

scribed in subsection (a) to the petitioner, no proceeding may be initiated under this section unless the pleading is filed before the 91st day after the date of such mailing.

**(c) Extension of time to file refund suit**

The 2-year period in section 6532(a)(1) for filing suit for refund after disallowance of a claim shall be suspended during the 90-day period after the mailing of the notice referred to in subsection (b)(3) and, if a pleading has been filed with the Tax Court under this section, until the decision of the Tax Court has become final.

(Added Pub. L. 105-34, title V, §505(a), Aug. 5, 1997, 111 Stat. 854; amended Pub. L. 105-206, title III, §3104(b), title VI, §6007(d), July 22, 1998, 112 Stat. 732, 809.)

AMENDMENTS

1998—Subsec. (a)(1), (2). Pub. L. 105-206, §6007(d), substituted “an estate (or with respect to any property included therein),” for “an estate.”

Subsec. (c). Pub. L. 105-206, §3104(b), added subsec. (c).

EFFECTIVE DATE OF 1998 AMENDMENT

Amendment by section 3104(b) of Pub. L. 105-206 applicable to any claim for refund filed after July 22, 1998, see section 3104(c) of Pub. L. 105-206, set out as a note under section 7422 of this title.

Amendment by section 6007(d) of Pub. L. 105-206 effective, except as otherwise provided, as if included in the provisions of the Taxpayer Relief Act of 1997, Pub. L. 105-34, to which such amendment relates, see section 6024 of Pub. L. 105-206, set out as a note under section 1 of this title.

EFFECTIVE DATE

Pub. L. 105-34, title V, §505(c), Aug. 5, 1997, 111 Stat. 855, provided that: “The amendments made by this section [enacting this section] shall apply to the estates of decedents dying after the date of the enactment of this Act [Aug. 5, 1997].”

**Subchapter D—Court Review of Tax Court Decisions**

Sec.	
7481.	Date when Tax Court decision becomes final.
7482.	Courts of review.
7483.	Notice of appeal.
7484.	Change of incumbent in office.
7485.	Bond to stay assessment and collection.
7486.	Refund, credit, or abatement of amounts disallowed.
7487.	Cross references.

AMENDMENTS

1969—Pub. L. 91-172, title IX, §§959(b), 960(i)(2), Dec. 30, 1969, 83 Stat. 734, 735, substituted “Notice of appeal” for “Petition for review” in item 7483 and substituted “Cross references” for “Cross reference” in item 7487.

**§ 7481. Date when Tax Court decision becomes final**

**(a) Reviewable decisions**

Except as provided in subsections (b), (c), and (d), the decision of the Tax Court shall become final—

**(1) Timely notice of appeal not filed**

Upon the expiration of the time allowed for filing a notice of appeal, if no such notice has been duly filed within such time; or

**(2) Decision affirmed or appeal dismissed**

**(A) Petition for certiorari not filed on time**

Upon the expiration of the time allowed for filing a petition for certiorari, if the de-

cision of the Tax Court has been affirmed or the appeal dismissed by the United States Court of Appeals and no petition for certiorari has been duly filed; or

**(B) Petition for certiorari denied**

Upon the denial of a petition for certiorari, if the decision of the Tax Court has been affirmed or the appeal dismissed by the United States Court of Appeals; or

**(C) After mandate of Supreme Court**

Upon the expiration of 30 days from the date of issuance of the mandate of the Supreme Court, if such Court directs that the decision of the Tax Court be affirmed or the appeal dismissed.

**(3) Decision modified or reversed**

**(A) Upon mandate of Supreme Court**

If the Supreme Court directs that the decision of the Tax Court be modified or reversed, the decision of the Tax Court rendered in accordance with the mandate of the Supreme Court shall become final upon the expiration of 30 days from the time it was rendered, unless within such 30 days either the Secretary or the taxpayer has instituted proceedings to have such decision corrected to accord with the mandate, in which event the decision of the Tax Court shall become final when so corrected.

**(B) Upon mandate of the Court of Appeals**

If the decision of the Tax Court is modified or reversed by the United States Court of Appeals, and if—

(i) the time allowed for filing a petition for certiorari has expired and no such petition has been duly filed, or

(ii) the petition for certiorari has been denied, or

(iii) the decision of the United States Court of Appeals has been affirmed by the Supreme Court, then the decision of the Tax Court rendered in accordance with the mandate of the United States Court of Appeals shall become final on the expiration of 30 days from the time such decision of the Tax Court was rendered, unless within such 30 days either the Secretary or the taxpayer has instituted proceedings to have such decision corrected so that it will accord with the mandate, in which event the decision of the Tax Court shall become final when so corrected.

**(4) Rehearing**

If the Supreme Court orders a rehearing; or if the case is remanded by the United States Court of Appeals to the Tax Court for a rehearing, and if—

(A) the time allowed for filing a petition for certiorari has expired and no such petition has been duly filed, or

(B) the petition for certiorari has been denied, or

(C) the decision of the United States Court of Appeals has been affirmed by the Supreme Court,

then the decision of the Tax Court rendered upon such rehearing shall become final in the