

subsidized export financing programs and other forms of export subsidies; and

(2) with all countries that finance air carrier aircraft with funds from a state-sponsored entity, to substantially reduce, with the ultimate goal of eliminating, aircraft export credit financing for all aircraft covered by the 2007 Sector Understanding on Export Credits for Civil Aircraft (in this section referred to as the “ASU”), including any modification thereof, and all of the following types of aircraft:

(A) Heavy aircraft that are capable of a takeoff weight of 300,000 pounds or more, whether or not operating at such a weight during a particular phase of flight.

(B) Large aircraft that are capable of a takeoff weight of more than 41,000 pounds, and have a maximum certificated takeoff weight of not more than 300,000 pounds.

(C) Small aircraft that have a maximum certificated takeoff weight of 41,000 pounds or less.

(b) Annual reports on progress of negotiations

Not later than 180 days after May 30, 2012, and annually thereafter, the Secretary shall submit to the Committee on Banking, Housing, and Urban Affairs of the Senate and the Committee on Financial Services of the House of Representatives—

(1) a report on the progress of any negotiations described in subsection (a)(1), until the Secretary certifies in writing to the committees that all countries that support subsidized export financing programs have agreed to end the support; and

(2) a report on the progress of any negotiations described in subsection (a)(2), including the progress of any negotiations with respect to each classification of aircraft set forth in subsection (a)(2), until the Secretary certifies in writing to the committees that all countries that support subsidized export financing programs have agreed to end the support of aircraft covered by the ASU.

(Pub. L. 112–122, § 11, May 30, 2012, 126 Stat. 356.)

CODIFICATION

Section was enacted as part of the Export-Import Bank Reauthorization Act of 2012, and not as part of the Export-Import Bank Act of 1945 which comprises this subchapter.

§ 635a–6. Periodic audits of bank transactions

(a) In general

Within 2 years after May 30, 2012, and periodically (but not less frequently than every 4 years) thereafter, the Comptroller General of the United States shall conduct an audit of the loan and guarantee transactions of the Export-Import Bank of the United States to determine the compliance of the Bank with the underwriting guidelines, lending policies, due diligence procedures, and content guidelines of the Bank.

(b) Review of fraud controls

The Comptroller General of the United States shall review the adequacy of the design and effectiveness of the controls used by the Export-Import Bank of the United States to prevent, detect, and investigate fraudulent applications

for loans and guarantees, including by auditing a sample of Bank transactions, and submit to the Congress a written report which contains such recommendations with respect to the controls as the Comptroller General deems appropriate.

(Pub. L. 112–122, § 17, May 30, 2012, 126 Stat. 359.)

CODIFICATION

Section was enacted as part of the Export-Import Bank Reauthorization Act of 2012, and not as part of the Export-Import Bank Act of 1945 which comprises this subchapter.

§ 635b. Capitalization of Bank; method of capital stock payments; public-debt transactions; issuance of stock certificates

The Export-Import Bank of the United States shall have a capital stock of \$1,000,000,000 subscribed by the United States. Certificates evidencing stock ownership of the United States shall be issued by the Bank to the President of the United States, or to such other person or persons as the President may designate from time to time, to the extent of payments made for the capital stock of the Bank.

(July 31, 1945, ch. 341, § 4, 59 Stat. 528; Pub. L. 90–267, § 1(a), Mar. 13, 1968, 82 Stat. 47; Pub. L. 98–181, title I [title VI, § 620(c)], Nov. 30, 1983, 97 Stat. 1261; Pub. L. 102–429, title I, § 121(b), Oct. 21, 1992, 106 Stat. 2198.)

AMENDMENTS

1992—Pub. L. 102–429 inserted second sentence and struck out former second through last sentences which read as follows: “Payment for \$1,000,000 of such capital stock shall be made by the surrender to the Bank for cancellation of the common stock issued prior to July 31, 1945, by the Bank and purchased by the United States. Payment for \$174,000,000 of such capital stock shall be made by the surrender to the Bank for cancellation of the preferred stock heretofore issued by the Bank and purchased by the Reconstruction Finance Corporation. Payment for the \$825,000,000 balance of such capital stock shall be subject to call at any time in whole or in part by the Board of Directors of the Bank. For the purpose of making payments of such balance, the Secretary of the Treasury is authorized to use as a public-debt transaction the proceeds of any securities issued after July 31, 1945, under chapter 31 of title 31, and the purposes for which securities may be issued under that chapter are extended to include such purpose. Payment under this section of the subscription of the United States to the Bank and repayments thereof shall be treated as public-debt transactions of the United States. Certificates evidencing stock ownership of the United States shall be issued by the Bank to the President of the United States, or to such other person or persons as the President may designate from time to time, to the extent of the common and preferred stock surrendered and other payments made for the capital stock of the Bank under this section.”

1983—Pub. L. 98–181 substituted “the President” for “he” before “may designate”.

1968—Pub. L. 90–267 changed name of “Export-Import Bank of Washington” to “Export-Import Bank of the United States”.

§ 635c. Repealed. Pub. L. 102–429, title I, § 121(c)(1), Oct. 21, 1992, 106 Stat. 2199

Section, act July 31, 1945, ch. 341, § 5, 59 Stat. 528, related to reimbursement of Reconstruction Finance Corporation for cancellation of Bank stock, public debt transactions, and payment of accumulated dividends.

