

any foreign nation, made or rendered by virtue of authority conferred on him as such consul, vice consul, or commercial agent, to sit as judge or arbitrator in such differences as may arise between the captains and crews of the vessels belonging to the nation whose interests are committed to his charge, application for the exercise of such power being first made to such court or magistrate judge, by petition of such consul, vice consul, or commercial agent. And said courts and magistrate judges may issue all proper remedial process, mesne and final, to carry into full effect such award, arbitration, or decree, and to enforce obedience thereto by imprisonment in the jail or other place of confinement in the district in which the United States may lawfully imprison any person arrested under the authority of the United States, until such award, arbitration or decree is complied with, or the parties are otherwise discharged therefrom, by the consent in writing of such consul, vice consul, or commercial agent, or his successor in office, or by the authority of the foreign government appointing such consul, vice consul, or commercial agent. The expenses of the said imprisonment and maintenance of the prisoners, and the cost of the proceedings, shall be borne by such foreign government, or by its consul, vice consul, or commercial agent requiring such imprisonment. The marshals of the United States shall serve all such process, and do all other acts necessary and proper to carry into effect the premises, under the authority of the said courts and magistrate judges.

(Mar. 3, 1911, ch. 231, §271, 36 Stat. 1163; Pub. L. 90-578, title IV, §402(b)(2), Oct. 17, 1968, 82 Stat. 1118; Pub. L. 101-650, title III, §321, Dec. 1, 1990, 104 Stat. 5117.)

CODIFICATION

Section was formerly classified to section 393 of Title 28 prior to the general revision and enactment of Title 28, Judiciary and Judicial Procedure, by act June 25, 1948, ch. 646, §1, 62 Stat. 869.

CHANGE OF NAME

“United States magistrate judges”, “magistrate judge”, and “magistrate judges” substituted in text for “United States magistrates”, “magistrate”, and “magistrates”, respectively, pursuant to section 321 of Pub. L. 101-650, set out as a note under section 631 of Title 28, Judiciary and Judicial Procedure. Previously, “magistrate” substituted for “commissioner” pursuant to Pub. L. 90-578. See chapter 43 (§631 et seq.) of Title 28.

**§ 259. Repealed. Aug. 10, 1956, ch. 1041, § 53, 70A Stat. 641**

Section, act May 31, 1939, ch. 161, 53 Stat. 795, authorized Secretary of Army to sell supplies to aircraft operated by any foreign military or air attaché accredited to United States. See sections 4626, 4629, 9626, and 9629 of Title 10, Armed Forces.

**CHAPTER 7—INTERNATIONAL BUREAUS, CONGRESSES, ETC.**

Sec. 261. Policy as to settlement of disputes and disarmament.  
 262. President's participation in international congresses restricted.  
 262-1. Restriction relating to United States accession to any new international criminal tribunal.

Sec. 262a. Contributions to international organizations; consent of State Department; limitations as to certain organizations.  
 262b. Commitments for United States contributions to international organizations; limitations; consultation with Congressional committees.  
 262c. Commitments for United States contributions to international financial institutions fostering economic development in less developed countries; continuation of participation.  
 262d. Human rights and United States assistance policies with international financial institutions.  
 262d-1. Congressional statement of policy of human rights and United States assistance policies with international institutions.  
 262e. Comparability of salaries and benefits of employees of international financial institutions with employees of American private business and governmental service.  
 262f. Promotion of development and utilization of light capital technologies and United States assistance policies with international financial institutions.  
 262g. Human nutrition in developing countries and United States assistance policies with international financial institutions; declaration of policy.  
 262g-1. Targeting assistance to specific populations.  
 262g-2. Establishment of guidelines for international financial institutions.  
 262g-3. International negotiations on future replenishments of international financial institutions; consultation with appropriate Members of Congress.  
 262h. Opposition by United States Executive Directors of international financial institutions to assistance for production or extraction of export commodities or minerals in surplus on world markets.  
 262i. Repealed.  
 262j. Use of renewable resources for energy production.  
 262k. Financial assistance to international financial institutions; considerations and criteria.  
 262k-1. Transparency of budgets.  
 262k-2. Female genital mutilation.  
 262l. Environmental reform measures and remedial measures; Committee on Health and the Environment.  
 262l-1. Sustainable economic growth and management of natural resources; environmental impact of loans; pest management; addition of trained professionals; “early warning system”.  
 262l-2. Sustainable use of natural resources; use of agricultural and industrial chemicals.  
 262l-3. Environmental and energy initiatives; benchmarks; Global Warming Initiative; appropriations.  
 262m. Congressional findings and policies for multilateral development banks respecting environment, public health, natural resources, and indigenous peoples.  
 262m-1. Environmental performance of banks; mechanisms for improvement.  
 262m-2. Environmental impact of assistance proposals.  
 262m-3. Cooperative information exchange system.  
 262m-4. Environmental educational and training programs for mid-level bank managers and officials of borrowing countries.  
 262m-5. Environmental impact statements; factors considered; promotion of activities by United States Executive Directors.  
 262m-6. Repealed.