section may be used for 1 or more of the following:
(i) Early childhood intervention projects from birth on to mitigate the effects of fetal alcohol spectrum disorders among Indians.
(ii) Community-based support services for Indians and women pregnant with Indian children.
(iii) Community-based housing for adult Indians with fetal alcohol spectrum disorders.

## (3) Criteria for applications

The Secretary shall establish criteria for the review and approval of applications for funding under this section.

## (b) Services

The Secretary, acting through the Service, Indian Tribes, and Tribal Organizations, shall-
(1) develop and provide services for the prevention, intervention, treatment, and aftercare for those affected by fetal alcohol spectrum disorders in Indian communities; and
(2) provide supportive services, including services to meet the special educational, vocational, school-to-work transition, and independent living needs of adolescent and adult Indians with fetal alcohol spectrum disorders.

## (c) Applied research projects

The Secretary, acting through the Substance Abuse and Mental Health Services Administration, shall make grants to Indian Tribes, Tribal Organizations, and urban Indian Organizations for applied research projects which propose to elevate the understanding of methods to prevent, intervene, treat, or provide rehabilitation and behavioral health aftercare for Indians and urban Indians affected by fetal alcohol spectrum disorders.

## (d) Funding for urban Indian organizations

Ten percent of the funds appropriated pursuant to this section shall be used to make grants to urban Indian Organizations funded under subchapter IV.
(Pub. L. 94-437, title VII, §712, as added Pub. L. 111-148, title X, §10221(a), Mar. 23, 2010, 124 Stat. 935.)

## Codification

Section 712 of Pub. L. 94-437 is based on section 181 of title I of S. 1790, One Hundred Eleventh Congress, as reported by the Committee on Indian Affairs of the Senate in Dec. 2009, which was enacted into law by section 10221(a) of Pub. L. 111-148.

## Prior Provisions

A prior section 1665 k , Pub. L. 94-437, title VII, §712, as added Pub. L. 102-573, title VII, § 702(a), Oct. 29, 1992, 106 Stat. 4581, provided for establishment of the Gila River alcohol and substance abuse treatment facility, prior to the general amendment of this subchapter by Pub. L. 111-148.

## $\S 1665 l$. Child sexual abuse prevention and treatment programs

(a) Establishment

The Secretary, acting through the Service, shall establish, consistent with section 1665a of
this title, in every Service area, programs involving treatment for-
(1) victims of sexual abuse who are Indian children or children in an Indian household; and
(2) other members of the household or family of the victims described in paragraph (1).

## (b) Use of funds

Funding provided pursuant to this section shall be used for the following:
(1) To develop and provide community education and prevention programs related to sexual abuse of Indian children or children in an Indian household.
(2) To identify and provide behavioral health treatment to victims of sexual abuse who are Indian children or children in an Indian household, and to their family members who are affected by sexual abuse.
(3) To develop prevention and intervention models which incorporate traditional health care practices, cultural values, and community involvement.
(4) To develop and implement culturally sensitive assessment and diagnostic tools for use in Indian communities and urban centers.

## (c) Coordination

The programs established under subsection (a) shall be carried out in coordination with programs and services authorized under the Indian Child Protection and Family Violence Prevention Act ( 25 U.S.C. 3201 et seq.).
(Pub. L. 94-437, title VII, §713, as added Pub. L. 111-148, title X, §10221(a), Mar. 23, 2010, 124 Stat. 935.)

## References in Text

The Indian Child Protection and Family Violence Prevention Act, referred to in subsec. (c), is title IV of Pub. L. 101-630, Nov. 28, 1990, 104 Stat. 4544, which is classified principally to chapter 34 (§3201 et seq.) of this title. For complete classification of this Act to the Code, see Short Title note set out under section 3201 of this title and Tables.

## Codification

Section 713 of Pub. L. 94-437 is based on section 181 of title I of S. 1790, One Hundred Eleventh Congress, as reported by the Committee on Indian Affairs of the Senate in Dec. 2009, which was enacted into law by section 10221(a) of Pub. L. 111-148.

## Prior Provisions

A prior section 1665l, Pub. L. 94-437, title VII, §713, as added Pub. L. 102-573, title VII, §702(a), Oct. 29, 1992, 106 Stat. 4581, provided for the conduct of the Alaska Native drug and alcohol abuse demonstration project, prior to the general amendment of this subchapter by Pub. L. 111-148.

## $\S 1665 m$. Domestic and sexual violence prevention and treatment

## (a) In general

The Secretary, in accordance with section $1665 a$ of this title, is authorized to establish in each Service area programs involving the prevention and treatment of-
(1) Indian victims of domestic violence or sexual abuse; and
(2) other members of the household or family of the victims described in paragraph (1).

