HIPC Initiative described in subsection (a) of this section if the government of the country—

- (1) has an excessive level of military expenditures:
- (2) has repeatedly provided support for acts of international terrorism, as determined by the Secretary of State under section 2405(j)(1) of title 50, Appendix, or section 2371(a) of this title:
- (3) is failing to cooperate on international narcotics control matters; or
- (4) engages in a consistent pattern of gross violations of internationally recognized human rights (including its military or other security forces).

(d) Programs to combat HIV/AIDS and poverty

A country that is otherwise eligible to receive cancellation of debt under the modifications to the Enhanced HIPC Initiative described in subsection (a) of this section may receive such cancellation only if the country has agreed—

- (1) to ensure that the financial benefits of debt cancellation are applied to programs to combat HIV/AIDS and poverty, in particular through concrete measures to improve basic services in health, education, nutrition, and other development priorities, and to redress environmental degradation:
- (2) to ensure that the financial benefits of debt cancellation are in addition to the government's total spending on poverty reduction for the previous year or the average total of such expenditures for the previous 3 years, whichever is greater;
- (3) to implement transparent and participatory policymaking and budget procedures, good governance, and effective anticorruption measures; and
- (4) to broaden public participation and popular understanding of the principles and goals of poverty reduction.

(e) Definitions

In this section:

(1) Country suffering a public health crisis

The term "country suffering a public health crisis" means a country in which the HIV/AIDS infection rate, as reported in the most recent epidemiological data for that country compiled by the Joint United Nations Program on HIV/AIDS, is at least 5 percent among women attending prenatal clinics or more than 20 percent among individuals in groups with high-risk behavior.

(2) Decision Point

The term "Decision Point" means the date on which the executive boards of the International Bank for Reconstruction and Development and the International Monetary Fund review the debt sustainability analysis for a country and determine that the country is eligible for debt relief under the Enhanced HIPC Initiative.

(3) Enhanced HIPC Initiative

The term "Enhanced HIPC Initiative" means the multilateral debt initiative for heavily indebted poor countries presented in the Report of G-7 Finance Ministers on the Cologne Debt Initiative to the Cologne Economic Summit, Cologne, June 18-20, 1999.

(Pub. L. 95–118, title XVI, \$1625, as added Pub. L. 108–25, title V, \$501, May 27, 2003, 117 Stat. 747; amended Pub. L. 108–199, div. D, title V, \$596, Jan. 23, 2004, 118 Stat. 209.)

References in Text

Section 262p-4p of this title, referred to in subsec. (b)(3), was in the original "section 526(e) of the Foreign Operations, Export Financing and Related Programs Appropriations Act, 1995 (22 U.S.C. 262p-4p)" meaning section 526(e) of Pub. L. 103-306, which was translated as reading section 1621 of Pub. L. 95-118 which was enacted by section 526(e) of Pub. L. 103-306 and is classified to section 262p-4p of this title, to reflect the probable intent of Congress.

CODIFICATION

May 27, 2003, referred to in subsec. (a)(1)(A)(ii), was in the original "the date of the enactment of this Act", which was translated as meaning the date of enactment of Pub. L. 108–25, which enacted this section, to reflect the probable intent of Congress.

AMENDMENTS

2004—Subsec. (a)(1)(B)(ii). Pub. L. 108–199 substituted "clause (i)" for "subparagraph (A)".

DEFINITIONS

The definitions in section 262p–5 of this title apply to this section. $\,$

§ 262p-9. Reform of the "Doing Business" Report of the World Bank

- (a) The Secretary of the Treasury shall instruct the United States Executive Directors at the International Bank for Reconstruction and Development, the International Development Association, and the International Finance Corporation of the following United States policy goals, and to use the voice and vote of the United States to actively promote and work to achieve these goals:
 - (1) Suspension of the use of the "Employing Workers" Indicator for the purpose of ranking or scoring country performance in the annual Doing Business Report of the World Bank until a set of indicators can be devised that fairly represent the value of internationally recognized workers' rights, including core labor standards, in creating a stable and favorable environment for attracting private investment. The indicators shall bring to bear the experiences of the member governments in dealing with the economic, social and political complexity of labor market issues. The indicators should be developed through collaborative discussions with and between the World Bank, the International Finance Corporation, the International Labor Organization, private companies, and labor unions.
 - (2) Elimination of the "Labor Tax and Social Contributions" Subindicator from the annual Doing Business Report of the World Bank.
 - (3) Removal of the "Employing Workers" Indicator as a "guidepost" for calculating the annual Country Policy and Institutional Assessment score for each recipient country.
- (b) Within 60 days after June 24, 2009, the Secretary of the Treasury shall provide an instruction to the United States Executive Directors referred to in subsection (a) to take appropriate actions with respect to implementing the policy

goals of the United States set forth in subsection (a), and such instruction shall be posted on the website of the Department of the Treasury.

