EFFECTIVE DATE OF REPEAL

Repeal effective Oct. 1, 1982, see section 402 of Pub. L. 97–164, set out as an Effective Date of 1982 Amendment note under section 171 of this title.

§ 2519. Conclusiveness of judgment

A final judgment of the United States Court of Federal Claims against any plaintiff shall forever bar any further claim, suit, or demand against the United States arising out of the matters involved in the case or controversy.

(June 25, 1948, ch. 646, 62 Stat. 979; Pub. L. 97–164, title I, §139(m), Apr. 2, 1982, 96 Stat. 43; Pub. L. 102–572, title IX, §902(a)(1), Oct. 29, 1992, 106 Stat. 4516.)

HISTORICAL AND REVISION NOTES

Based on title 28, U.S.C., 1940 ed., \S 286 (Mar. 3, 1911, ch. 231, \S 179, 36 Stat. 1141).

Changes were made in phraseology.

AMENDMENTS

1992—Pub. L. 102-572 substituted "United States Court of Federal Claims" for "United States Claims Court".

1982—Pub. L. 97–164 substituted "United States Claims Court" for "Court of Claims".

EFFECTIVE DATE OF 1992 AMENDMENT

Amendment by Pub. L. 102-572 effective Oct. 29, 1992, see section 911 of Pub. L. 102-572, set out as a note under section 171 of this title.

EFFECTIVE DATE OF 1982 AMENDMENT

Amendment by Pub. L. 97-164 effective Oct. 1, 1982, see section 402 of Pub. L. 97-164, set out as a note under section 171 of this title.

[§ 2520. Repealed. Pub. L. 106-518, title II, § 207, Nov. 13, 2000, 114 Stat. 2414]

Section, acts June 25, 1948, ch. 646, 62 Stat. 979; Sept. 3, 1954, ch. 1263, $\S58$, 68 Stat. 1248; Pub. L. 89–507, $\S2$, July 18, 1966, 80 Stat. 308; Pub. L. 97–164, title I, $\S139(n)(1)$ –(3), Apr. 2, 1982, 96 Stat. 43, 44; Pub. L. 100–702, title X, $\S1012(a)(1)$, Nov. 19, 1988, 102 Stat. 4668; Pub. L. 102–572, title IX, $\S902(a)(1)$, Oct. 29, 1992, 106 Stat. 4516, required the Court of Federal Claims to impose a fee not exceeding \$120 for petition fillings.

§ 2521. Subpoenas and incidental powers

- (a) Subpoenas requiring the attendance of parties or witnesses and subpoenas requiring the production of books, papers, documents or tangible things by any party or witness having custody or control thereof, may be issued for purposes of discovery or for use of the things produced as evidence in accordance with the rules and orders of the court. Such subpoenas shall be issued and served and compliance therewith shall be compelled as provided in the rules and orders of the court.
- (b) The United States Court of Federal Claims shall have power to punish by fine or imprisonment, at its discretion, such contempt of its authority as—
 - (1) misbehavior of any person in its presence or so near thereto as to obstruct the administration of justice;
 - (2) misbehavior of any of its officers in their official transactions: or
 - (3) disobedience or resistance to its lawful writ, process, order, rule, decree, or command.

(c) The United States Court of Federal Claims shall have such assistance in the carrying out of its lawful writ, process, order, rule, decree, or command as is available to a court of the United States. The United States marshal for any district in which the Court of Federal Claims is sitting shall, when requested by the chief judge of the Court of Federal Claims, attend any session of the Court of Federal Claims in such district.

(Added Sept. 3, 1954, ch. 1263, §59(a), 68 Stat. 1248; amended Pub. L. 102–572, title IX, §910(a), Oct. 29, 1992, 106 Stat. 4519.)

AMENDMENTS

1992—Pub. L. 102–572 inserted "and incidental powers" in section catchline, designated existing provisions as subsec. (a), and added subsecs. (b) and (c).

