land Railroad which has been approved for abandonment by the Commission or the bankruptcy court may be downgraded, scrapped, or otherwise disposed of without the approval of the Secretary under this section. In no case before abandonment has been approved and before the 180-day period has elapsed shall the Secretary approve a disposition of such portion of the rail line or related facility to any carrier or other entity not engaged in providing railroad services or not formed for the purpose of providing railroad services. The Secretary, upon application by the Rock Island Railroad, shall grant such approval unless he finds that—

(1) a rail carrier, shipper, State, or other interested party has expressed in writing an interest in purchasing, leasing or rehabilitating the particular rail line or facility for purposes of providing rail service; and

(2) there is a reasonable expectation that such purchase transaction will be consummated.

(Pub. L. 96-254, title I, §121, May 30, 1980, 94 Stat. 409.)

Abolition of Interstate Commerce Commission and Transfer of Functions

Interstate Commerce Commission abolished and functions of Commission transferred, except as otherwise provided in Pub. L. 104-88, to Surface Transportation Board effective Jan. 1, 1996, by section 702 of Title 49, Transportation, and section 101 of Pub. L. 104-88, set out as a note under section 701 of Title 49. References to Interstate Commerce Commission deemed to refer to Surface Transportation Board, a member or employee of the Board, or Secretary of Transportation, as appropriate, see section 205 of Pub. L. 104-88, set out as a note under section 701 of Title 49.

§1017. Temporary operating approval

(a) Use of tracks and facilities by other rail carriers; terms of compensation; continuation of service

The Commission may authorize any rail carrier willing to do so voluntarily to use the tracks and facilities of a carrier which, on January 14, 1983, was the subject of a proceeding pending under section 77 of the Bankruptcy Act or under subchapter IV of chapter 11 of title 11. The use of such tracks and facilities shall be under such terms of compensation as the carriers establish between themselves, or if the carriers are unable to agree, under such terms of compensation as the Commission finds to be reasonable. The Commission shall have authority to authorize continued rail service under this section over the lines of any such carrier which has been ordered by the court having jurisdiction over such a carrier to liquidate its properties until the disposition of the properties of the estate of such carrier.

(b) Use of employees

In carrying out the provisions of this section, the Commission shall require, to the maximum extent practicable, the use of the employees who would normally have performed work in connection with the traffic subject to the action of the Commission.

(Pub. L. 96-254, title I, §122, May 30, 1980, 94 Stat. 409; Pub. L. 97-130, §5(a), Dec. 29, 1981, 95 Stat. 1690; Pub. L. 97–468, title II, §214, Jan. 14, 1983, 96 Stat. 2545.)

References in Text

Section 77 of the Bankruptcy Act, referred to in subsec. (a), was classified to section 205 of former Title 11, Bankruptcy. The Bankruptcy Act (act July 1, 1898, ch. 541, 30 Stat. 544, as amended) was repealed effective Oct. 1, 1979, by Pub. L. 95–598, §§401(a), 402(a), Nov. 6, 1978, 92 Stat. 2682, section 101 of which enacted revised Title 11. For current provisions relating to railroad reorganization, see subchapter IV (§1161 et seq.) of chapter 11 of Title 11.

Amendments

1983—Subsec. (a). Pub. L. 97–468, §214(a), substituted "a carrier which, on January 14, 1983, was the subject of a proceeding pending under section 77 of the Bankruptcy Act or under subchapter IV of chapter 11 of title 11" for "the Rock Island Railroad or the Milwaukee Railroad", and in last sentence substituted "any such carrier which has been ordered by the court having jurisdiction over such a carrier to liquidate its properties until the disposition of the properties of the estate of such carrier" for "the Rock Island Railroad until the disposition of the properties of the estate of the Rock Island Railroad".

Subsec. (c). Pub. L. 97-468, §214(b), struck out subsec. (c) which defined "Milwaukee Railroad".

1981—Subsec. (a). Pub. L. 97–130 gave the Commission authority to authorize continued rall service under this section over the lines of the Rock Island Railroad until the disposition of the properties of the estate of the Rock Island Railroad.

Abolition of Interstate Commerce Commission and Transfer of Functions

Interstate Commerce Commission abolished and functions of Commission transferred, except as otherwise provided in Pub. L. 104-88, to Surface Transportation Board effective Jan. 1, 1996, by section 702 of Title 49, Transportation, and section 101 of Pub. L. 104-88, set out as a note under section 701 of Title 49. References to Interstate Commerce Commission deemed to refer to Surface Transportation Board, a member or employee of the Board, or Secretary of Transportation, as appropriate, see section 205 of Pub. L. 104-88, set out as a note under section 701 of Title 49.

TERMINATION OF APPLICABILITY OF AMENDMENT TO INTERSTATE COMMERCE SERVICE ORDER 1498 ON MAY 15, 1982

Pub. L. 97-130, §5(b), Dec. 29, 1981, 95 Stat. 1691, provided that: "The applicability of the amendment made by subsection (a) [amending subsec. (a) of this section] to Interstate Commerce Commission Service Order 1498 shall expire at the end of May 15, 1982."

§1018. Judicial review

(a) Appeals

Notwithstanding any other provision of law, any appeal from—

(1) any decision of the bankruptcy court with respect to the constitutionality of any provision of this chapter; and

(2) any decision of the court having jurisdiction over the reorganization of the Milwaukee Railroad with respect to the constitutionality of the Milwaukee Railroad Restructuring Act (45 U.S.C. 901 et seq.),

shall be taken to the United States Court of Appeals for the Seventh Circuit.

