

retary concerned under section 7126 of this title shall be in addition to any other annual appropriations for the Forest Service and the Bureau of Land Management.

**(b) Deposit of revenues and other funds**

All revenues generated from projects pursuant to subchapter II, including any interest accrued from the revenues, shall be deposited in the Treasury of the United States.

(Pub. L. 106-393, title IV, §403, as added Pub. L. 110-343, div. C, title VI, §601(a), Oct. 3, 2008, 122 Stat. 3910.)

PRIOR PROVISIONS

A prior section 403 of Pub. L. 106-393 was set out in a note under section 500 of this title prior to repeal by Pub. L. 110-343, div. C, title VI, §601(a), Oct. 3, 2008, 122 Stat. 3893.

**CHAPTER 91—NATIONAL LANDSCAPE  
CONSERVATION SYSTEM**

Sec.	
7201.	Definitions.
7202.	Establishment of the National Landscape Conservation System.
7203.	Authorization of appropriations.

**§ 7201. Definitions**

In this chapter:

**(1) Secretary**

The term “Secretary” means the Secretary of the Interior.

**(2) System**

The term “system” means the National Landscape Conservation System established by section 7202(a) of this title.

(Pub. L. 111-11, title II, §2001, Mar. 30, 2009, 123 Stat. 1094.)

**§ 7202. Establishment of the National Landscape Conservation System**

**(a) Establishment**

In order to conserve, protect, and restore nationally significant landscapes that have outstanding cultural, ecological, and scientific values for the benefit of current and future generations, there is established in the Bureau of Land Management the National Landscape Conservation System.

**(b) Components**

The system shall include each of the following areas administered by the Bureau of Land Management:

- (1) Each area that is designated as—
  - (A) a national monument;
  - (B) a national conservation area;
  - (C) a wilderness study area;
  - (D) a national scenic trail or national historic trail designated as a component of the National Trails System;
  - (E) a component of the National Wild and Scenic Rivers System; or
  - (F) a component of the National Wilderness Preservation System.

(2) Any area designated by Congress to be administered for conservation purposes, including—

(A) the Steens Mountain Cooperative Management and Protection Area;

(B) the Headwaters Forest Reserve;

(C) the Yaquina Head Outstanding Natural Area;

(D) public land within the California Desert Conservation Area administered by the Bureau of Land Management for conservation purposes; and

(E) any additional area designated by Congress for inclusion in the system.

**(c) Management**

The Secretary shall manage the system—

(1) in accordance with any applicable law (including regulations) relating to any component of the system included under subsection (b); and

(2) in a manner that protects the values for which the components of the system were designated.

**(d) Effect**

**(1) In general**

Nothing in this chapter enhances, diminishes, or modifies any law or proclamation (including regulations relating to the law or proclamation) under which the components of the system described in subsection (b) were established or are managed, including—

(A) the Alaska National Interest Lands Conservation Act (16 U.S.C. 3101 et seq.);

(B) the Wilderness Act (16 U.S.C. 1131 et seq.);

(C) the Wild and Scenic Rivers Act (16 U.S.C. 1271 et seq.);

(D) the National Trails System Act (16 U.S.C. 1241 et seq.); and

(E) the Federal Land Policy and Management Act of 1976 (43 U.S.C. 1701 et seq.).

**(2) Fish and wildlife**

Nothing in this chapter shall be construed as affecting the authority, jurisdiction, or responsibility of the several States to manage, control, or regulate fish and resident wildlife under State law or regulations, including the regulation of hunting, fishing, trapping and recreational shooting on public land managed by the Bureau of Land Management. Nothing in this chapter shall be construed as limiting access for hunting, fishing, trapping, or recreational shooting.

(Pub. L. 111-11, title II, §2002, Mar. 30, 2009, 123 Stat. 1095.)

REFERENCES IN TEXT

The Alaska National Interest Lands Conservation Act, referred to in subsec. (d)(1)(A), is Pub. L. 96-487, Dec. 2, 1980, 94 Stat. 2371. For complete classification of this Act to the Code, see Short Title note set out under section 3101 of this title and Tables.

The Wilderness Act, referred to in subsec. (d)(1)(B), is Pub. L. 88-577, Sept. 3, 1964, 78 Stat. 890, which is classified generally to chapter 23 (§1131 et seq.) of this title. For complete classification of this Act to the Code, see Short Title note set out under section 1131 of this title and Tables.

The Wild and Scenic Rivers Act, referred to in subsec. (d)(1)(C), is Pub. L. 90-542, Oct. 2, 1968, 82 Stat. 906, which is classified generally to chapter 28 (§1271 et seq.) of this title. For complete classification of this Act to the Code, see Short Title note set out under section 1271 of this title and Tables.