EFFECTIVE DATE OF 1992 AMENDMENT

Amendment by Pub. L. 102-572 effective Oct. 29, 1992, see section 911 of Pub. L. 102-572, set out as a note under section 171 of this title.

§ 2522. Notice of appeal

Review of a decision of the United States Court of Federal Claims shall be obtained by filing a notice of appeal with the clerk of the Court of Federal Claims within the time and in the manner prescribed for appeals to United States courts of appeals from the United States district courts.

(Added Pub. L. 97–164, title I, \$139(q)(1), Apr. 2, 1982, 96 Stat. 44; amended Pub. L. 102–572, title IX, \$902(a), Oct. 29, 1992, 106 Stat. 4516.)

AMENDMENTS

1992—Pub. L. 102-572 substituted "United States Court of Federal Claims" for "United States Claims Court" and "Court of Federal Claims" for "Claims Court".

EFFECTIVE DATE OF 1992 AMENDMENT

Amendment by Pub. L. 102–572 effective Oct. 29, 1992, see section 911 of Pub. L. 102–572, set out as a note under section 171 of this title.

EFFECTIVE DATE

Section effective Oct. 1, 1982, see section 402 of Pub. L. 97–164, set out as an Effective Date of 1982 Amendment note under section 171 of this title.

[CHAPTER 167—REPEALED]

[§§ 2601 to 2604. Repealed. Pub. L. 97–164, title I, § 140, Apr. 2, 1982, 96 Stat. 44]

Section 2601, acts June 25, 1948, ch. 646, 62 Stat. 979; June 2, 1970, Pub. L. 91–271, title I, $\S103$, 84 Stat. 275; Oct. 10, 1980, Pub. L. 96–417, title IV, $\S403(a)$ –(d), title V, $\S501(27)$, (28), 94 Stat. 1740–1742, provided for appeals to the Court of Customs and Patent Appeals from final judgments or orders of the Court of International Trade and for the procedures to be followed in such appeals. See section 1295(a)(5) of this title.

Section 2602, acts June 25, 1948, ch. 646, 62 Stat. 980; Oct. 14, 1966, Pub. L. 89-651, §8(c)(3), 80 Stat. 902; June 2, 1970, Pub. L. 91-271, title I, §104, 84 Stat. 276; Oct. 10, 1980, Pub. L. 96-417, title IV, §403(e)(1), 94 Stat. 1741, provided for the precedence of enumerated civil actions in the Court of Customs and Patent Appeals. See section 1296 of this title.

Section 2603, added Pub. L. 96-417, title IV, §404(a), Oct. 10, 1980, 94 Stat. 1741, provided that, except as provided in section 2639 or 2641(b) of this title or in the

rules prescribed by the court, the Federal Rules of Evidence would apply in the Court of Customs and Patent Appeals in any appeal from the Court of International Trade

Section 2604, added Pub. L. 96-417, title IV, §405(a), Oct. 10, 1980, 94 Stat. 1741, authorized the chief judge of the Court of Customs and Patent Appeals to summon annually the judges of the court to a judicial conference for the purpose of considering the business of the court and improvements in the administration of justice of the court.

EFFECTIVE DATE OF REPEAL

Repeal effective Oct. 1, 1982, see section 402 of Pub. L. 97–164, set out as an Effective Date of 1982 Amendment note under section 171 of this title.

CHAPTER 169—COURT OF INTERNATIONAL TRADE PROCEDURE

Sec. 2631. Persons entitled to commence a civil action. Commencement of a civil action. Procedure and fees. 2634. Notice. 2635. Filing of official documents. 2636. Time for commencement of action. 2637. Exhaustion of administrative remedies. 2638 New grounds in support of a civil action. 2639. Burden of proof; evidence of value. Scope and standard of review. 2640. 2641. Witnesses: inspection of documents. 2642. Analysis of imported merchandise. 2643. Relief. 2644 Interest. 2645. Decisions. Retrial or rehearing. 2646. Г2647. Repealed.]

