

on the languages spoken by the greatest concentrations of employment- or education-based nonimmigrant visa applicants.

**(d) Availability and distribution**

**(1) Posting on Federal websites**

The information pamphlet developed under subsection (a) shall be posted on the websites of the Department of State, the Department of Homeland Security, the Department of Justice, the Department of Labor, and all United States consular posts processing applications for employment- or education-based nonimmigrant visas.

**(2) Other distribution**

The information pamphlet developed under subsection (a) shall be made available to any—

- (A) government agency;
- (B) nongovernmental advocacy organization; or
- (C) foreign labor broker doing business in the United States.

**(3) Deadline for pamphlet development and distribution**

Not later than 180 days after December 23, 2008, the Secretary of State shall distribute and make available the information pamphlet developed under subsection (a) in all the languages referred to in subsection (c).

**(e) Responsibilities of consular officers of the Department of State**

**(1) Interviews**

A consular officer conducting an interview of an alien for an employment-based nonimmigrant visa shall—

- (A)(i) confirm that the alien has received, read, and understood the contents of the pamphlet described in subsections (a) and (b); and
  - (ii) if the alien has not received, read, or understood the contents of the pamphlet described in subsections (a) and (b), distribute and orally disclose to the alien the information described in paragraphs (2) and (3) in a language that the alien understands; and
- (B) offer to answer any questions the alien may have regarding the contents of the pamphlet described in subsections (a) and (b).

**(2) Legal rights**

The consular officer shall disclose to the alien—

- (A) the legal rights of employment-based nonimmigrants under Federal immigration, labor, and employment laws;
- (B) the illegality of slavery, peonage, trafficking in persons, sexual assault, extortion, blackmail, and worker exploitation in the United States; and
- (C) the legal rights of immigrant victims of trafficking in persons, worker exploitation, and other related crimes, including—
  - (i) the right of access to immigrant and labor rights groups;
  - (ii) the right to seek redress in United States courts; and
  - (iii) the right to report abuse without retaliation.

**(3) Victim services**

In carrying out the disclosure requirement under this subsection, the consular officer

shall disclose to the alien the availability of services for victims of human trafficking and worker exploitation in the United States, including victim services complaint hotlines.

**(f) Definitions**

In this section:

**(1) Employment- or education-based nonimmigrant visa**

The term “employment- or education-based nonimmigrant visa” means—

- (A) a nonimmigrant visa issued under subparagraph (A)(iii), (G)(v), (H), or (J) of section 1101(a)(15) of this title; and
- (B) any nonimmigrant visa issued to a personal or domestic servant who is accompanying or following to join an employer.

**(2) Severe forms of trafficking in persons**

The term “severe forms of trafficking in persons” has the meaning given the term in section 7102 of title 22.

**(3) Secretary**

The term “Secretary” means the Secretary of State.

**(4) Abusing and exploiting**

The term “abusing and exploiting” means any conduct which would constitute a violation of section 1466A, 1589, 1591, 1592, 2251, or 2251A of title 18.

(Pub. L. 110–457, title II, §202, Dec. 23, 2008, 122 Stat. 5055.)

CODIFICATION

Section was enacted as part of the William Wilberforce Trafficking Victims Protection Reauthorization Act of 2008, and not as part of the Immigration and Nationality Act which comprises this chapter.

**§ 1375c. Protections, remedies, and limitations on issuance for A–3 and G–5 visas**

**(a) Limitations on issuance of A–3 and G–5 visas**

**(1) Contract requirement**

Notwithstanding any other provision of law, the Secretary of State may not issue—

- (A) an A–3 visa unless the applicant is employed, or has signed a contract to be employed containing the requirements set forth in subsection (d)(2),<sup>1</sup> by an officer of a diplomatic mission or consular post; or
- (B) a G–5 visa unless the applicant is employed, or has signed a contract to be employed by an employee in an international organization.

**(2) Suspension requirement**

Notwithstanding any other provision of law, the Secretary shall suspend, for such period as the Secretary determines necessary, the issuance of A–3 visas or G–5 visas to applicants seeking to work for officials of a diplomatic mission or an international organization, if the Secretary determines that there is credible evidence that 1 or more employees of such mission or international organization have abused or exploited 1 or more nonimmigrants holding an A–3 visa or a G–5 visa, and that the

<sup>1</sup> So in original. Probably should be “(b)(2).”

diplomatic mission or international organization tolerated such actions.

