a scientifically recognized method of testing capable of providing quantitative data regarding alcohol or a controlled substance;

- (5) provide that each specimen sample be subdivided, secured, and labelled in the presence of the tested individual and that a portion thereof be retained in a secure manner to prevent the possibility of tampering, so that in the event the individual's confirmation test results are positive the individual has an opportunity to have the retained portion assayed by a confirmation test done independently at a second certified laboratory if the individual requests the independent test within 3 days after being advised of the results of the initial confirmation test;
- (6) ensure appropriate safeguards for testing to detect and quantify alcohol in breath and body fluid samples, including urine and blood, through the development of regulations as may be necessary and in consultation with the Department of Health and Human Services;
- $(\overline{7})$  provide for the confidentiality of test results and medical information of employees; and
- (8) ensure that employees are selected for tests by nondiscriminatory and impartial methods, so that no employee is harassed by being treated differently from other employees in similar circumstances.
- (f) EFFECT ON OTHER LAWS AND REGULATIONS.—
  (1) CONSISTENCY WITH FEDERAL REGULATION.—
  No State or local government shall adopt or have in effect any law, rule, regulation, ordinance, standard, or order that is inconsistent with the regulations promulgated under this section
- (2) CONTINUANCE OF REGULATIONS ISSUED BEFORE DECEMBER 9, 1991.—Nothing in this section shall be construed to restrict the discretion of the Administrator to continue in force, amend, or further supplement any regulations issued before December 9, 1991, that govern the use of alcohol and controlled substances by Administration employees with responsibility for safety-sensitive, security, and national security functions (as determined by the Administrator), or by Administration contractor employees with such responsibility.

(Pub. L. 111-314, §3, Dec. 18, 2010, 124 Stat. 3374.)

# HISTORICAL AND REVISION NOTES

Revised Section	Source (U.S. Code)	Source (Statutes at Large)
31102(a) 31102(b) 31102(c) 31102(d) 31102(e) 31102(f)	42 U.S.C. 2473c(h). 42 U.S.C. 2473c(c). 42 U.S.C. 2473c(d). 42 U.S.C. 2473c(e). 42 U.S.C. 2473c(f). 42 U.S.C. 2473c(g).	Pub. L. 102-195, §21(c)-(h), Dec. 9, 1991, 105 Stat. 1616.

In subsection (b)(2), the words "within 18 months after the date of enactment of this Act" are omitted as obsolete.

In paragraphs (1) and (2) of subsection (c), and in subsection (f)(2), the date "December 9, 1991" is substituted for "the date of enactment of this Act" to reflect the date of enactment of the National Aeronautics and Space Administration Authorization Act, Fiscal Year 1992 (Public Law 102–195, 105 Stat. 1605).

### FINDINGS

Pub. L. 102–195,  $\S21(b)$ , Dec. 9, 1991, 105 Stat. 1616, provided that: "The Congress finds that—

- "(1) alcohol abuse and illegal drug use pose significant dangers to the safety and welfare of the Nation;
- "(2) the success of the United States civil space program is contingent upon the safe and successful development and deployment of the many varied components of that program;
- "(3) the greatest efforts must be expended to eliminate the abuse of alcohol and use of illegal drugs, whether on duty or off duty, by those individuals who are involved in the positions affecting safety, security, and national security:
- "(4) the use of alcohol and illegal drugs has been demonstrated to adversely affect the performance of individuals, and has been proven to have been a critical factor in accidents in the workplace;
- "(5) the testing of uniformed personnel of the Armed Forces has shown that the most effective deterrent to abuse of alcohol and use of illegal drugs is increased testing, including random testing;
- "(6) adequate safeguards can be implemented to ensure that testing for abuse of alcohol or use of illegal drugs is performed in a manner which protects an individual's right of privacy, ensures that no individual is harassed by being treated differently from other individuals, and ensures that no individual's reputation or career development is unduly threatened or harmed; and
- "(7) rehabilitation is a critical component of any testing program for abuse of alcohol or use of illegal drugs, and should be made available to individuals, as appropriate."

## **CHAPTER 313—HEALTHCARE**

Sec. 31301.

Healthcare program.

31302. Astronaut healthcare survey.

#### §31301. Healthcare program

The Administrator shall develop a plan to better understand the longitudinal health effects of space flight on humans. In the development of the plan, the Administrator shall consider the need for the establishment of a lifetime health-care program for Administration astronauts and their families or other methods to obtain needed health data from astronauts and retired astronauts

(Pub. L. 111-314, §3, Dec. 18, 2010, 124 Stat. 3376.)

HISTORICAL AND REVISION NOTES

Revised Section	Source (U.S. Code)	Source (Statutes at Large)
31301	42 U.S.C. 16822.	Pub. L. 109–155, title VII, §708, Dec. 30, 2005, 119 Stat. 2938.

### § 31302. Astronaut healthcare survey

- (a) SURVEY.—The Administrator shall administer an anonymous survey of astronauts and flight surgeons to evaluate communication, relationships, and the effectiveness of policies. The survey questions and the analysis of results shall be evaluated by experts independent of the Administration. The survey shall be administered on at least a biennial basis.
- (b) REPORT.—The Administrator shall transmit a report of the results of the survey to Congress not later than 90 days following completion of the survey.

(Pub. L. 111-314, §3, Dec. 18, 2010, 124 Stat. 3377.)