

- (A) The Army Emergency Relief Society.
- (B) The Navy-Marine Corps Relief Society.
- (C) The Air Force Aid Society, Inc.

(2) The term “services” includes lighting, heating, cooling, electricity, office furniture, office machines and equipment, telephone and other information technology services (including installation of lines and equipment, connectivity, and other associated services), and security systems (including installation and other associated expenses).

(Added Pub. L. 107-314, div. A, title X, § 1066(a), Dec. 2, 2002, 116 Stat. 2656.)

[§ 2567. Repealed. Pub. L. 110-181, div. A, title X, § 1068(b)(1), Jan. 28, 2008, 122 Stat. 326]

Section, added Pub. L. 109-364, div. A, title X, § 1076(b)(1), Oct. 17, 2006, 120 Stat. 2405, related to supplies, services, and equipment: provision in major public emergencies.

§ 2568. Retention of combat uniforms by members deployed in support of contingency operations

The Secretary of a military department may authorize a member of the armed forces under the jurisdiction of the Secretary who has been deployed in support of a contingency operation for at least 30 days to retain, after that member is no longer so deployed, the combat uniform issued to that member as organizational clothing and individual equipment.

(Added Pub. L. 110-181, div. A, title III, § 376(a), Jan. 28, 2008, 122 Stat. 84.)

CHAPTER 153—EXCHANGE OF MATERIAL AND DISPOSAL OF OBSOLETE, SURPLUS, OR UNCLAIMED PROPERTY

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| <p>Sec.
2571.
2572.

[2573.
2574.
2575.
2576.

2576a.
2576b.

2577.
2578.
2579.

2580.
2581.

[2582.
2583.</p> | <p>Interchange of supplies and services.
Documents, historical artifacts, and condemned or obsolete combat materiel: loan, gift, or exchange.
Repealed.]
Armament: sale of individual pieces.
Disposition of unclaimed property.
Surplus military equipment: sale to State and local law enforcement, firefighting, homeland security, and emergency management agencies.
Excess personal property: sale or donation for law enforcement activities.
Excess personal property: sale or donation to assist firefighting agencies.
Disposal of recyclable materials.
Vessels: transfer between departments.
War booty: procedures for handling and retaining battlefield objects.
Donation of excess chapel property.
Excess UH-1 Huey and AH-1 Cobra helicopters: requirements for transfer to foreign countries.
Repealed.]
Military animals: transfer and adoption.</p> |
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AMENDMENTS

2011—Pub. L. 112-81, div. A, title X, § 1061(19)(B), Dec. 31, 2011, 125 Stat. 1584, struck out item 2582 “Military equipment identified on United States munitions list: annual report of public sales”.

Pub. L. 111-383, div. A, title X, § 1072(c)(2), Jan. 7, 2011, 124 Stat. 4366, substituted “Surplus military equip-

ment: sale to State and local law enforcement, firefighting, homeland security, and emergency management agencies” for “Surplus military equipment: sale to State and local law enforcement and firefighting agencies” in item 2576.

2006—Pub. L. 109-364, div. A, title III, § 352(b), div. B, title XXVIII, § 2825(d)(1)(B), Oct. 17, 2006, 120 Stat. 2161, 2477, substituted “supplies” for “property” in item 2571 and “animals” for “working dogs” in item 2583.

Pub. L. 109-163, div. A, title V, § 599(d), Jan. 6, 2006, 119 Stat. 3284, struck out “at end of useful working life” after “adoption” in item 2583.

2001—Pub. L. 107-107, div. A, title X, § 1048(a)(25), Dec. 28, 2001, 115 Stat. 1224, redesignated item 2582 relating to military working dogs as item 2583.

2000—Pub. L. 106-446, § 1(b), Nov. 6, 2000, 114 Stat. 1933, added item 2582 relating to military working dogs.

Pub. L. 106-398, § 1 [[div. A], title III, § 381(b), title XVII, § 1706(b)], Oct. 30, 2000, 114 Stat. 1654, 1654A-85, 1654A-367, added items 2576b and 2582 relating to military equipment identified on United States munitions list.

1998—Pub. L. 105-261, div. A, title XII, § 1234(b), Oct. 17, 1998, 112 Stat. 2157, added item 2581.