§ 635d. Issuance of debentures, bonds, etc.; obligations redeemable; payment of interest; obligations purchasable by Secretary of the Treasury; public-debt transactions

The Export-Import Bank of the United States is authorized to issue from time to time for purchase by the Secretary of the Treasury its notes, debentures, bonds, or other obligations; but the aggregate amount of such obligations outstanding at any one time shall not exceed \$6,000,000,000. Such obligations shall be redeemable at the option of the bank before maturity in such manner as may be stipulated in such obligations and shall have such maturity as may be determined by the Board of Directors of the bank with the approval of the Secretary of the Treasury. Each such Bank obligation issued to the Treasury after January 4, 1975, shall bear interest at a rate not less than the current average yield on outstanding marketable obligations of the United States of comparable maturity during the month preceding the issuance of the obligation of the Bank as determined by the Secretary of the Treasury. The Secretary of the Treasury is authorized and directed to purchase any obligations of the Bank issued hereunder and for such purpose the Secretary of the Treasury is authorized to use as a public-debt transaction the proceeds of any securities issued after July 31, 1945, under chapter 31 of title 31, and the purposes for which securities may be issued under that chapter are extended to include such purpose. Payment under this section of the purchase price of such obligations of the Bank and repayments thereof by the Bank shall be treated as public-debt transactions of the United States. (July 31, 1945, ch. 341, § 5, formerly § 6, 59 Stat. 528; June 9, 1947, ch. 101, § 2, 61 Stat. 131; Oct. 3, 1951, ch. 445, § 1(a), 65 Stat. 367; Aug. 9, 1954, ch. 660, § 3(a), 68 Stat. 678; Pub. L. 85-424, § 1(1), May 22, 1958, 72 Stat. 133; Pub. L. 90-267, § 1(a), Mar. 13, 1968, 82 Stat. 47; Pub. L. 93-646, § 7, Jan. 4, 1975, 88 Stat. 2336; renumbered § 5, Pub. L. 102-429, title I, § 121(c)(2), Oct. 21, 1992, 106 Stat. 2199.)

CODIFICATION

“Chapter 31 of title 31” and “that chapter” substituted in text for “the Second Liberty Bond Act, as amended” and “that Act”, respectively, on authority of Pub. L. 97-258, § 4(b), Sept. 13, 1982, 96 Stat. 1067, the first section of which enacted Title 31, Money and Finance.

PRIOR PROVISIONS

A prior section 5 of act July 31, 1945, ch. 341, was classified to section 635c of this title, prior to repeal by Pub. L. 102-429, § 121(c)(1).

AMENDMENTS

1975—Pub. L. 93-646 substituted provision making mandatory that each Bank obligation bear interest at a rate not less than the current average yield on outstanding obligations of comparable maturity, for provision requiring that only the current average rate be taken into consideration.

1968—Pub. L. 90-267 changed name of “Export-Import Bank of Washington” to “Export-Import Bank of the United States”.

1958—Pub. L. 85-424 substituted “\$6,000,000,000” for “\$4,000,000,000”.

1954—Act Aug. 9, 1954, substituted “\$4,000,000,000” for “three and one-half times the authorized capital stock of the Bank”.

1951—Act Oct. 3, 1951, substituted “three and one-half” for “two and one-half”.

1947—Act June 9, 1947, struck out “and bear such rate of interest” before “as may be determined” in the second sentence and added the third sentence relating to the rate of interest on obligations.

EFFECTIVE DATE OF 1954 AMENDMENT

For effective date of amendment by act Aug. 9, 1954, see note set out under section 635a of this title.

BOARD OF DIRECTORS

A Board of Directors reestablished for the Export-Import Bank of Washington, see note under section 635 of this title.

§ 635e. Aggregate loan, guarantee, and insurance authority

(a) Limitation on outstanding amounts

(1) In general

The Export-Import Bank of the United States shall not have outstanding at any one time loans, guarantees, and insurance in an aggregate amount in excess of the applicable amount.

(2) Applicable amount

In paragraph (1), the term “applicable amount” means—

(A) during fiscal year 2002, \$80,000,000,000;

(B) during fiscal year 2003, \$85,000,000,000;

(C) during fiscal year 2004, \$90,000,000,000;

(D) during fiscal year 2005, \$95,000,000,000;

(E) during fiscal year 2006, and each fiscal year thereafter through fiscal year 2011;¹ and

(F) during fiscal year 2012 and each succeeding fiscal year, \$120,000,000,000, except that—

(i) the applicable amount for each of fiscal years 2013 and 2014 shall be \$130,000,000,000 if—

(I) the Bank has submitted a report as required by section 4(a) of the Export-Import Bank Reauthorization Act of 2012; and

(II) the rate calculated under section 635g(g)(1) of this title is less than 2 percent for the quarter ending with the beginning of the fiscal year, or for any quarter in the fiscal year; and

(ii) notwithstanding clause (i), the applicable amount for fiscal year 2014 shall be \$140,000,000,000 if—

(I) the rate calculated under section 635g(g)(1) of this title is less than 2 percent for the quarter ending with the beginning of the fiscal year, or for any quarter in the fiscal year;

(II) the Bank has submitted a report as required by subsection (b) of section 5 of the Export-Import Bank Reauthorization Act of 2012, except that the preceding provisions of this subclause shall not apply if the Comptroller General has not submitted the report required by subsection (a) of such section 5 on or before July 1, 2013; and

¹So in original. “2011” probably should be followed by a comma and a dollar amount.