cise of rights of access, that the petitioner has such rights.

- (2) In the case of an action for the return of a child, a respondent who opposes the return of the child has the burden of establishing—
  - (A) by clear and convincing evidence that one of the exceptions set forth in article 13b or 20 of the Convention applies; and
  - (B) by a preponderance of the evidence that any other exception set forth in article 12 or 13 of the Convention applies.

### (f) Application of Convention

For purposes of any action brought under this chapter—

- (1) the term "authorities", as used in article 15 of the Convention to refer to the authorities of the state of the habitual residence of a child, includes courts and appropriate government agencies;
- (2) the terms "wrongful removal or retention" and "wrongfully removed or retained", as used in the Convention, include a removal or retention of a child before the entry of a custody order regarding that child; and
- (3) the term "commencement of proceedings", as used in article 12 of the Convention, means, with respect to the return of a child located in the United States, the filing of a petition in accordance with subsection (b) of this section.

### (g) Full faith and credit

Full faith and credit shall be accorded by the courts of the States and the courts of the United States to the judgment of any other such court ordering or denying the return of a child, pursuant to the Convention, in an action brought under this chapter.

## (h) Remedies under Convention not exclusive

The remedies established by the Convention and this chapter shall be in addition to remedies available under other laws or international agreements.

(Pub. L. 100-300, §4, Apr. 29, 1988, 102 Stat. 438.)

### References in Text

This chapter, referred to in subsecs. (f) to (h), was in the original "this Act" meaning Pub. L. 100-300, Apr. 29, 1988, 102 Stat. 437, which is classified principally to this chapter. For complete classification of this Act to the Code, see Short Title note under section 9001 of this title and Tables.

### CODIFICATION

Section was formerly classified to section 11603 of Title 42, The Public Health and Welfare.

# § 9004. Provisional remedies

### (a) Authority of courts

In furtherance of the objectives of article 7(b) and other provisions of the Convention, and subject to the provisions of subsection (b) of this section, any court exercising jurisdiction of an action brought under section 9003(b) of this title may take or cause to be taken measures under Federal or State law, as appropriate, to protect the well-being of the child involved or to prevent the child's further removal or concealment before the final disposition of the petition.

### (b) Limitation on authority

No court exercising jurisdiction of an action brought under section 9003(b) of this title may, under subsection (a) of this section, order a child removed from a person having physical control of the child unless the applicable requirements of State law are satisfied.

(Pub. L. 100-300, §5, Apr. 29, 1988, 102 Stat. 439.)

#### CODIFICATION

Section was formerly classified to section 11604 of Title 42, The Public Health and Welfare.

### § 9005. Admissibility of documents

With respect to any application to the United States Central Authority, or any petition to a court under section 9003 of this title, which seeks relief under the Convention, or any other documents or information included with such application or petition or provided after such submission which relates to the application or petition, as the case may be, no authentication of such application, petition, document, or information shall be required in order for the application, petition, document, or information to be admissible in court.

(Pub. L. 100-300, §6, Apr. 29, 1988, 102 Stat. 439.)

#### CODIFICATION

Section was formerly classified to section 11605 of Title 42, The Public Health and Welfare.

# § 9006. United States Central Authority

### (a) Designation

The President shall designate a Federal agency to serve as the Central Authority for the United States under the Convention.

### (b) Functions

The functions of the United States Central Authority are those ascribed to the Central Authority by the Convention and this chapter.

### (c) Regulatory authority

The United States Central Authority is authorized to issue such regulations as may be necessary to carry out its functions under the Convention and this chapter.

### (d) Obtaining information from Parent Locator Service

The United States Central Authority may, to the extent authorized by the Social Security Act [42 U.S.C. 301 et seq.], obtain information from the Parent Locator Service.

# (e) Grant authority

The United States Central Authority is authorized to make grants to, or enter into contracts or agreements with, any individual, corporation, other Federal, State, or local agency, or private entity or organization in the United States for purposes of accomplishing its responsibilities under the Convention and this chapter.

# (f) Limited liability of private entities acting under the direction of the United States Central Authority

### (1) Limitation on liability

Except as provided in paragraphs (2) and (3), a private entity or organization that receives