1997—Pub. L. 105-85, div. A, title X, § 1063(b), Nov. 18, 1997, 111 Stat. 1893, added item 2580.

1996—Pub. L. 104-201, div. A, title X, § 1033(a)(2), Sept. 23, 1996, 110 Stat. 2640, added item 2576a.

1993—Pub. L. 103-160, div. A, title XI, § 1171(a)(2), Nov. 30, 1993, 107 Stat. 1766, added item 2579.

1988—Pub. L. 100-456, div. A, title III, § 324(b), Sept. 29, 1988, 102 Stat. 1954, substituted “Documents, historical artifacts, and condemned or obsolete combat materiel: loan, gift, or exchange” for “Condemned or obsolete materiel: loan or gift to certain organizations” in item 2572.

Pub. L. 100-370, § 1(k)(2), July 19, 1988, 102 Stat. 848, added item 2578.

1982—Pub. L. 97-214, § 6(b)(2), July 12, 1982, 96 Stat. 172, added item 2577.

1980—Pub. L. 96-513, title V, § 511(83)(B), Dec. 12, 1980, 94 Stat. 2927, struck out item 2573 “Excess property: transfers to Canal Zone Government”.

1968—Pub. L. 90-500, title IV, § 403(b), Sept. 20, 1968, 82 Stat. 851, added item 2576.

1958—Pub. L. 85-861, § 1(50), Sept. 2, 1958, 72 Stat. 1459, substituted “property” for “supplies” in item 2571.

IDENTIFICATION AND REPLACEMENT OF OBSOLETE ELECTRONIC PARTS

Pub. L. 113-66, div. A, title VIII, § 803, Dec. 26, 2013, 127 Stat. 805, provided that:

“(a) IN GENERAL.—Not later than 180 days after the date of the enactment of this Act [Dec. 26, 2013], the Secretary of Defense shall implement a process for the expedited identification and replacement of obsolete electronic parts included in acquisition programs of the Department of Defense.

“(b) ISSUES TO BE ADDRESSED.—At a minimum, the expedited process established pursuant to subsection (a) shall—

“(1) include a mechanism pursuant to which contractors, or other sources of supply, may provide to appropriate Department of Defense officials information that identifies—

“(A) obsolete electronic parts that are included in the specifications for an acquisition program of the Department of Defense; and

“(B) suitable replacements for such electronic parts;

“(2) specify timelines for the expedited review and validation of information submitted by contractors, or other sources of supply, pursuant to paragraph (1);

“(3) specify procedures and timelines for the rapid submission and approval of engineering change proposals needed to accomplish the substitution of replacement parts that have been validated pursuant to paragraph (2);

“(4) provide for any incentives for contractor participation in the expedited process that the Secretary may determine to be appropriate; and

“(5) provide that, in addition to the responsibilities under section 2337 of title 10, United States Code, a product support manager for a major weapon system shall work to identify obsolete electronic parts that are included in the specifications for an acquisition program of the Department of Defense and approve suitable replacements for such electronic parts.

“(c) ADDITIONAL MATTERS.—For the purposes of this section—

“(1) an electronic part is obsolete if—

“(A) the part is no longer in production; and

“(B) the original manufacturer of the part and its authorized dealers do not have sufficient parts in stock to meet the requirements of such an acquisition program; and

“(2) an electronic part is a suitable replacement for an obsolete electronic part if—

“(A) the part could be substituted for an obsolete part without incurring unreasonable expense and without degrading system performance; and

“(B) the part is or will be available in sufficient quantity to meet the requirements of such an acquisition program.”

§ 2571. Interchange of supplies and services

(a) If either of the Secretaries concerned requests it and the other approves, supplies may be transferred, without compensation, from one armed force to another.

(b) If its head approves, a department or organization within the Department of Defense may, upon request, perform work and services for, or furnish supplies to, any other of those departments or organizations, without reimbursement or transfer of funds.

(c) If military or civilian personnel of a department or organization within the Department of Defense are assigned or detailed to another of those departments or organizations, and if the head of the department or organization to which they are transferred approves, their pay and allowances and the cost of transporting their dependents and household goods may be charged to an appropriation that is otherwise available for those purposes to that department or organization.

