

§ 618n. Wages of employees

All laborers and mechanics employed in the construction of any part of the project, or in the operation, maintenance, or replacement of any part of the Hoover Dam, shall be paid not less than the prevailing rate of wages or compensation for work of a similar nature prevailing in the locality of the project. In the event any dispute arises as to what are the prevailing rates, the determination thereof shall be made by the Secretary of the Interior, and his decision, subject to the concurrence of the Secretary of Labor, shall be final.

(July 19, 1940, ch. 643, §15, 54 Stat. 779; Apr. 30, 1947, ch. 46, 61 Stat. 56.)

CHANGE OF NAME

“Hoover Dam” substituted in text for “Boulder Dam” on authority of act Apr. 30, 1947, which changed name of Boulder Dam to Hoover Dam.

§ 618o. Short title

This subchapter may be cited as “Boulder Canyon Project Adjustment Act”.

(July 19, 1940, ch. 643, §16, 54 Stat. 779.)

§ 618p. Omitted

CODIFICATION

Section, act Oct. 12, 1949, ch. 680, title I, §101, in part, 63 Stat. 784, related to reports to Congressional appropriations committees on Colorado River dam funds, was from the Interior Department Appropriation Act, 1950, and was not repeated in subsequent appropriation acts. Similar provisions were contained in act June 29, 1948, ch. 754, §1, 62 Stat. 1130.

SUBCHAPTER III—HOOVER DAM
CONTRACTS AND FACILITIES**§ 619. Increase in capacity of existing generating equipment at Hoover Powerplant; construction of Colorado River bridge crossing****(a) Hoover Powerplant generating equipment; increase in capacity; improvement of appurtenances; authorization of Secretary**

The Secretary of the Interior is authorized to increase the capacity of existing generating equipment and appurtenances at Hoover Powerplant (hereinafter in this subchapter referred to as “uprating program”); and to improve parking, visitor facilities, and roadways and to provide additional elevators, and other facilities that will contribute to the safety and sufficiency of visitor access to Hoover Dam and Powerplant (hereinafter in this subchapter referred to as “visitor facilities program”).

(b) Construction of Colorado River bridge crossing; authorization of Secretary

The Secretary of the Interior is authorized to construct a Colorado River bridge crossing, including suitable approach spans, immediately downstream from Hoover Dam for the purpose of alleviating traffic congestion and reducing safety hazards. This bridge shall not be a part of the Boulder Canyon project and shall neither be funded nor repaid from the Colorado River Dam Fund or the Lower Colorado River Basin Development Fund.

(Pub. L. 98-381, title I, §101, Aug. 17, 1984, 98 Stat. 1333.)

REFERENCES IN TEXT

This subchapter, was in the original “this Act”, meaning Pub. L. 98-381, Aug. 17, 1984, 98 Stat. 1333, which enacted this subchapter and sections 7274 and 7275 of Title 42, The Public Health and Welfare, and amended sections 617a, 617b, 618, 618a, 618e, 618k, and 1543 of this title. For complete classification of this Act to the Code, see Short Title note below and Tables.

SHORT TITLE OF 2011 AMENDMENT

Pub. L. 112-72, §1, Dec. 20, 2011, 125 Stat. 777, provided that: “This Act [amending section 619a of this title] may be cited as the ‘Hoover Power Allocation Act of 2011.’”

SHORT TITLE

Pub. L. 98-381, §1, Aug. 17, 1984, 98 Stat. 1333, provided that: “This Act [enacting this subchapter, provisions set out as notes under sections 617 and 618 of this title and section 839b of Title 16, Conservation, sections 7274 and 7275 and provisions set out as a note under section 7133 of Title 42, The Public Health and Welfare, and amending sections 617a, 617b, 618, 618a, 618e, 618k, and 1543 of this title] may be cited as the ‘Hoover Power Plant Act of 1984.’”

HOOVER DAM MISCELLANEOUS SALES

Pub. L. 106-461, Nov. 7, 2000, 114 Stat. 1989, provided that:

“SECTION 1. SHORT TITLE.

“This Act may be cited as the ‘Hoover Dam Miscellaneous Sales Act’.

“SEC. 2. FINDINGS.

“Congress finds that—

“(1) the sale and distribution of general public information about the use of public land and water areas for recreation, fish, wildlife, and other purposes serve significant public benefits;

“(2) publications and other materials educate the public and provide general information about Bureau of Reclamation programs and projects;

“(3) in 1997, more than 1,000,000 visitors, including 300,000 from foreign countries, toured the Hoover Dam;

“(4) hundreds of thousands of additional visitors stopped to view the dam;

“(5) visitors often ask to purchase maps, publications, and other items to enhance their experience or serve educational purposes;

“(6) in many cases the Bureau of Reclamation is the sole source of those items;

“(7) the Bureau is in a unique position to fulfill public requests for those items; and

“(8) as a public agency, the Bureau should be responsive to the public by having appropriate items available for sale.

“SEC. 3. PURPOSES.

“The purposes of this Act are—

“(1) to authorize the Secretary of the Interior to offer for sale to members of the public that visit the Hoover Dam Visitor Center educational materials and memorabilia; and

“(2) to use revenue from those sales to repay the costs relating to construction of the Hoover Dam Visitor Center.

“SEC. 4. AUTHORITY TO CONDUCT SALES.

“With respect to the Hoover Dam, the Secretary of the Interior, acting through the Commissioner of Reclamation, may—

“(1) conduct sales of—

“(A) materials generated by the Bureau of Reclamation such as posters, maps, brochures, photographs, and similar publications, videotapes, and

computer information discs that are related to programs or projects of the Bureau; and

“(B) memorabilia and other commemorative items that depict programs or projects of the Bureau;

“(2) convert unneeded property or scrap material into Bureau memorabilia for sale purposes; and

“(3) enter into agreements with nonprofit organizations, other Federal agencies, State and local governments, and commercial entities for—

“(A) the production or sale of items described in paragraphs (1) and (2); and

“(B) the sale of publications described in paragraph (1).

