Section 498 of this title, referred to in subsec. (f)(2), was in the original "the Act of June 30, 1914 (16 U.S.C. 498)", and was translated as referring to the undesignated provisions appearing in act June 30, 1914, ch. 131, 38 Stat. 430, as amended, which are classified to section 498 of this title.

# CHAPTER 85—MARINE TURTLE CONSERVATION

Sec.

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### § 6601. Findings and purposes

# (a) Findings

The Congress finds that-

- (1) marine turtle populations have declined to the point that the long-term survival of the loggerhead, green, hawksbill, Kemp's ridley, olive ridley, and leatherback turtle in the wild is in serious jeopardy;
- (2) 6 of the 7 recognized species of marine turtles are listed as threatened or endangered species under the Endangered Species Act of 1973 (16 U.S.C. 1531 et seq.), and all 7 species have been included in Appendix I of CITES;
- (3) because marine turtles are long-lived, late-maturing, and highly migratory, marine turtles are particularly vulnerable to the impacts of human exploitation and habitat loss;
- (4) illegal international trade seriously threatens wild populations of some marine turtle species, particularly the hawksbill turtle:
- (5) the challenges facing marine turtles are immense, and the resources available have not been sufficient to cope with the continued loss of nesting habitats caused by human activities and the consequent diminution of marine turtle populations;
- (6) because marine turtles are flagship species for the ecosystems in which marine turtles are found, sustaining healthy populations of marine turtles provides benefits to many other species of wildlife, including many other threatened or endangered species;
- (7) marine turtles are important components of the ecosystems that they inhabit, and studies of wild populations of marine turtles have provided important biological insights;
- (8) changes in marine turtle populations are most reliably indicated by changes in the numbers of nests and nesting females; and
- (9) the reduction, removal, or other effective addressing of the threats to the long-term viability of populations of marine turtles will require the joint commitment and effort of—
  - (A) countries that have within their boundaries marine turtle nesting habitats; and
  - (B) persons with expertise in the conservation of marine turtles.

# (b) Purpose

The purpose of this chapter is to assist in the conservation of marine turtles and the nesting habitats of marine turtles in foreign countries

by supporting and providing financial resources for projects to conserve the nesting habitats, conserve marine turtles in those habitats, and address other threats to the survival of marine turtles.

(Pub. L. 108–266, §2, July 2, 2004, 118 Stat. 791.)

#### References in Text

The Endangered Species Act of 1973, referred to in subsec. (a)(2), is Pub. L. 93–205, Dec. 28, 1973, 87 Stat. 884, as amended, which is classified principally to chapter 35 (§1531 et seq.) of this title. For complete classification of this Act to the Code, see Short Title note set out under section 1531 of this title and Tables.

#### SHORT TITLE

Pub. L. 108–266, §1, July 2, 2004, 118 Stat. 791, provided that: "This Act [enacting this chapter] may be cited as the 'Marine Turtle Conservation Act of 2004'."

### § 6602. Definitions

In this chapter:

#### (1) CITES

The term "CITES" means the Convention on International Trade in Endangered Species of Wild Fauna and Flora (27 UST 1087; TIAS 8249).

#### (2) Conservation

The term "conservation" means the use of all methods and procedures necessary to protect nesting habitats of marine turtles in foreign countries and of marine turtles in those habitats, including—

- (A) protection, restoration, and management of nesting habitats;
- (B) onsite research and monitoring of nesting populations, nesting habitats, annual reproduction, and species population trends;
- (C) assistance in the development, implementation, and improvement of national and regional management plans for nesting habitat ranges;
- (D) enforcement and implementation of CITES and laws of foreign countries to—
  - (i) protect and manage nesting populations and nesting habitats; and
  - (ii) prevent illegal trade of marine tur-
- (E) training of local law enforcement officials in the interdiction and prevention of—
- (i) the illegal killing of marine turtles on nesting habitat; and
  - (ii) illegal trade in marine turtles;
- (F) initiatives to resolve conflicts between humans and marine turtles over habitat used by marine turtles for nesting;
- (G) community outreach and education; and
- (H) strengthening of the ability of local communities to implement nesting population and nesting habitat conservation programs

#### (3) Fund

The term "Fund" means the Marine Turtle Conservation Fund established by section 6604 of this title.

### (4) Marine turtle

#### (A) In general

The term "marine turtle" means any member of the family Cheloniidae or Dermochelyidae.