that receives and distributes non-alcohol food, provided such food is received and distributed—

- (1) in a prepackaged form that prevents any direct human contact with such food; and
- (2) in amounts that constitute not more than 5 percent of the overall sales of such facility, as determined by the Secretary of the Treasury.

### (c) Rule of construction

Except as provided in subsections (a) and (b), this section shall not be construed to exempt any food, other than alcoholic beverages, as defined in section 214¹ of the Federal Alcohol Administration Act (27 U.S.C. 214), from the requirements of this Act (including the amendments made by this Act).

(Pub. L. 111–353, title I, §116, Jan. 4, 2011, 124 Stat. 3922.)

#### References in Text

This Act, referred to in subsecs. (a) and (c), is Pub. L. 111-353, Jan. 4, 2011, 124 Stat. 3885, known as the FDA Food Safety Modernization Act, which enacted this chapter and sections 350g to 350*l*-1, 379j-31, 384a to 384d, 399c, and 399d of this title, section 7625 of Title 7, Agriculture, and section 280g-16 of Title 42, The Public Health and Welfare, amended sections 331, 333, 334, 350b to 350d, 350f, 374, 381, 393, and 399 of this title and section 247b-20 of Title 42, and enacted provisions set out as notes under sections 331, 334, 342, 350b, 350d, 350e, 350g to 350i, 350i, and 381 of this title. Sections 102, 206, 207. 302, 304, 402, 403, and 404 of the Act enacted sections 350l, 350l-1, 384b, 399d, 2251, and 2252 of this title, amended sections 331, 333, 334, 350d, and 381 of this title, and enacted provisions set out as notes under sections 334, 350d, 350l, and 381 of this title. For complete classification of this Act to the Code, see Short Title note set out under section 2201 of this title and Tables.

The Federal Alcohol Administration Act, referred to in subsecs. (a)(1) and (c), is act Aug. 29, 1935, ch. 814, 49 Stat. 977, which is classified generally to subchapter I (§201 et seq.) of chapter 8 of Title 27, Intoxicating Liquors. Section 214 of the Act probably means section 203 of the Act, which is classified to section 214 of Title 27 and defines "alcoholic beverage". For complete classification of this Act to the Code, see section 201 of Title 27 and Tables.

The Internal Revenue Code of 1986, referred to in subsec. (a)(1), is classified generally to Title 26, Internal Revenue Code.

SUBCHAPTER II—IMPROVING CAPACITY TO DETECT AND RESPOND TO FOOD SAFETY PROBLEMS

# $\S$ 2221. Food emergency response network

The Secretary, in coordination with the Secretary of Agriculture, the Secretary of Homeland Security, and State, local, and tribal governments shall, not later than 180 days after January 4, 2011, and biennially thereafter, submit to the relevant committees of Congress, and make publicly available on the Internet Web site of the Department of Health and Human Services, a report on the progress in implementing a national food emergency response laboratory network that—

(1) provides ongoing surveillance, rapid detection, and surge capacity for large-scale food-related emergencies, including intentional adulteration of the food supply;

- (2) coordinates the food laboratory capacities of State, local, and tribal food laboratories, including the adoption of novel surveillance and identification technologies and the sharing of data between Federal agencies and State laboratories to develop national situational awareness;
- (3) provides accessible, timely, accurate, and consistent food laboratory services throughout the United States;
- (4) develops and implements a methods repository for use by Federal, State, and local officials:
- (5) responds to food-related emergencies; and (6) is integrated with relevant laboratory networks administered by other Federal agen-
- (Pub. L. 111–353, title II,  $\S 202(b)$ , Jan. 4, 2011, 124 Stat. 3929.)

#### REFERENCES IN TEXT

The Secretary, referred to in text, probably means the Secretary of Health and Human Services.

# § 2222. Integrated consortium of laboratory networks

## (a) In general

cies.

The Secretary of Homeland Security, in coordination with the Secretary of Health and Human Services, the Secretary of Agriculture, the Secretary of Commerce, and the Administrator of the Environmental Protection Agency, shall maintain an agreement through which relevant laboratory network members, as determined by the Secretary of Homeland Security, shall—

- (1) agree on common laboratory methods in order to reduce the time required to detect and respond to foodborne illness outbreaks and facilitate the sharing of knowledge and information relating to animal health, agriculture, and human health;
- (2) identify means by which laboratory network members could work cooperatively—
- (A) to optimize national laboratory preparedness; and
- (B) to provide surge capacity during emergencies; and
- (3) engage in ongoing dialogue and build relationships that will support a more effective and integrated response during emergencies.

# (b) Reporting requirement

The Secretary of Homeland Security shall, on a biennial basis, submit to the relevant committees of Congress, and make publicly available on the Internet Web site of the Department of Homeland Security, a report on the progress of the integrated consortium of laboratory networks, as established under subsection (a), in carrying out this section.

(Pub. L. 111–353, title II,  $\S 203$ , Jan. 4, 2011, 124 Stat. 3929.)

# § 2223. Enhancing tracking and tracing of food and recordkeeping

### (a) Pilot projects

## (1) In general

Not later than 270 days after January 4, 2011, the Secretary of Health and Human Services

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>1</sup> See References in Text note below.