**(3) Action by diplomatic missions or international organizations**

The Secretary may suspend the application of the limitation under paragraph (2) if the Secretary determines and reports to the appropriate congressional committees that a mechanism is in place to ensure that such abuse or exploitation does not reoccur with respect to any alien employed by an employee of such mission or institution.

**(b) Protections and remedies for A-3 and G-5 nonimmigrants employed by diplomats and staff of international organizations**

**(1) In general**

The Secretary may not issue or renew an A-3 visa or a G-5 visa unless—

(A) the visa applicant has executed a contract with the employer or prospective employer containing provisions described in paragraph (2); and

(B) a consular officer has conducted a personal interview with the applicant outside the presence of the employer or any recruitment agent in which the officer reviewed the terms of the contract and the provisions of the pamphlet required under section 1375b of this title.

**(2) Mandatory contract**

The contract between the employer and domestic worker required under paragraph (1) shall include—

(A) an agreement by the employer to abide by all Federal, State, and local laws in the United States;

(B) information on the frequency and form of payment, work duties, weekly work hours, holidays, sick days, and vacation days; and

(C) an agreement by the employer not to withhold the passport, employment contract, or other personal property of the employee.

**(3) Training of consular officers**

The Secretary shall provide appropriate training to consular officers on the fair labor standards described in the pamphlet required under section 1375b of this title, trafficking in persons, and the provisions of this section.

**(4) Record keeping**

**(A) In general**

The Secretary shall maintain records on the presence of nonimmigrants holding an A-3 visa or a G-5 visa in the United States, including—

(i) information about when the nonimmigrant entered and permanently exited the country of residence;

(ii) the official title, contact information, and immunity level of the employer; and

(iii) information regarding any allegations of employer abuse received by the Department of State.

**(c) Protection from removal during legal actions against former employers**

**(1) Remaining in the United States to seek legal redress**

**(A) Effect of complaint filing**

Except as provided in subparagraph (B), if a nonimmigrant holding an A-3 visa or a G-5 visa working in the United States files a civil action under section 1595 of title 18 or a civil action regarding a violation of any of the terms contained in the contract or violation of any other Federal, State, or local law in the United States governing the terms and conditions of employment of the nonimmigrant that are associated with acts covered by such section, the Attorney General and the Secretary of Homeland Security shall permit the nonimmigrant to remain legally in the United States for time sufficient to fully and effectively participate in all legal proceedings related to such action.

**(B) Exception**

An alien described in subparagraph (A) may be deported before the conclusion of the legal proceedings related to a civil action described in such subparagraph if such alien is—

(i) inadmissible under paragraph (2)(A)(i)(II), (2)(B), (2)(C), (2)(E), (2)(H), (2)(I), (3)(A)(i), (3)(A)(iii), (3)(B), (3)(C), or (3)(F) of section 1182(a) of this title; or

(ii) deportable under paragraph (2)(A)(ii), (2)(A)(iii), (4)(A)(i), (4)(A)(iii), (4)(B), or (4)(C) of section 1227(a) of this title.

**(C) Failure to exercise due diligence**

If the Secretary of Homeland Security, after consultation with the Attorney General, determines that the nonimmigrant holding an A-3 visa or a G-5 visa has failed to exercise due diligence in pursuing an action described in subparagraph (A), the Secretary may terminate the status of the A-3 or G-5 nonimmigrant.

**(2) Authorization to work**

The Attorney General and the Secretary of Homeland Security shall authorize any nonimmigrant described in paragraph (1) to engage in employment in the United States during the period the nonimmigrant is in the United States pursuant to paragraph (1).

**(d) Study and report**

**(1) Investigation report**

**(A) In general**

Not later than 180 days after December 23, 2008, and every 2 years thereafter for the following 10 years, the Secretary shall submit a report to the appropriate congressional committees on the implementation of this section.

**(B) Contents**

The report submitted under subparagraph (A) shall include—

(i) an assessment of the actions taken by the Department of State and the Department of Justice to investigate allegations of trafficking or abuse of nonimmigrants holding an A-3 visa or a G-5 visa; and

(ii) the results of such investigations.

