involves certain lands within the State and there are also claims by the tribe to other areas of Florida by virtue of an 1839 Executive order of the President and by right of non-extinguishment of aboriginal possession which has been asserted but not filed in court;

- (2) the pendency of this lawsuit and these claims may result in economic hardships for residents of the State by clouding the titles to lands in the State, including lands not now involved in the lawsuit;
- (3) the pendency of this lawsuit and these claims also have clouded the easement rights of the South Florida Water Management District in lands necessary for use as a water flowage and storage area, which is part of a federally authorized project for flood control and water management in central and southern Florida, and which is being used to provide and regulate a water supply for the residents of south Florida;
- (4) the State, the district, and the tribe have executed agreements for the purposes of resolving tribal land claims and settling the lawsuit—
 - (A) which include conveyance of land and payment of consideration to the tribe; and
 - (B) which require implementing legislation by the Congress of the United States and the Legislature of the State of Florida;
- (5) Congress shares with the parties to such agreements a desire to settle these Indian claims in the State of Florida without additional cost to the United States;
- (6) there is considerable uncertainty as to the nature and extent of the water rights of the tribe, and that continued controversy over this should be settled by agreement; and
- (7) the State, the district, and the tribe have entered into a compact which, if approved by Congress and the Florida Legislature, creates specifically defined water rights in lieu of the undefined water rights claimed by the tribe.

 $(Pub.\ L.\ 100–228,\ \S\,2,\ Dec.\ 31,\ 1987,\ 101\ Stat.\ 1556.)$

EFFECTIVE DATE

Pub. L. 100-228, §10, Dec. 31, 1987, 101 Stat. 1561, provided that: "This Act [enacting this subchapter] shall take effect upon the date of its enactment [Dec. 31, 1987]."

SHORT TITLE

Pub. L. 100-228, §1, Dec. 31, 1987, 101 Stat. 1556, provided that: "This Act [enacting this subchapter] may be cited as the 'Seminole Indian Land Claims Settlement Act of 1987'."

§ 1772a. Definitions

For purposes of this subchapter—

- (1) The term "tribe" means the Seminole Tribe of Indians of Florida or Seminole Tribe of Florida, a tribe of American Indians recognized by the United States and organized under section 476 of this title and recognized by the State of Florida pursuant to chapter 285. Florida Statutes, and its successors.
- 285, Florida Statutes, and its successors.

 (2) The term "State" means the State of Florida and its agencies, political subdivisions, constitutional officers, officials of its agencies and subdivisions and their successors.
- (3) The term "district" means the South Florida Water Management District, the agen-

- cy of the State of Florida created by chapter 25270, laws of Florida (1949) to operate pursuant to chapter 373 Florida Statutes, and its successors.
- (4) The term "Secretary" means the Secretary of the Interior.
- (5) The term "lands or natural resources" means any real property or natural resources, or any interest in or right involving any real property or natural resources, including minerals and mineral rights, timber and timber rights, water and water rights, and rights to hunt and fish.
- (6) The term "Settlement Agreement" means the instrument— $\,$
 - (A) executed by the Seminole Tribe, the State of Florida, and the South Florida Water Management District; and
- (B) which will be presented for approval by all three parties to the United States District Court for the southern district of Florida for the purpose of terminating the law-suit entitled Seminole Tribe of Indians of Florida, ¹ v. State of Florida, et al., (Docket No. 78-6116-CIV), and for the extinguishment of rights to all potential or unsettled claims which the tribe may have to lands or natural resources in the State and the purchase of certain tribal interests in real property.
- (7) The term "settlement funds" means those funds which the State of Florida and the South Florida Water Management District have agreed to pay to the tribe under the Settlement Agreement.
- (8) The term "compact" means the Compact incorporated in the Settlement Agreement between the tribe, the State, and the district, which specifically defines the nature and extent of Seminole water rights and the manner of their use within the confines of the area of the district.

(Pub. L. 100-228, §3, Dec. 31, 1987, 101 Stat. 1557.)

§ 1772b. Findings by Secretary

- (a) Section 1772c of this title shall not take effect until 180 days after December 31, 1987, or the date the last of the events described in subsection (b) of this section have occurred and the Secretary so finds, whichever date occurs later.
- (b) The events referred to in subsection (a) of this section are—
 - (1) the State and district pay settlement funds pursuant to the terms of the Settlement Agreement for the case captioned Seminole Tribe of Indians of Florida v. State of Florida et al., or equivalent consideration by land exchange to the tribe; and
 - (2) the State enacts appropriate legislation to carry out the commitments under the Settlement Agreement including the compact between the State, the district and the tribe, and the State and the district have given the waiver specified in paragraph 5c of such agreement.

(Pub. L. 100-228, §4, Dec. 31, 1987, 101 Stat. 1557.)

¹ So in original. The comma probably should not appear.