“SEC. 5. COSTS AND REVENUES.

“(a) COSTS.—All costs incurred by the Bureau of Reclamation under this Act shall be paid from the Colorado River Dam fund established by section 2 of the Act of December 21, 1928 (43 U.S.C. 617a).

“(b) REVENUES.—

“(1) USE FOR REPAYMENT OF SALES COSTS.—All revenues collected by the Bureau of Reclamation under this Act shall be credited to the Colorado River Dam fund to remain available, without further Act of appropriation, to pay costs associated with the production and sale of items in accordance with section 4.

“(2) USE FOR REPAYMENT OF CONSTRUCTION COSTS.—All revenues collected by the Bureau of Reclamation under this Act that are not needed to pay costs described in paragraph (1) shall be transferred annually to the general fund of the Treasury in repayment of costs relating to construction of the Hoover Dam Visitor Center.”

§ 619a. Renewal contracts for power

(a) Offering of contracts by Secretary; total power obligation; conforming of regulations; contract expiration and restrictions

(1) The Secretary of Energy shall offer:

(A) To each contractor for power generated at Hoover Dam a contract for delivery commencing October 1, 2017, of the amount of capacity and firm energy specified for that contractor in the following table:

SCHEDULE A

LONG-TERM SCHEDULE A CONTINGENT CAPACITY AND ASSOCIATED FIRM ENERGY FOR OFFERS OF CONTRACTS TO BOULDER CANYON PROJECT CONTRACTORS

Contractor	Contingent capacity (kW)	Firm energy (thousands of kWh)		
		Summer	Winter	Total
Metropolitan Water District of Southern California	249,948	859,163	368,212	1,227,375
City of Los Angeles Southern California Edison Company ...	495,732	464,108	199,175	663,283
City of Glendale	280,245	166,712	71,448	238,160
City of Pasadena	18,178	45,028	19,297	64,325
City of Burbank	11,108	38,622	16,553	55,175
City of Burbank	5,176	14,070	6,030	20,100
Arizona Power Authority	190,869	429,582	184,107	613,689
Colorado River Commission of Nevada	190,869	429,582	184,107	613,689
United States, for Boulder City	20,198	53,200	22,800	76,000
Totals	1,462,323	2,500,067	1,071,729	3,571,796

(B) To each existing contractor for power generated at Hoover Dam, a contract, for delivery commencing October 1, 2017, of the amount of contingent capacity and firm energy specified for that contractor in the following table:

SCHEDULE B

LONG-TERM SCHEDULE B CONTINGENT CAPACITY AND ASSOCIATED FIRM ENERGY FOR OFFERS OF CONTRACTS TO BOULDER CANYON PROJECT CONTRACTORS

Contractor	Contingent capacity (kW)	Firm energy (thousands of kWh)		
		Summer	Winter	Total
City of Glendale	2,020	2,749	1,194	3,943
City of Pasadena	9,089	2,399	1,041	3,440
City of Burbank	15,149	3,604	1,566	5,170
City of Anaheim	40,396	34,442	14,958	49,400
City of Azusa	4,039	3,312	1,438	4,750
City of Banning	2,020	1,324	576	1,900
City of Colton	3,030	2,650	1,150	3,800
City of Riverside	30,296	25,831	11,219	37,050
City of Vernon	22,218	18,546	8,054	26,600
Arizona	189,860	140,600	60,800	201,400
Nevada	189,860	273,600	117,800	391,400
Totals	507,977	509,057	219,796	728,853

(C) To the Arizona Power Authority and the Colorado River Commission of Nevada and to purchasers in the State of California eligible to enter into such contracts under section 5 of the Boulder Canyon Project Act [43 U.S.C. 617d], contracts for delivery commencing October 1, 2017, of such energy generated at Hoover Dam as is available respectively to the States of Arizona, Nevada, and California in excess of 4,501.001 million kilowatthours in any year of operation (hereinafter called excess energy) in accordance with the following table:

SCHEDULE C

EXCESS ENERGY

Priority of entitlement to excess energy	State
First: Meeting Arizona's first priority right to delivery of excess energy which is equal in each year of operation to 200 million kilowatthours: Provided, That in the event excess energy in the amount of 200 million kilowatthours is not generated during any year of operation, Arizona shall accumulate a first right to delivery of excess energy subsequently generated in an amount not to exceed 600 million kilowatthours, inclusive of the current year's 200 million kilowatthours. Said first right of delivery shall accrue at a rate of 200 million kilowatthours per year for each year excess energy in an amount of 200 million kilowatthours is not generated, less amounts of excess energy delivered.	Arizona
Second: Meeting Hoover Dam contractual obligations under Schedule A of subsection (a)(1)(A), under Schedule B of subsection (a)(1)(B), and under Schedule D of subsection (a)(2), not exceeding 26 million kilowatthours in each year of operation.	Arizona, Nevada, and California
Third: Meeting the energy requirements of the three States, such available excess energy to be divided equally among the States.	Arizona, Nevada, and California

(2)(A) The Secretary of Energy is authorized to and shall create from the apportioned allocation of contingent capacity and firm energy adjusted from the amounts authorized in this subchapter in 1984 to the amounts shown in Schedule A and Schedule B, as modified by the Hoover Power Allocation Act of 2011, a resource pool equal to 5 percent of the full rated capacity of 2,074,000 kilowatts, and associated firm energy, as shown in Schedule D (referred to in this section as “Schedule D contingent capacity and firm energy”):