

want the amendments made by this title to apply with respect to such deposits and obligations; or  
 “(3) the date on which such State certifies that the voters of such State, after the date of the enactment of this Act [Nov. 5, 1979], have voted in favor of, or to retain, any law, provision of the constitution of such State, or amendment to the constitution of such State which limits the amount of interest which may be charged in connection with such deposits and obligations.”

EFFECTIVE AND TERMINATION DATES OF 1974  
 AMENDMENT

Prior to repeal by Pub. L. 96-104, §1, Nov. 5, 1979, 93 Stat. 789, it was provided by Pub. L. 93-501, title III, §304, Oct. 29, 1974, 88 Stat. 1561, that: “The amendments made by this title [which enacted this section and amended sections 1425b and 1828 of this title] shall apply to any deposit made or obligation issued in any State after the date of enactment of this title [Oct. 29, 1974], but prior to the earlier of (1) July 1, 1977 or (2) the date (after such date of enactment) on which the State enacts a provision of law which limits the amount of interest which may be charged in connection with deposits or obligations referred to in the amendments made by this title.”

STATES HAVING CONSTITUTIONAL PROVISIONS  
 REGARDING MAXIMUM INTEREST RATES

Pub. L. 96-161, title II, §213, Dec. 28, 1979, 93 Stat. 1240, provided that the provisions of title II of Pub. L. 96-161, which enacted this section, repealed former section 371b-1 of this title, and enacted provisions set out as a note under this section, continued to apply until July 1, 1981, in the case of any State having a constitutional provision regarding maximum interest rates.

**§ 371b-2. Interbank liabilities**

**(a) Purpose**

The purpose of this section is to limit the risks that the failure of a large depository institution (whether or not that institution is an insured depository institution) would pose to insured depository institutions.

**(b) Aggregate limits on insured depository institutions' exposure to other depository institutions**

The Board shall, by regulation or order, prescribe standards that have the effect of limiting the risks posed by an insured depository institution's exposure to any other depository institution.

**(c) “Exposure” defined**

**(1) In general**

For purposes of subsection (b) of this section, an insured depository institution's “exposure” to another depository institution means—

(A) all extensions of credit to the other depository institution, regardless of name or description, including—

(i) all deposits at the other depository institution;

(ii) all purchases of securities or other assets from the other depository institution subject to an agreement to repurchase; and

(iii) all guarantees, acceptances, or letters of credit (including endorsements or standby letters of credit) on behalf of the other depository institution;

(B) all purchases of or investments in securities issued by the other depository institution;

(C) all securities issued by the other depository institution accepted as collateral for an extension of credit to any person; and

(D) all similar transactions that the Board by regulation determines to be exposure for purposes of this section.

**(2) Exemptions**

The Board may, at its discretion, by regulation or order, exempt transactions from the definition of “exposure” if it finds the exemptions to be in the public interest and consistent with the purpose of this section.

**(3) Attribution rule**

For purposes of this section, any transaction by an insured depository institution with any person is a transaction with another depository institution to the extent that the proceeds of the transaction are used for the benefit of, or transferred to, that other depository institution.

**(d) Insured depository institution**

For purposes of this section, the term “insured depository institution” has the same meaning as in section 1813 of this title.

**(e) Rulemaking authority; enforcement**

The Board may issue such regulations and orders, including definitions consistent with this section, as may be necessary to administer and carry out the purpose of this section. The appropriate Federal banking agency shall enforce compliance with those regulations under section 1818 of this title.

(Dec. 23, 1913, ch. 6, §23, as added Pub. L. 102-242, title III, §308(a), Dec. 19, 1991, 105 Stat. 2362.)

EFFECTIVE DATE

Pub. L. 102-242, title III, §308(c), Dec. 19, 1991, 105 Stat. 2363, provided that: “The amendment made by this section [enacting this section] shall become effective 1 year after the date of enactment of this Act [Dec. 19, 1991].”

REGULATIONS

Pub. L. 102-242, title III, §308(b), Dec. 19, 1991, 105 Stat. 2362, provided that: “The Board shall prescribe reasonable transition rules to facilitate compliance with section 23 of the Federal Reserve Act [12 U.S.C. 371b-2] (as added by subsection (a)).”

**§ 371c. Banking affiliates**

**(a) Restrictions on transactions with affiliates**

(1) A member bank and its subsidiaries may engage in a covered transaction with an affiliate only if—

(A) in the case of any affiliate, the aggregate amount of covered transactions of the member bank and its subsidiaries will not exceed 10 per centum of the capital stock and surplus of the member bank; and

(B) in the case of all affiliates, the aggregate amount of covered transactions of the member bank and its subsidiaries will not exceed 20 per centum of the capital stock and surplus of the member bank.

(2) For the purpose of this section, any transaction by a member bank with any person shall be deemed to be a transaction with an affiliate to the extent that the proceeds of the trans-