# § 8929. Report on non-compliance by the Russian Federation of its obligations under the INF

#### (a) Findings

Congress makes the following findings:

(1) The Russian Federation is in violation of its obligations under the Treaty between the United States of America and the Union of Soviet Socialist Republics on the Elimination of Their Intermediate-Range and Shorter-Range Missiles, signed at Washington December 8, 1987, and entered into force June 1, 1988 (commonly referred to as the "Intermediate-Range Nuclear Forces Treaty" or "INF Treaty").

(2) This behavior poses a threat to the United States, its deployed forces, and its allies.

# (b) Sense of Congress

It is the sense of Congress that-

(1) the President should hold the Russian Federation accountable for being in violation of its obligations under the INF Treaty; and

(2) the President should demand the Russian Federation completely and verifiably eliminate the military systems that constitute the violation of its obligations under the INF Treaty.

## (c) Report

#### (1) In general

Not later than 90 days after December 18. 2014, and every 90 days thereafter, the President shall submit to the committees specified in subsection (d) a report that includes the following elements:

- (A) A description of the status of the President's efforts, in cooperation with United States allies, to hold the Russian Federation accountable for being in violation of its obligations under the INF Treaty and obtain the complete and verifiable elimination of its military systems that constitute the violation of its obligations under the INF Treaty.
- (B) The President's assessment as to whether it remains in the national security interests of the United States to remain a party to the INF Treaty, and other related treaties and agreements, while the Russian Federation is in violation of its obligations under the INF Treaty.
- (C) Notification of any deployment by the Russian Federation of a ground launched ballistic or cruise missile system with a range of between 500 and 5,500 kilometers.
- (D) A plan developed by the Secretary of State, in consultation with the Director of National Intelligence and the Defense Threat Reduction Agency (DTRA), to verify that the Russian Federation has fully and completely dismantled any ground launched cruise missiles or ballistic missiles with a range of between 500 and 5,500 kilometers, including details on facilities that inspectors need access to, people inspectors need to talk with, how often inspectors need the accesses for, and how much the verification regime would cost.

#### (2) Form

The report required under paragraph (1) shall be submitted in unclassified form but may contain a classified annex.

#### (d) Committees specified

The committees specified in this subsection

- (1) the Committee on Foreign Relations, the Committee on Armed Services, and the Select Committee on Intelligence of the Senate; and
- (2) the Committee on Foreign Affairs, the Committee on Armed Services, and the Permanent Select Committee on Intelligence of the House of Representatives.

(Pub. L. 113-272, §10, Dec. 18, 2014, 128 Stat. 2965.)

#### §8930. Rule of construction

Nothing in this chapter shall be construed as an authorization for the use of military force.

(Pub. L. 113-272, §11, Dec. 18, 2014, 128 Stat. 2966.)

#### REFERENCES IN TEXT

This chapter, referred to in text, was in the original 'this Act or an amendment made by this Act", meaning Pub. L. 113–272, Dec. 18, 2014, 128 Stat. 2952, which enacted this chapter and provisions set out as a note under section 8921 of this title. Pub. L. 113-272 did not make any amendments.

## CHAPTER 97—INTERNATIONAL CHILD ABDUCTION REMEDIES

9001 Findings and declarations.

9002. Definitions.

Sec.

9003. Judicial remedies. 9004. Provisional remedies.

9005. Admissibility of documents.

9006. United States Central Authority.

9007. Costs and fees.

9008. Collection, maintenance, and dissemination

of information.

9009. Office of Children's Issues. 9010. Interagency coordinating group.

Authorization of appropriations. 9011.

## § 9001. Findings and declarations

## (a) Findings

The Congress makes the following findings:

- (1) The international abduction or wrongful retention of children is harmful to their wellbeing.
- (2) Persons should not be permitted to obtain custody of children by virtue of their wrongful removal or retention.
- (3) International abductions and retentions of children are increasing, and only concerted cooperation pursuant to an international agreement can effectively combat this prob-
- (4) The Convention on the Civil Aspects of International Child Abduction, done at The Hague on October 25, 1980, establishes legal rights and procedures for the prompt return of children who have been wrongfully removed or retained, as well as for securing the exercise of visitation rights. Children who are wrongfully removed or retained within the meaning of the Convention are to be promptly returned unless one of the narrow exceptions set forth in the Convention applies. The Convention provides a