The National Trails System Act, referred to in subsec. (d)(1)(D), is Pub. L. 90-543, Oct. 2, 1968, 82 Stat. 919, which is classified generally to chapter 27 (§1241 et seq.) of this title. For complete classification of this Act to the Code, see Short Title note set out under section 1241 of this title and Tables.

The Federal Land Policy and Management Act of 1976, referred to in subsec. (d)(1)(E), is Pub. L. 94-579, Oct. 21, 1976, 90 Stat. 2743, which is classified principally to chapter 35 (§1701 et seq.) of Title 43, Public Lands. For complete classification of this Act to the Code, see Short Title note set out under section 1701 of Title 43 and Tables.

**§ 7203. Authorization of appropriations**

There are authorized to be appropriated such sums as are necessary to carry out this chapter. (Pub. L. 111-11, title II, §2003, Mar. 30, 2009, 123 Stat. 1096.)

**CHAPTER 92—FOREST LANDSCAPE RESTORATION**

Sec.	
7301.	Purpose.
7302.	Definitions.
7303.	Collaborative Forest Landscape Restoration Program.
7304.	Authorization of appropriations.

**§ 7301. Purpose**

The purpose of this chapter is to encourage the collaborative, science-based ecosystem restoration of priority forest landscapes through a process that—

- (1) encourages ecological, economic, and social sustainability;
- (2) leverages local resources with national and private resources;
- (3) facilitates the reduction of wildfire management costs, including through reestablishing natural fire regimes and reducing the risk of uncharacteristic wildfire; and
- (4) demonstrates the degree to which—
  - (A) various ecological restoration techniques—
    - (i) achieve ecological and watershed health objectives; and
    - (ii) affect wildfire activity and management costs; and
  - (B) the use of forest restoration byproducts can offset treatment costs while benefiting local rural economies and improving forest health.

(Pub. L. 111-11, title IV, §4001, Mar. 30, 2009, 123 Stat. 1141.)

**§ 7302. Definitions**

In this chapter:

**(1) Fund**

The term “Fund” means the Collaborative Forest Landscape Restoration Fund established by section 7303(f) of this title.

**(2) Program**

The term “program” means the Collaborative Forest Landscape Restoration Program established under section 7303(a) of this title.

**(3) Proposal**

The term “proposal” means a collaborative forest landscape restoration proposal described in section 7303(b) of this title.

**(4) Secretary**

The term “Secretary” means the Secretary of Agriculture, acting through the Chief of the Forest Service.

**(5) Strategy**

The term “strategy” means a landscape restoration strategy described in section 7303(b)(1) of this title.

(Pub. L. 111-11, title IV, §4002, Mar. 30, 2009, 123 Stat. 1141.)

**§ 7303. Collaborative Forest Landscape Restoration Program**

**(a) In general**

The Secretary, in consultation with the Secretary of the Interior, shall establish a Collaborative Forest Landscape Restoration Program to select and fund ecological restoration treatments for priority forest landscapes in accordance with—

- (1) the Endangered Species Act of 1973 (16 U.S.C. 1531 et seq.);
- (2) the National Environmental Policy Act of 1969 (42 U.S.C. 4321 et seq.); and
- (3) any other applicable law.

**(b) Eligibility criteria**

To be eligible for nomination under subsection (c), a collaborative forest landscape restoration proposal shall—

- (1) be based on a landscape restoration strategy that—
  - (A) is complete or substantially complete;
  - (B) identifies and prioritizes ecological restoration treatments for a 10-year period within a landscape that is—
    - (i) at least 50,000 acres;
    - (ii) comprised primarily of forested National Forest System land, but may also include land under the jurisdiction of the Bureau of Land Management, land under the jurisdiction of the Bureau of Indian Affairs, or other Federal, State, tribal, or private land;
    - (iii) in need of active ecosystem restoration; and
    - (iv) accessible by existing or proposed wood-processing infrastructure at an appropriate scale to use woody biomass and small-diameter wood removed in ecological restoration treatments;
  - (C) incorporates the best available science and scientific application tools in ecological restoration strategies;
  - (D) fully maintains, or contributes toward the restoration of, the structure and composition of old growth stands according to the pre-fire suppression old growth conditions characteristic of the forest type, taking into account the contribution of the stand to landscape fire adaptation and watershed health and retaining the large trees contributing to old growth structure;
  - (E) would carry out any forest restoration treatments that reduce hazardous fuels by—
    - (i) focusing on small diameter trees, thinning, strategic fuel breaks, and fire use to modify fire behavior, as measured by the projected reduction of

(Pub. L. 111-11, title IV, §4002, Mar. 30, 2009, 123 Stat. 1141.)