

from persons recommended by the Secretary of Defense to represent the Armed Forces, and (B) two of whom shall be appointed from among persons recommended by the Regents of the Smithsonian Institution. Not less than two members appointed by the President shall be from civilian life.

(c) Term of office; vacancies

Members of the Board appointed by the President shall be appointed to serve for a period of six years; except that any member appointed to fill a vacancy occurring prior to the expiration of the term for which his predecessor was appointed shall be appointed for the remainder of such term and the terms of office of the members first appointed shall expire, as designated by the President at the time of appointment, three at the end of two years, three at the end of four years, and three at the end of six years.

(d) Quorum

Five members of the Board shall constitute a quorum and any vacancy in the Board shall not affect its power to function.

(e) Compensation, travel and other expenses

The members of the Board shall serve without compensation but shall be reimbursed for travel, subsistence, and other necessary expenses incurred by them in the performance of their duties as members of the Board.

(f) Biennial organization; rules and regulations

The Board shall select officers from among its members biennially and shall make such bylaws, rules, and regulations as it deems necessary for the furtherance of its business.

(Pub. L. 87-186, §1, Aug. 30, 1961, 75 Stat. 414.)

§ 80a. Display of contributions of Armed Forces

(a) Study center; historical collections

The Smithsonian Institution shall commemorate and display the contributions made by the military forces of the Nation toward creating, developing, and maintaining a free, peaceful, and independent society and culture in the United States of America. The valor and sacrificial service of the men and women of the Armed Forces shall be portrayed as an inspiration to the present and future generations of America. The demands placed upon the full energies of our people, the hardships endured, and the sacrifice demanded in our constant search for world peace shall be clearly demonstrated. The extensive peacetime contributions the Armed Forces have made to the advance of human knowledge in science, nuclear energy, polar and space exploration, electronics, engineering, aeronautics, and medicine shall be graphically described. The Smithsonian Institution shall interpret through dramatic display significant current problems affecting the Nation's security. It shall be equipped with a study center for scholarly research into the meaning of war, its effect on civilization, and the role of the Armed Forces in maintaining a just and lasting peace by providing a powerful deterrent to war. In fulfilling its purposes, the Smithsonian Institution shall collect, preserve, and exhibit military objects of historical interest and significance.

(b) National Air and Space Museum provisions unaffected

The provisions of this subchapter in no way rescind subchapter VII of this chapter, which established the National Air and Space Museum of the Smithsonian Institution, or any other authority of the Smithsonian Institution.

(Pub. L. 87-186, §2, Aug. 30, 1961, 75 Stat. 414; Pub. L. 89-509, pt. I, §2, July 19, 1966, 80 Stat. 310.)

CHANGE OF NAME

“National Air and Space Museum” substituted for “National Air Museum” in subsec. (b) pursuant to section 2 of Pub. L. 89-509, which is classified to section 77 of this title.

§ 80b. Selection of site

(a) Authorization of Board of Regents; submission of recommendations to Congress

The Board of Regents of the Smithsonian Institution is authorized and directed, with the advice and assistance of the Board, to investigate and survey lands and buildings in and near the District of Columbia suitable for the display of military collections. The Board of Regents of the Smithsonian Institution shall, after consulting with and seeking the advice of the Commission on Fine Arts, the National Capital Planning Commission, and the General Services Administration, submit recommendations to the Congress with respect to the acquisition of lands and buildings for such purpose.

(b) Public exhibits and study collections; exhibits of military and naval operations

Buildings acquired pursuant to recommendations made under subsection (a) of this section shall be used to house public exhibits and study collections that are not appropriate for the military exhibits of the Smithsonian Institution on the Mall in the District of Columbia. Facilities shall be provided for the display of large military objects and for the reconstruction, in an appropriate way, on lands acquired pursuant to recommendations made under subsection (a) of this section, of exhibits showing the nature of fortifications, trenches, and other military and naval facilities characteristic of the American colonial period, the War of the Revolution, and subsequent American military and naval operations.

(Pub. L. 87-186, §3, Aug. 30, 1961, 75 Stat. 415.)

§ 80c. Transfer or loan of objects, equipment and records to Smithsonian Institution

The heads of executive departments and independent agencies of the Government are authorized to transfer or loan to the Smithsonian Institution for its use without charge therefor military, naval, aeronautical, and space objects, equipment and records for exhibition, historical, or other appropriate purposes.

(Pub. L. 87-186, §4, Aug. 30, 1961, 75 Stat. 415.)

§ 80d. Authorization of appropriations

There are authorized to be appropriated to the Smithsonian Institution such sums as may be necessary for the purposes of this subchapter.

(Pub. L. 87-186, § 5, Aug. 30, 1961, 75 Stat. 415.)