(b) Appellate proceedings

If appeals are taken from decisions described in subsection (a) of this section involving sec-

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tion 1005 or 1008¹ of this title or section 9 or 15 of the Milwaukee Railroad Restructuring Act [45 U.S.C. 908 or 915], the court of appeals shall determine such appeals in a consolidated proceeding, sitting en banc.

(c) Action in United States Court of Claims

Nothing in this chapter or in the Milwaukee Railroad Restructuring Act (45 U.S.C. 901 et seq.) shall limit the right of any person to commence an action in the United States Court of Claims¹ under section 1491 of title 28 (commonly referred to as the Tucker Act).

(Pub. L. 96-254, title I, §124, as added Pub. L. 96-448, title VII, §701(a)(1), Oct. 14, 1980, 94 Stat. 1959; amended Pub. L. 98-620, title IV, §402(49), Nov. 8, 1984, 98 Stat. 3361.)

References in Text

This chapter, referred to in subsecs. (a)(1) and (c), was in the original "this title", meaning title I (\$10 et seq.) of Pub. L. 96-254, May 30, 1980, 94 Stat. 399, as amended, known as the Rock Island Railroad Transition and Employee Assistance Act, which is classified principally to this chapter. For complete classification of title I to the Code, see Short Title note set out under section 1001 of this title and Tables.

The Milwaukee Railroad Restructuring Act, referred to in subsecs. (a)(2) and (c), is Pub. L. 96-101, Nov. 4, 1979, 93 Stat. 736, as amended, which is classified principally to chapter 18 (§901 et seq.) of this title. For complete classification of this Act to the Code, see Short Title note set out under section 901 of this title and Tables.

Section 1008 of this title, referred to in subsec. (b), was repealed by Pub. L. 97-468, title II, §234(a), Jan. 14, 1983, 96 Stat. 2547.

The United States Court of Claims, referred to in subsec. (c), and the United States Court of Customs and Patent Appeals were merged effective Oct. 1, 1982, into a new United States Court of Appeals for the Federal Circuit by Pub. L. 97-164, Apr. 2, 1982, 96 Stat. 25, which also created a United States Claims Court [now United States Court of Federal Claims] that inherited the trial jurisdiction of the Court of Claims. See sections 48, 171 et seq., 791 et seq., and 1491 et seq. of Title 28, Judiciary and Judicial Procedure.

AMENDMENTS

1984-Subsec. (b). Pub. L. 98-620 struck out provision requiring the court to render a final decision no later than 60 days after the filing of the last such appeal.

EFFECTIVE DATE OF 1984 AMENDMENT

Amendment by Pub. L. 98-620 not applicable to cases pending on Nov. 8, 1984, see section 403 of Pub. L. 98-620, set out as a note under section 1657 of Title 28, Judiciary and Judicial Procedure.

EFFECTIVE DATE

Section effective Oct. 14, 1980, see section 710(d) of Pub. L. 96-448, set out as an Effective Date of 1980 Amendment note under section 1170 of Title 11, Bankruptey.

CHAPTER 20—NORTHEAST RAIL SERVICE

Sec.

- 1101. Congressional findings and declarations.
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- 1110, 1111. Repealed.
- 1112. Interstate Commerce Commission proceedings. Intercity passenger service.
- 1113.
- 1114. Repealed. 1115 Redemption of stock.
- 1116. Applicability of other laws.

§1101. Congressional findings and declarations

The Congress finds and declares that-

(1) the processes set in motion by the Regional Rail Reorganization Act of 1973 [45 U.S.C. 701 et seq.] have failed to create a selfsustaining railroad system in the Northeast region of the United States and have cost United States taxpayers many billions of dollars over original estimates;

(2) current arrangements for the provision of rail freight and commuter service in the Northeast and Midwest regions of the United States are inadequate to meet the transportation needs of the public and the needs of national security;

(3) although the Federal Government has provided billions of dollars in assistance for Conrail and its employees, the Federal interest in ensuring the flow of interstate commerce through rail service in the private sector has not been achieved, and the protection of interstate commerce requires Federal intervention to preserve essential rail service in the private sector:

(4) the provisions for protection of employees of bankrupt railroads contained in the Regional Rail Reorganization Act of 1973 [45] U.S.C. 701 et seq.] have resulted in the payment of benefits far in excess of levels anticipated at the time of enactment, have imposed an excessive fiscal burden on the Federal taxpayer, and are now an obstacle to the establishment of improved rail service and continued rail employment in the Northeast region of the United States; and

(5) since holding Conrail liable for employee protection payments would destroy its prospects of becoming a profitable carrier and further injure its employees, an alternative employee protection system must be developed and funded.

(Pub. L. 97-35, title XI, §1132, Aug. 13, 1981, 95 Stat. 644.)

References in Text

The Regional Rail Reorganization Act of 1973, referred to in pars. (1) and (4), is Pub. L. 93-236, Jan. 2, 1974, 87 Stat. 985, as amended, which is classified principally to chapter 16 (§701 et seq.) of this title. For complete classification of this Act to the Code, see Short Title note set out under section 701 of this title and Tables.

EFFECTIVE DATE

Pub. L. 97–35, title XI, \$1169, Aug. 13, 1981, 95 Stat. 687, provided that: "Except as otherwise provided, the provisions of and the amendments made by this subtitle [subtitle E (§§1131-1169) of title XI of Pub. L. 97-35, see Short Title note set out below] shall take effect on the date of the enactment of this subtitle [Aug. 13, 1981]."

SHORT TITLE

Pub. L. 97-35, title XI, §1131, Aug. 13, 1981, 95 Stat. 643, provided that: "This subtitle [subtitle E (§§1131-1169) of

¹See References in Text note below.