(d) No agency or official of the executive branch of the Federal Government may establish any regulation, program, or policy or take any other action which precludes, directly or indirectly, the Secretaries concerned from exercising the authority provided in this section.

(Aug. 10, 1956, ch. 1041, 70A Stat. 143; Pub. L. 85-861, §1(49), Sept. 2, 1958, 72 Stat. 1459; Pub. L. 99-167, title VIII, §821, Dec. 3, 1985, 99 Stat. 991; Pub. L. 109-364, div. B, title XXVIII, §2825(c)(1), (d)(1)(A), Oct. 17, 2006, 120 Stat. 2477.)

HISTORICAL AND REVISION NOTES 1956 ACT

<i>Revised section</i>	<i>Source (U.S. Code)</i>	<i>Source (Statutes at Large)</i>
2571(a) [now (b)].	5:171t (less clause (2)).	Oct. 29, 1949, ch. 787, § 621, 63 Stat. 1020.
2571(b) [now (c)].	5:171t (clause 2)).	

In subsection (a), the words “After June 30, 1949” are omitted as executed. The words “may perform work and services for, or furnish supplies to” are substituted for the words “services, work, supplies, materials, and equipment may be rendered or supplied”, since the word “supplies”, as defined in section 101(26) of this

title, includes “equipment” and “material”. The words “upon request” are inserted for clarity.

In subsection (b), the words “on a reimbursable or other basis as authorized by law”, “to duty”, and “naval” are omitted as surplusage.

1958 ACT

<i>Revised section</i>	<i>Source (U.S. Code)</i>	<i>Source (Statutes at Large)</i>
2571(a)	14:640.	June 15, 1955, ch. 142, 69 Stat. 134.

In subsection (a), the first 12 words are substituted for 14:640 (last 20 words). The words “may be transferred” are substituted for the words “The interchange . . . is authorized”, since the words “without compensation” authorize a simple one-way transfer, while the word “interchange” normally means a mutual exchange. The words “military stores . . . and equipment of every character” are omitted as covered by the word “supplies” as defined in section 101(26) of this title. The words “armed force” are substituted for the enumeration of the armed forces.

AMENDMENTS

2006—Pub. L. 109-364, §2825(d)(1)(A), substituted “supplies” for “property” in section catchline.

Subsec. (a). Pub. L. 109-364, §2825(c)(1), struck out “and real estate” after “supplies”.

1985—Subsec. (d). Pub. L. 99-167 added subsec. (d).

1958—Pub. L. 85-861, §1(49)(A), substituted “property” for “supplies” in section catchline.

Subsecs. (a) to (c). Pub. L. 85-861, §1(49)(B), (C), added subsec. (a) and redesignated former subsecs. (a) and (b) as (b) and (c), respectively.

DISTRIBUTION TO INDIAN HEALTH SERVICE FACILITIES AND CERTAIN HEALTH CENTERS; PROPERTY DISPOSAL PRIORITY

Pub. L. 110-329, div. C, title VIII, §8075, Sept. 30, 2008, 122 Stat. 3638, provided that:

“(a) During the current fiscal year and hereafter, the Secretary of Defense, in coordination with the Secretary of Health and Human Services, may carry out a program to distribute surplus dental and medical equipment of the Department of Defense, at no cost to the Department of Defense, to Indian Health Service facilities and to federally-qualified health centers (within the meaning of section 1905(l)(2)(B) of the Social Security Act (42 U.S.C. 1396d(l)(2)(B))).

“(b) In carrying out this provision, the Secretary of Defense shall give the Indian Health Service a property disposal priority equal to the priority given to the Department of Defense and its twelve special screening programs in distribution of surplus dental and medical supplies and equipment.”

§ 2572. Documents, historical artifacts, and condemned or obsolete combat materiel: loan, gift, or exchange

(a) The Secretary concerned may lend or give items described in subsection (c) that are not needed by the military department concerned (or by the Coast Guard, in the case of the Secretary of Homeland Security), to any of the following:

(1) A municipal corporation, county, or other political subdivision of a State.

(2) A servicemen’s monument association.

(3) A museum, historical society, or historical institution of a State or a foreign nation or a nonprofit military aviation heritage foundation or association incorporated in a State.

(4) An incorporated museum or memorial that is operated and maintained for educational purposes only and the charter of which denies it the right to operate for profit.