(Pub. L. 95–118, title XVI, §1626, as added Pub. L. 111–32, title XI, §1110, June 24, 2009, 123 Stat. 1902.)

DEFINITIONS

The definitions in section 262p-5 of this title apply to this section.

§ 262p-10. Enhancing the transparency and effectiveness of the Inspection Panel process of the World Bank

(a) Enhancing transparency in implementation of Management Action Plans

The Secretary of the Treasury shall direct the United States Executive Directors at the World Bank to seek to ensure that World Bank Procedure 17.55, which establishes the operating procedures of Management with regard to the Inspection Panel, provides that Management prepare and make available to the public semiannual progress reports describing implementation of Action Plans considered by the Board; allow and receive comments from Requesters and other Affected Parties for two months after the date of disclosure of the progress reports; post these comments on World Bank and Inspection Panel websites (after receiving permission from the requestors to post with or without attribution); submit the reports to the Board with any comments received; and make public the substance of any actions taken by the Board after Board consideration of the reports.

(b) Safeguarding the independence and effectiveness of the Inspection Panel

The Secretary of the Treasury shall direct the United States Executive Directors at the World Bank to continue to promote the independence and effectiveness of the Inspection Panel, including by seeking to ensure the availability of, and access by claimants to, the Inspection Panel for projects supported by World Bank resources.

(c) Evaluation of country systems

The Secretary of the Treasury shall direct the United States Executive Directors at the World Bank to request an evaluation by the Independent Evaluation Group on the use of country environmental and social safeguard systems to determine the degree to which, in practice, the use of such systems provides the same level of protection at the project level as do the policies and procedures of the World Bank.

(d) World Bank defined

In this section, the term "World Bank" means the International Bank for Reconstruction and Development and the International Development Association.

(Pub. L. 95–118, title XVI, §1627, as added Pub. L. 111–32, title XI, §1110, June 24, 2009, 123 Stat. 1902.)

DEFINITIONS

The definitions in section 262p-5 of this title apply to this section.

§ 262p-11. Opposition to loans or funds for countries that support terrorism

The Secretary of the Treasury shall instruct the United States Executive Director at each of the International Financial Institutions (as defined in section 262r(c)(2) of this title) to use the voice and vote of the United States to oppose the provision of loans or other use of the funds of the respective institution to any country the government of which the Secretary of State has determined, for purposes of section 2405(j) of title 50, Appendix, section 2371 of this title, or section 2780 of this title, to be a government that has repeatedly provided support for acts of international terrorism.

(Pub. L. 95–118, title XVI (par.), as added Pub. L. 111–32, title XIV, §1404, June 24, 2009, 123 Stat. 1919.)

CODIFICATION

Section is comprised of an undesignated paragraph which was added at the end of title XVI of Pub. L. 95–118.

SIMILAR PROVISIONS

Similar provisions are contained in section 262p-4q of this title.

DEFINITIONS

The definitions in section 262p-5 of this title apply to this section.

§ 262p-12. Cancellation of Haiti's debts to international financial institutions

(a) In general

The Secretary of the Treasury should direct the United States Executive Director at the International Monetary Fund, the International Development Association, the Inter-American Development Bank, the International Fund for Agricultural Development, and other multilateral development institutions (as defined in section 262r(c)(3) of this title) to use the voice, vote and influence of the United States at each such institution to seek to achieve—

- (1) the immediate and complete cancellation of any and all remaining debts owed by Haiti to such institutions;
- (2) the suspension of Haiti's debt service payments to such institutions until such time as the debts are canceled completely; and
- (3) the provision, before February 1, 2015, of emergency, humanitarian and reconstruction assistance from such institutions to Haiti in the form of grants or other assistance such that Haiti does not accumulate debt.

(b) Use of certain funds for assistance to Haiti

The Secretary of the Treasury should instruct the United States Executive Director of the International Monetary Fund to advocate the use of some of the realized windfall profits that exceed the required contribution to the Poverty Reduction and Growth Trust (as referenced in the IMF Reforms Financial Facilities for Low-Income Countries Public Information Notice (PIN) No. 09/94) from the ongoing sale of 12,965,649 ounces of gold acquired since the sec-

 $^{^{1}\,\}mathrm{So}$ in original. Probably should not be capitalized.