

“(E) with respect to the fiscal year beginning October 1, 1989, \$36,000,000,000; and
 “(F) with respect to the fiscal year beginning October 1, 1990, zero.”
 1986—Par. (6). Pub. L. 99-514 substituted “Internal Revenue Code of 1986” for “Internal Revenue Code of 1954”, which for purposes of codification was translated as “title 26” thus requiring no change in text.
 1985—Par. (2). Pub. L. 99-177, §201(a)(2), inserted reference to the collection of offsetting receipts, effective Apr. 15, 1986.
 Par. (4). Pub. L. 99-177, §232(b), struck out subpar. (B) relating to concurrent resolutions as provided in section 641 of this title, and redesignated subpar. (C) as (B).
 Pars. (6) to (10). Pub. L. 99-177, §201(a)(1), added pars. (6) to (10).
 1977—Pub. L. 95-110 struck out designation “(a)” before “For the purpose of this chapter” and struck out subsec. (b) which provided that Members of the respective Houses of Congress who were members of the Joint Committee on Atomic Energy were to be treated as standing committees of their respective Houses of Congress.

CHANGE OF NAME

References to the food stamp program established under the Food and Nutrition Act of 2008 considered to refer to the supplemental nutrition assistance program established under that Act, see section 4002(c) of Pub. L. 110-246, set out as a note under section 2012 of Title 7, Agriculture.

EFFECTIVE DATE OF 1990 AMENDMENT

Pub. L. 101-508, title XIII, §13211(b), Nov. 5, 1990, 104 Stat. 1388-620, provided that: “The amendment made by subsection (a) [amending this section] shall be effective for fiscal year 1992 and subsequent fiscal years.”

EFFECTIVE DATE OF 1985 AMENDMENT

Amendment by sections 201(a)(1) and 232(b) of Pub. L. 99-177 effective Dec. 12, 1985, and applicable with respect to fiscal years beginning after Sept. 30, 1985, and amendment by section 201(a)(2) of Pub. L. 99-177 effective Apr. 15, 1986, see section 275(a)(1), (2)(A) of Pub. L. 99-177, as amended, formerly set out as an Effective and Termination Dates note under section 900 of this title prior to repeal by Pub. L. 112-25, title I, §104(a), Aug. 2, 2011, 125 Stat. 246.

§ 623. Continuing study of additional budget reform proposals

(a) The Committees on the Budget of the House of Representatives and the Senate shall study on a continuing basis proposals designed to improve and facilitate methods of congressional budgetmaking. The proposals to be studied shall include, but are not limited to, proposals for—

- (1) improving the information base required for determining the effectiveness of new programs by such means as pilot testing, survey research, and other experimental and analytical techniques;
- (2) improving analytical and systematic evaluation of the effectiveness of existing programs;
- (3) establishing maximum and minimum time limitations for program authorization; and
- (4) developing techniques of human resource accounting and other means of providing non-economic as well as economic evaluation measures.

(b) The Committee on the Budget of each House shall, from time to time, report to its

House the results of the study carried on by it under subsection (a) of this section, together with its recommendations.

(c) Nothing in this section shall preclude studies to improve the budgetary process by any other committee of the House of Representatives or the Senate or any joint committee of the Congress.

(Pub. L. 93-344, title VII, §703, July 12, 1974, 88 Stat. 326.)

CODIFICATION

Section was formerly classified to section 1303 of Title 31 prior to the general revision and enactment of Title 31, Money and Finance, by Pub. L. 97-258, §1, Sept. 13, 1982, 96 Stat. 877.

SUBCHAPTER I—CONGRESSIONAL BUDGET PROCESS

§ 631. Timetable

The timetable with respect to the congressional budget process for any fiscal year is as follows:

On or before:	Action to be completed:
First Monday in February.	President submits his budget.
February 15	Congressional Budget Office submits report to Budget Committees.
Not later than 6 weeks after President submits budget.	Committees submit views and estimates to Budget Committees.
April 1	Senate Budget Committee reports concurrent resolution on the budget.
April 15	Congress completes action on concurrent resolution on the budget.
May 15	Annual appropriation bills may be considered in the House.
June 10	House Appropriations Committee reports last annual appropriation bill.
June 15	Congress completes action on reconciliation legislation.
June 30	House completes action on annual appropriation bills.
October 1	Fiscal year begins.

(Pub. L. 93-344, title III, §300, July 12, 1974, 88 Stat. 306; Pub. L. 99-177, title II, §201(b), Dec. 12, 1985, 99 Stat. 1040; Pub. L. 101-508, title XIII, §13112(a)(4), Nov. 5, 1990, 104 Stat. 1388-608; Pub. L. 105-33, title X, §10104(a), Aug. 5, 1997, 111 Stat. 679.)

CODIFICATION

Section was formerly classified to section 1321 of Title 31 prior to the general revision and enactment of Title 31, Money and Finance, by Pub. L. 97-258, §1, Sept. 13, 1982, 96 Stat. 877.

AMENDMENTS

1997—Pub. L. 105-33 substituted “Not later than 6 weeks after President submits budget” for “February 25”.

1990—Pub. L. 101-508 substituted “First Monday in February” for “First Monday after January 3”.

1985—Pub. L. 99-177 amended section generally. Prior to the amendment the timetable was on or before: November 10—President submits current services budget; 15th day after Congress meets—President submits his