## (b) Use of funds

Funds made available to carry out this section shall be used-
(1) to develop and implement prevention programs and community education programs relating to domestic violence and sexual abuse;
(2) to provide behavioral health services, including victim support services, and medical treatment (including examinations performed by sexual assault nurse examiners) to Indian victims of domestic violence or sexual abuse;
(3) to purchase rape kits; and
(4) to develop prevention and intervention models, which may incorporate traditional health care practices.

## (c) Training and certification

(1) In general

Not later than 1 year after March 23, 2010, the Secretary shall establish appropriate protocols, policies, procedures, standards of practice, and, if not available elsewhere, training curricula and training and certification requirements for services for victims of domestic violence and sexual abuse.

## (2) Report

Not later than 18 months after March 23, 2010, the Secretary shall submit to the Committee on Indian Affairs of the Senate and the Committee on Natural Resources of the House of Representatives a report that describes the means and extent to which the Secretary has carried out paragraph (1).

## (d) Coordination

## (1) In general

The Secretary, in coordination with the Attorney General, Federal and tribal law enforcement agencies, Indian health programs, and domestic violence or sexual assault victim organizations, shall develop appropriate victim services and victim advocate training pro-grams-
(A) to improve domestic violence or sexual abuse responses;
(B) to improve forensic examinations and collection;
(C) to identify problems or obstacles in the prosecution of domestic violence or sexual abuse; and
(D) to meet other needs or carry out other activities required to prevent, treat, and improve prosecutions of domestic violence and sexual abuse.

## (2) Report

Not later than 2 years after March 23, 2010, the Secretary shall submit to the Committee on Indian Affairs of the Senate and the Committee on Natural Resources of the House of Representatives a report that describes, with respect to the matters described in paragraph (1), the improvements made and needed, problems or obstacles identified, and costs necessary to address the problems or obstacles, and any other recommendations that the Secretary determines to be appropriate.
(Pub. L. 94-437, title VII, §714, as added Pub. L. 111-148, title X, §10221(a), Mar. 23, 2010, 124 Stat. 935.)

## Codification

Section 714 of Pub. L. 94-437 is based on section 181 of title I of S. 1790, One Hundred Eleventh Congress, as reported by the Committee on Indian Affairs of the Senate in Dec. 2009, which was enacted into law by section 10221(a) of Pub. L. 111-148.

## Prior Provisions

A prior section 1665 m , Pub. L. 94-437, title VII, §714, as added Pub. L. 102-573, title VII, §702(a), Oct. 29, 1992, 106 Stat. 4581, authorized appropriations through fiscal year 2000 to carry out this subchapter, prior to the general amendment of this subchapter by Pub. L. 111-148.

## § 1665n. Behavioral health research

## (a) In general

The Secretary, in consultation with appropriate Federal agencies, shall make grants to, or enter into contracts with, Indian tribes, tribal organizations, and urban Indian organizations or enter into contracts with, or make grants to appropriate institutions for, the conduct of research on the incidence and prevalence of behavioral health problems among Indians served by the Service, Indian tribes, or tribal organizations and among Indians in urban areas. Research priorities under this section shall in-clude-
(1) the multifactorial causes of Indian youth suicide, including-
(A) protective and risk factors and scientific data that identifies those factors; and
(B) the effects of loss of cultural identity and the development of scientific data on those effects;
(2) the interrelationship and interdependence of behavioral health problems with alcoholism and other substance abuse, suicide, homicides, other injuries, and the incidence of family violence; and
(3) the development of models of prevention techniques.

## (b) Emphasis

The effect of the interrelationships and interdependencies referred to in subsection (a)(2) on children, and the development of prevention techniques under subsection (a)(3) applicable to children, shall be emphasized.
(Pub. L. 94-437, title VII, §715, as added Pub. L. 111-148, title X, §10221(a), Mar. 23, 2010, 124 Stat. 935.)

## Codification

Section 715 of Pub. L. 94-437 is based on section 181 of title I of S. 1790, One Hundred Eleventh Congress, as reported by the Committee on Indian Affairs of the Senate in Dec. 2009, which was enacted into law by section 10221(a) of Pub. L. 111-148.

Part B—Indian Youth Suicide Prevention

## $\S$ 1667. Findings and purpose

## (a) Findings

Congress finds that-
(1)(A) the rate of suicide of American Indians and Alaska Natives is 1.9 times higher than the national average rate; and
(B) the rate of suicide of Indian and Alaska Native youth aged 15 through 24 is-
(i) 3.5 times the national average rate; and