SUBCHAPTER XI—WOODROW WILSON
INTERNATIONAL CENTER FOR SCHOLARS

§ 80e. Congressional declaration of policy

The Congress hereby finds and declares—

(1) that a living institution expressing the ideals and concerns of Woodrow Wilson would be an appropriate memorial to his accomplishments as the twenty-eighth President of the United States, a distinguished scholar, an outstanding university president, and a brilliant advocate of international understanding;

(2) that the Woodrow Wilson Memorial Commission, created by joint resolution of Congress, recommended that an International Center for Scholars be constructed in the District of Columbia in the area north of the proposed Market Square as part of the Nation's memorial to Woodrow Wilson;

(3) that such a center, symbolizing and strengthening the fruitful relation between the world of learning and the world of public affairs, would be a suitable memorial to the spirit of Woodrow Wilson; and

(4) that the establishment of such a center would be consonant with the purposes of the Smithsonian Institution, created by Congress in 1846 “for the increase and diffusion of knowledge among men.”

(Pub. L. 90-637, § 2, Oct. 24, 1968, 82 Stat. 1357.)

SHORT TITLE

Pub. L. 90-637, § 1, Oct. 24, 1968, 82 Stat. 1356, provided: “That this Act [enacting this subchapter] may be cited as the ‘Woodrow Wilson Memorial Act of 1968.’”

§ 80f. Woodrow Wilson International Center for Scholars; Board of Trustees of the Center

(a) Establishment

There is hereby established in the Smithsonian Institution a Woodrow Wilson International Center for Scholars and a Board of Trustees of the Center (hereinafter referred to as the “Center” and the “Board”), whose duties it shall be to maintain and administer the Center and site thereof and to execute such other functions as are vested in the Board by this subchapter.

(b) Composition of Board

The Board of Trustees shall be composed of 17 members as follows:

- (1) the Secretary of State;
- (2) the Secretary of Health and Human Services;
- (3) the Secretary of Education;
- (4) the Chairman of the National Endowment for the Humanities;
- (5) the Secretary of the Smithsonian Institution;
- (6) the Librarian of Congress;
- (7) the Archivist of the United States;
- (8) one member appointed by the President from time to time from within the Federal Government; and
- (9) 9 members appointed by the President from private life.

(c) Appointment of alternate members by members of Board

Each member of the Board of Trustees specified in paragraphs (1) through (8) of subsection

(b) of this section may designate another official to serve on the Board of Trustees in his stead.

(d) Terms of office; vacancies; reappointment

Each member of the Board of Trustees appointed under paragraph (10) of subsection (b) of this section shall serve for a term of six years from the expiration of his predecessor's term; except that (1) any trustee appointed to fill a vacancy occurring prior to the expiration of the term for which his predecessor was appointed shall be appointed for the remainder of such term, and (2) the terms of office of the trustees first taking office shall begin on October 24, 1968, and shall expire as designated at the time of appointment, two at the end of two years, three at the end of four years, and three at the end of six years. No trustee of the Board chosen from private life shall be eligible to serve in excess of two consecutive terms, except that a trustee whose term has expired may serve until his successor has qualified.

(e) Chairman and Vice Chairman of Board

The President shall designate a Chairman and a Vice Chairman from among the members of the Board chosen from private life.

(Pub. L. 90-637, § 3, Oct. 24, 1968, 82 Stat. 1357; Pub. L. 95-426, title II, § 206, Oct. 7, 1978, 92 Stat. 975; Pub. L. 101-268, Apr. 9, 1990, 104 Stat. 132; Pub. L. 105-277, div. G, subd. A, title XIII, § 1335(i), Oct. 21, 1998, 112 Stat. 2681-788.)

AMENDMENTS

1998—Subsec. (b). Pub. L. 105-277, § 1335(i)(1)(A), substituted “17” for “19” in introductory provisions.

Subsec. (b)(7) to (10). Pub. L. 105-277, § 1335(i)(1)(B)-(D), redesignated pars. (8) to (10) as (7) to (9), respectively, in par. (9) substituted “9” for “10”, and struck out former par. (7) which read as follows: “the Director of the United States Information Agency.”

Subsec. (c). Pub. L. 105-277, § 1335(i)(2), substituted “(8)” for “(9)”.

1990—Subsec. (b). Pub. L. 101-268, § 1, amended subsec. (b) generally. Prior to amendment, subsec. (b) read as follows: “The Board of Trustees shall be composed of sixteen members as follows:

- “(1) the Secretary of State;
- “(2) the Director of the United States Information Agency;
- “(3) the Secretary of Health and Human Services;
- “(4) the Chairman of the National Endowment for the Humanities;
- “(5) the Secretary of the Smithsonian Institution;
- “(6) the Librarian of Congress;
- “(7) the Archivist of the United States;
- “(8) one appointed by the President from time to time from within the Federal Government; and
- “(9) eight appointed by the President from private life.”

Subsec. (c). Pub. L. 101-268, § 2(1), substituted “(9)” for “(8)”.

Subsec. (d). Pub. L. 101-268, § 2(2), substituted “(10)” for “(9)”.

1978—Subsec. (b). Pub. L. 95-426, § 206(a)(1), substituted “sixteen” for “fifteen”.

Subsec. (b)(2) to (9). Pub. L. 95-426, § 206(a)(2), (3), designated pars. (2) to (8) as (3) to (9), respectively, and added a new par. (2) “the Director of the International Communication Agency”.

Subsec. (c). Pub. L. 95-426, § 206(b)(1), substituted “(8)” for “(7)”.

Subsec. (d). Pub. L. 95-426, § 206(b)(2), substituted “(9)” for “(8)”.