

ative Parties in force for the United States, to which the Senate has given advice and consent or which is authorized by further legislation by the Congress, which provides an indefinite ban on Antarctic mineral resource activities, it”.

**§ 2464. Repealed. Pub. L. 104-227, title II, § 202(b), Oct. 2, 1996, 110 Stat. 3044**

Section, Pub. L. 101-594, § 5, Nov. 16, 1990, 104 Stat. 2977, declared the sense of Congress that Secretary of State should negotiate international agreements relating to protection of Antarctic environment and that any such international agreement be consistent with purpose and provisions of this chapter.

**§ 2465. Enforcement**

**(a) In general**

A violation of this chapter or any regulation promulgated under this chapter is deemed to be a violation of the Antarctic Marine Living Resources Convention Act (16 U.S.C. 2431-2444) and shall be enforced under that Act by the Under Secretary or another Federal official to whom the Under Secretary has delegated this responsibility.

**(b) Penalty**

If the Under Secretary determines that a person has violated section 2463 of this title—

(1) that person shall be ineligible to locate a mining claim under the mining laws of the United States; and

(2) the Secretary of the Interior shall refuse to issue a patent under the mining laws of the United States, or a lease under the laws of the United States related to mineral or geothermal leasing, to any such person who attempts to perfect such patent or lease application after the Under Secretary has made such determination.

(Pub. L. 101-594, § 5, formerly § 6, Nov. 16, 1990, 104 Stat. 2977; renumbered § 5, Pub. L. 104-227, title II, § 202(c), Oct. 2, 1996, 110 Stat. 3044.)

REFERENCES IN TEXT

The Antarctic Marine Living Resources Convention Act, referred to in subsec. (a), probably means the Antarctic Marine Living Resources Convention Act of 1984, title III of Pub. L. 98-623, Nov. 8, 1984, 98 Stat. 3398, which is classified generally to chapter 44A (§ 2431 et seq.) of this title. For complete classification of this Act to the Code, see Short Title note set out under section 2431 of this title and Tables.

PRIOR PROVISIONS

A prior section 5 of Pub. L. 101-594 was classified to section 2464 of this title prior to repeal by Pub. L. 104-227.

**§ 2466. Repealed. Pub. L. 104-227, title II, § 202(b), Oct. 2, 1996, 110 Stat. 3044**

Section, Pub. L. 101-594, § 7, Nov. 16, 1990, 104 Stat. 2978, authorized appropriations for fiscal years 1991 and 1992 to carry out this chapter.

**CHAPTER 45—URBAN PARK AND RECREATION RECOVERY PROGRAM**

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**§ 2501. Congressional findings**

The Congress finds that—

(a) the quality of life in urban areas is closely related to the availability of fully functional park and recreation systems including land, facilities, and service programs;

(b) residents of cities need close-to-home recreational opportunities that are adequate to specialized urban demands, with parks and facilities properly located, developed, and well maintained;

(c) the greatest recreational deficiencies with respect to land, facilities, and programs are found in many large cities, especially at the neighborhood level;

(d) inadequate financing of urban recreation programs due to fiscal difficulties in many large cities has led to the deterioration of facilities, nonavailability of recreation services, and an inability to adapt recreational programs to changing circumstances; and

(e) there is no existing Federal assistance program which fully addresses the needs for physical rehabilitation and revitalization of these park and recreation systems.

(Pub. L. 95-625, title X, § 1002, Nov. 10, 1978, 92 Stat. 3538.)

SHORT TITLE

Pub. L. 95-625, title X, § 1001, Nov. 10, 1978, 92 Stat. 3538, provided that: “This title [enacting this chapter] may be cited as the ‘Urban Park and Recreation Recovery Act of 1978’.”

**§ 2502. Congressional statement of purpose; complementary program authorization; terms and conditions**

The purpose of this chapter is to authorize the Secretary to establish an urban park and recreation recovery program which would provide Federal grants to economically hard-pressed communities specifically for the rehabilitation of critically needed recreation areas, facilities, and development of improved recreation programs. This program is intended to complement existing Federal programs such as the Land and Water Conservation Fund and Community Development Grant Programs by encouraging and stimulating local governments to revitalize their park and recreation systems and to make long-term commitments to continuing maintenance of these systems. Such assistance shall be subject to such terms and conditions as the Sec-