**(2) Feasibility of oversight of employees of diplomats and representatives of other institutions report**

Not later than 180 days after December 23, 2008, the Secretary shall submit a report to the appropriate congressional committees on the feasibility of—

(A) establishing a system to monitor the treatment of nonimmigrants holding an A-3 visa or a G-5 visa who have been admitted to the United States;

(B) a range of compensation approaches, such as a bond program, compensation fund, or insurance scheme, to ensure that such nonimmigrants receive appropriate compensation if their employers violate the terms of their employment contracts; and

(C) with respect to each proposed compensation approach described in subparagraph (B), an evaluation and proposal describing the proposed processes for—

(i) adjudicating claims of rights violations;

(ii) determining the level of compensation; and

(iii) administering the program, fund, or scheme.

**(e) Assistance to law enforcement investigations**

The Secretary shall cooperate, to the fullest extent possible consistent with the United States obligations under the Vienna Convention on Diplomatic Relations, done at Vienna, April 18, 1961, (23 U.S.T. 3229),<sup>2</sup> with any investigation by United States law enforcement authorities of crimes related to abuse or exploitation of a nonimmigrant holding an A-3 visa or a G-5 visa.

**(f) Definitions**

In this section:

**(1) A-3 visa**

The term “A-3 visa” means a nonimmigrant visa issued pursuant to section 1101(a)(15)(A)(iii) of this title.

**(2) G-5 visa**

The term “G-5 visa” means a nonimmigrant visa issued pursuant to section 1101(a)(15)(G)(v) of this title.

**(3) Secretary**

The term “Secretary” means the Secretary of State.

**(4) Appropriate congressional committees**

The term “appropriate congressional committees” means—

(A) the Committee on Foreign Affairs and the Committee on the Judiciary of the House of Representatives; and

(B) the Committee on Foreign Relations and the Committee on the Judiciary of the Senate.

(Pub. L. 110-457, title II, §203, Dec. 23, 2008, 122 Stat. 5057.)

CODIFICATION

Section was enacted as part of the William Wilberforce Trafficking Victims Protection Reauthorization

<sup>2</sup>So in original. Probably should be “April 18, 1961 (23 U.S.T. 3227),”.

Act of 2008, and not as part of the Immigration and Nationality Act which comprises this chapter.

**§ 1376. Data on nonimmigrant overstay rates**

**(a) Collection of data**

Not later than the date that is 180 days after April 27, 1998, the Attorney General shall implement a program to collect data, for each fiscal year, regarding the total number of aliens within each of the classes of nonimmigrant aliens described in section 1101(a)(15) of this title whose authorized period of stay in the United States terminated during the previous fiscal year, but who remained in the United States notwithstanding such termination.

**(b) Annual report**

Not later than June 30, 1999, and not later than June 30 of each year thereafter, the Attorney General shall submit an annual report to the Congress providing numerical estimates, for each country for the preceding fiscal year, of the number of aliens from the country who are described in subsection (a) of this section.

(Pub. L. 105-173, §2, Apr. 27, 1998, 112 Stat. 56.)

CODIFICATION

Section was not enacted as part of the Immigration and Nationality Act which comprises this chapter.

ABOLITION OF IMMIGRATION AND NATURALIZATION SERVICE AND TRANSFER OF FUNCTIONS

For abolition of Immigration and Naturalization Service, transfer of functions, and treatment of related references, see note set out under section 1551 of this title.

**§ 1377. Collection of data on detained asylum seekers**

**(a) In general**

The Attorney General shall regularly collect data on a nation-wide<sup>1</sup> basis with respect to asylum seekers in detention in the United States, including the following information:

(1) The number of detainees.

(2) An identification of the countries of origin of the detainees.

(3) The percentage of each gender within the total number of detainees.

(4) The number of detainees listed by each year of age of the detainees.

(5) The location of each detainee by detention facility.

(6) With respect to each facility where detainees are held, whether the facility is also used to detain criminals and whether any of the detainees are held in the same cells as criminals.

(7) The number and frequency of the transfers of detainees between detention facilities.

(8) The average length of detention and the number of detainees by category of the length of detention.

(9) The rate of release from detention of detainees for each district of the Immigration and Naturalization Service.

(10) A description of the disposition of cases.

**(b) Annual reports**

Beginning October 1, 1999, and not later than October 1 of each year thereafter, the Attorney

<sup>1</sup>So in original. Probably should be “nationwide”.