banking agency shall require a banking institution to establish and maintain a special reserve whenever, in the judgment of such appropriate Federal banking agency—
  - (A) the quality of such banking institution's assets has been impaired by a protracted inability of public or private borrowers in a foreign country to make payments on their external indebtedness as indicated by such factors, among others, as—
    - (i) a failure by such public or private borrowers to make full interest payments on external indebtedness;
    - (ii) a failure to comply with the terms of any restructured indebtedness; or
    - (iii) a failure by the foreign country to comply with any International Monetary Fund or other suitable adjustment program; or
  - (B) no definite prospects exist for the orderly restoration of debt service.
- (2) Such reserves shall be charged against current income and shall not be considered as part of capital and surplus or allowances for possible loan losses for regulatory, supervisory, or disclosure purposes.

# (b) Accommodation of potential losses on foreign loans by United States banks

The appropriate Federal banking agencies shall analyze the results of foreign loan rescheduling negotiations, assess the loan loss risk reflected in rescheduling agreements, and, using the powers set forth in section 3907 of this title (regarding capital adequacy), ensure that the capital and reserve positions of United States banks are adequate to accommodate potential losses on their foreign loans.

# (c) Regulations and orders of Federal banking agencies

The appropriate Federal banking agencies shall promulgate regulations or orders necessary to implement this section within one hundred and twenty days after November 30, 1983.

(Pub. L. 98–181, title I [title IX, §905], Nov. 30, 1983, 97 Stat. 1279.)

## § 3904a. Additional reserve requirements

#### (a) In general

Each appropriate Federal banking agency shall review the exposure to risk of United States banking institutions arising from the medium- and long-term loans made by such institutions that are outstanding to any highly indebted country. Each agency shall provide direction to such institutions regarding additions to general reserves maintained by each banking in-

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>1</sup> See References in Text note below.

stitution for potential loan losses and special reserves required by such agency arising from such review.

## (b) Determination of institutional exposure to

In determining the exposure of an institution to risk for purposes of subsection (a) of this section, the appropriate Federal banking agency—

- (1) shall determine whether any country exposure that is, and has been for at least 2 years, rated in the category "Other Transfer Risk Problems" or the category "Substandard" by the Interagency Country Exposure Review Committee should be reevaluated;
- (2) may exempt, in full or in part, from reserve requirements established pursuant to subsection (a) of this section, any loan—
  - (A) to a country that enters into a debt reduction, debt service reduction, or financing program with its bank creditors that is supported by the International Bank for Reconstruction and Development or the International Monetary Fund; or
  - (B) secured, in whole or in part, by appropriate collateral for payment of interest or principal;
- (3) take into account any other factors which bear on such exposure and the particular circumstances of the institution; and
- (4) shall consider as indicators of risk, where appropriate, the average reserve levels maintained by or required of banking institutions in foreign countries and secondary market prices for such loans.

#### (c) Timing and report

#### (1) Determined by agency

Except as provided in paragraph (3), each appropriate Federal banking agency shall determine the timing of any addition to reserves required by subsection (a) of this section.

### (2) Report

Each appropriate Federal banking agency shall include in each report required to be made under section  $3912(d)^{\,1}$  of this title after 1989 a report on the actions taken pursuant to this section.

### (3) Deadline

Each Federal agency required to undertake a review described in subsection (a) of this section shall complete the review not later than December 31, 1990.

### (d) "Highly indebted country" defined

As used in this section, the term "highly indebted country" means any country designated as a "Highly Indebted Country" in the annual World Debt Tables most recently published by the International Bank for Reconstruction and Development before December 19, 1989.

(Pub. L. 98–181, title I [title IX, 905A], as added Pub. L. 101–240, title IV, 9402(b), Dec. 19, 1989, 103 Stat. 2501.)

#### REFERENCES IN TEXT

Section 3912(d) of this title, referred to in subsec. (c)(2), was repealed by Pub. L. 104–208, div. A, title II,  $\S 2224$ (c), Sept. 30, 1996, 110 Stat. 3009–415.

#### Congressional Findings

Pub. L. 101–240, title IV,  $\S$  402(a), Dec. 19, 1989, 103 Stat. 2501, provided that: "The Congress finds that—

- "(1) since the adoption of the International Lending Supervision Act of 1983 [12 U.S.C. 3901 et seq.], the credit quality of loans by United States banking institutions to highly indebted countries has deteriorated and the prospects for full repayment of such loans have diminished:
- "(2) in general during this period, the level of country exposure and transfer risk associated with loans by United States banking institutions to highly indebted countries has not been adequately reflected in the reserve levels established by many individual United States banking institutions or the reserve requirements imposed by Federal banking agencies pursuant to such Act;
- "(3) during the last 3 years and particularly in recent months, United States banking institutions have increased their reserves for possible losses from loans to highly indebted countries but such reserves remain, in some cases, significantly lower than reserves established by banking institutions in a number of foreign countries and may not be adequate to deal with potential risks; and
- "(4) in order to fulfill the purposes of such Act, the Federal banking agencies should take a more active role in reviewing reserve levels established by United States banking institutions for potential losses from loans to highly indebted countries and in requiring appropriate levels of both special and general reserves to reflect the increased risk of such loans."

#### § 3905. Accounting for fees on international loans

- (a)(1) In order to avoid excessive debt service burdens on debtor countries, no banking institution shall charge, in connection with the restructuring of an international loan, any fee exceeding the administrative cost of the restructuring unless it amortizes such fee over the effective life of each such loan.
- (2)(A) Each appropriate Federal banking agency shall promulgate such regulations as are necessary to further carry out the provisions of this subsection.
- (B) The requirement of paragraph (1) shall take effect on November 30, 1983.
- (b)(1) Subject to subsection (a) of this section, the appropriate Federal banking agencies shall promulgate regulations for accounting for agency, commitment, management and other fees charged by a banking institution in connection with an international loan.
- (2) Such regulations shall establish the accounting treatment of such fees for regulatory, supervisory, and disclosure purposes to assure that the appropriate portion of such fees is accrued in income over the effective life of each such loan.
- (3) The appropriate Federal banking agencies shall promulgate regulations or orders necessary to implement this subsection within one hundred and twenty days after November 30, 1983.

(Pub. L. 98-181, title I [title IX, §906], Nov. 30, 1983, 97 Stat. 1279.)

# § 3906. Collection and disclosure of international lending data

# (a) Submission of information to Federal banking agencies

Each appropriate Federal banking agency shall require, by regulation, each banking insti-

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>1</sup> See References in Text note below.