## MANAGEMENT ACTIVITIES STUDY

Pub. L. 102-571, title II, §205, Oct. 29, 1992, 106 Stat. 4502, directed Comptroller General to conduct a study of management of activities of the Food and Drug Administration that are related to dietary supplements of vitamins, minerals, herbs, or other similar nutritional substances and submit an interim report to Congress, not later than 6 months after Oct. 29, 1992, with a final report to be submitted not later than 12 months after Oct. 29, 1992.

#### CONGRESSIONAL FINDINGS

Pub. L. 100-607, title V, 502, Nov. 4, 1988, 102 Stat. 3120, provided that: "Congress finds that—

"(1) the public health has been effectively protected by the presence of the Food and Drug Administration during the last eighty years;

"(2) the presence and importance of the Food and Drug Administration must be guaranteed; and

"(3) the independence and integrity of the Food and Drug Administration need to be enhanced in order to ensure the continuing protection of the public health."

## § 393a. Office of Pediatric Therapeutics

#### (a) Establishment

The Secretary of Health and Human Services shall establish an Office of Pediatric Therapeutics within the Food and Drug Administration.

#### (b) Duties

The Office of Pediatric Therapeutics shall be responsible for coordination and facilitation of all activities of the Food and Drug Administration that may have any effect on a pediatric population or the practice of pediatrics or may in any other way involve pediatric issues, including increasing pediatric access to medical devices.

## (c) Staff

The staff of the Office of Pediatric Therapeutics shall coordinate with employees of the Department of Health and Human Services who exercise responsibilities relating to pediatric therapeutics and shall include—

(1) one or more additional individuals with expertise concerning ethical issues presented by the conduct of clinical research in the pediatric population;

(2) subject to subsection (d), one or more additional individuals with necessary expertise in a pediatric subpopulation that is, as determined through consideration of the reports and recommendations issued by the Institute of Medicine and the Comptroller General of the United States, less likely to be studied as a part of a written request issued under section 355a of this title or an assessment under section 355c of this title;

(3) one or more additional individuals with expertise in pediatric epidemiology; and

(4) one or more additional individuals with expertise in pediatrics as may be necessary to perform the activities described in subsection (b) of this section.

## (d) Neonatology expertise

For the 5-year period beginning on July 9, 2012, at least one of the individuals described in subsection (c)(2) shall have expertise in neonatology.

(Pub. L. 107-109, §6, Jan. 4, 2002, 115 Stat. 1414; Pub. L. 110-85, title III, §306(a), Sept. 27, 2007, 121 Stat. 864; Pub. L. 112-144, title V, §511, July 9, 2012, 126 Stat. 1050.)

#### CODIFICATION

Section was enacted as part of the Best Pharmaceuticals for Children Act, and not as part of the Federal Food, Drug, and Cosmetic Act which comprises this chapter.

#### Amendments

2012—Subsec. (c)(2) to (4). Pub. L. 112–144, 511(1), added pars. (2) and (3) and redesignated former par. (2) as (4).

Subsec. (d). Pub. L. 112–144, §511(2), added subsec. (d). 2007—Subsec. (b). Pub. L. 110–85 inserted ", including increasing pediatric access to medical devices" before period at end.

## §394. Scientific review groups

Without regard to the provisions of title 5 governing appointments in the competitive service and without regard to the provisions of chapter 51 and subchapter III of chapter 53 of such title relating to classification and General Schedule pay rates, the Commissioner of Food and Drugs may—

(1) establish such technical and scientific review groups as are needed to carry out the functions of the Food and Drug Administration (including functions prescribed under this chapter); and

(2) appoint and pay the members of such groups, except that officers and employees of the United States shall not receive additional compensation for service as members of such groups.

(June 25, 1938, ch. 675, 1004, formerly 903, as added Pub. L. 101–635, title III, §301, Nov. 28, 1990, 104 Stat. 4584; renumbered 904, Pub. L. 103–43, title XX, 2006(1), June 10, 1993, 107 Stat. 209; renumbered 1004, Pub. L. 111–31, div. A, title I, 101(b)(2), June 22, 2009, 123 Stat. 1784.)

## §395. Loan repayment program

## (a) In general

## (1) Authority for program

Subject to paragraph (2), the Secretary shall carry out a program of entering into contracts with appropriately qualified health professionals under which such health professionals agree to conduct research, as employees of the Food and Drug Administration, in consideration of the Federal Government agreeing to repay, for each year of such service, not more than \$20,000 of the principal and interest of the educational loans of such health professionals. (2) Limitation

# (2) Limitation

The Secretary may not enter into an agreement with a health professional pursuant to paragraph (1) unless such professional—

(A) has a substantial amount of educational loans relative to income; and

(B) agrees to serve as an employee of the Food and Drug Administration for purposes of paragraph (1) for a period of not less than 3 years.

## (b) Applicability of certain provisions

With respect to the National Health Service Corps Loan Repayment Program established in