

ment, and amounts made available under any other marketing or promotion order, may not be used to pay any administrative expense of the Board.

(Pub. L. 104-127, title V, §582, Apr. 4, 1996, 110 Stat. 1083.)

CHAPTER 102—EMERGENCY FOOD ASSISTANCE

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CODIFICATION

This chapter is comprised principally of title II (§§201-215) of Pub. L. 98-8, Mar. 24, 1983, 97 Stat. 35, as amended. Title II of Pub. L. 98-8 was formerly set out as a note under section 612c of this title. Section 203 of title II of Pub. L. 98-8, which related to processing agreements, was repealed by Pub. L. 99-198, title XV, §1567(c), Dec. 23, 1985, 99 Stat. 1592. Section 207 of title II of Pub. L. 98-8 amended section 4(c) of the Agriculture and Consumer Protection Act of 1973, Pub. L. 93-86, set out as a note under section 612c of this title. Section 212 of title II of Pub. L. 98-8, which provided for termination of title II of Pub. L. 98-8 on Sept. 30, 2002, was repealed by Pub. L. 104-193, title VIII, §871(e)(4), Aug. 22, 1996, 110 Stat. 2345.

§ 7501. Definitions

In this chapter:

(1) Additional commodities

The term “additional commodities” means commodities made available under section 7515 of this title in addition to the commodities made available under sections 7502 and 7507 of this title.

(2) Average monthly number of unemployed persons

The term “average monthly number of unemployed persons” means the average monthly number of unemployed persons in each State during the most recent fiscal year for which information concerning the number of unemployed persons is available, as determined by the Bureau of Labor Statistics of the Department of Labor.

(3) Eligible recipient agency

The term “eligible recipient agency” means a public or nonprofit organization that—

- (A) administers—
 - (i) an emergency feeding organization;
 - (ii) a charitable institution (including a hospital and a retirement home, but ex-

cluding a penal institution) to the extent that the institution serves needy persons;

(iii) a summer camp for children, or a child nutrition program providing food service;

(iv) a nutrition project operating under the Older Americans Act of 1965 (42 U.S.C. 3001 et seq.), including a project that operates a congregate nutrition site and a project that provides home-delivered meals; or

(v) a disaster relief program;

(B) has been designated by the appropriate State agency, or by the Secretary; and

(C) has been approved by the Secretary for participation in the program established under this chapter.

(4) Emergency feeding organization

The term “emergency feeding organization” means a public or nonprofit organization that administers activities and projects (including the activities and projects of a charitable institution, a food bank, a food pantry, a hunger relief center, a soup kitchen, or a similar public or private nonprofit eligible recipient agency) providing nutrition assistance to relieve situations of emergency and distress through the provision of food to needy persons, including low-income and unemployed persons.

(5) Food bank

The term “food bank” means a public or charitable institution that maintains an established operation involving the provision of food or edible commodities, or the products of food or edible commodities, to food pantries, soup kitchens, hunger relief centers, or other food or feeding centers that, as an integral part of their normal activities, provide meals or food to feed needy persons on a regular basis.

(6) Food pantry

The term “food pantry” means a public or private nonprofit organization that distributes food to low-income and unemployed households, including food from sources other than the Department of Agriculture, to relieve situations of emergency and distress.

(7) Poverty line

The term “poverty line” has the meaning provided in section 9902(2) of title 42.

(8) Soup kitchen

The term “soup kitchen” means a public or charitable institution that, as an integral part of the normal activities of the institution, maintains an established feeding operation to provide food to needy homeless persons on a regular basis.

(9) Total value of additional commodities

The term “total value of additional commodities” means the actual cost of all additional commodities that are paid by the Secretary (including the distribution and processing costs incurred by the Secretary).

(10) Value of additional commodities allocated to each State

The term “value of additional commodities allocated to each State” means the actual