AMENDMENTS

1984—Pub. L. 98-620 title IV, §402(29)(G), Nov. 8, 1984, 98 Stat. 3359, struck out item 2647 "Precedence of cases"

1980—Pub. L. 96-417, title III, §301, Oct. 10, 1980, 94 Stat. 1730, substituted "COURT OF INTERNATIONAL TRADE PROCEDURE" for "CUSTOMS COURT PROCEDURE" in chapter heading, "Persons entitled to commence a civil action" for "Time for commencement of action" in item 2631, "Commencement of a civil action" for "Customs Court procedures and fees" in item 2632, "Procedure and fees" for "Precedence of cases" in item 2633, "Filing of official documents" for "Burden of proof; evidence of value" in item 2635, "Time for commencement of action" for "Analysis of imported merchandise" in item 2636, "Exhaustion of administrative remedies" for "Witnesses; inspection of documents" in item 2637, "New grounds in support of a civil action" for "Decisions; findings of fact and conclusions of law; effect of opinions" in item 2638, "Burden of proof; evidence of value" for "Retrial or rehearing" in item 2639, and added items 2640 to 2647.

1979—Pub. L. 96–39, title X, \$1001(b)(4)(F), July 26, 1979, 93 Stat. 306, substituted "Precedence of cases" for "Precedence of American manufacturer, producer, or wholesaler cases" in item 2633.

1970—Pub. L. 91–271, title I, §123(e), June 2, 1970, 84 Stat. 282, substituted "Time for commencement of action" for "Appeal for reappraisement; assignment to single judge; hearing" in item 2631, "Customs Court procedures and fees" for "Notice" in item 2632, "Precedence of American manufacturer, producer, or wholesaler cases" for "Evidence of value, upon reappraisement; burden of proof" in item 2633, "Notice" for "Witnesses; inspection of documents" in item 2634, "Burden of proof; evidence of value" for "Decision of single judge in reappraisement appeal" in item 2635, "Analysis of imported merchandise" for "Review of single judge's decision; disqualification of judges; remand; presumption" in item 2636, "Witnesses; inspection of

documents" for "Review of decisions of divisions" in item 2637, "Decisions; findings of fact and conclusions of law; effect of opinions" for "Precedence of classification cases" in item 2638, and "Retrial or rehearing" for "Analysis of imported merchandise" in item 2639, and struck out item 2640 "Rehearing or retrial", item 2641 "Frivolous protest or appeal", and item 2642 "Amendment of protests, appeals, and pleadings".

1949—Act May 24, 1949, ch. 139, §121, 63 Stat. 106, substituted "Amendment of protests, appeals, and pleadings" for "Disqualification of judge" in item 2642.

§ 2631. Persons entitled to commence a civil ac-

- (a) A civil action contesting the denial of a protest, in whole or in part, under section 515 of the Tariff Act of 1930 may be commenced in the Court of International Trade by the person who filed the protest pursuant to section 514 of such Act, or by a surety on the transaction which is the subject of the protest.
- (b) A civil action contesting the denial of a petition under section 516 of the Tariff Act of 1930 may be commenced in the Court of International Trade by the person who filed such petition.
- (c) A civil action contesting a determination listed in section 516A of the Tariff Act of 1930 may be commenced in the Court of International Trade by any interested party who was a party to the proceeding in connection with which the matter arose.
- (d)(1) A civil action to review any final determination of the Secretary of Labor under section 223 of the Trade Act of 1974 with respect to the eligibility of workers for adjustment assistance under such Act may be commenced in the Court of International Trade by a worker, group of workers, certified or recognized union, or authorized representative of such worker or group that applies for assistance under such Act and is aggrieved by such final determination.
- (2) A civil action to review any final determination of the Secretary of Commerce under section 251 of the Trade Act of 1974 with respect to the eligibility of a firm for adjustment assistance under such Act may be commenced in the Court of International Trade by a firm or its representative that applies for assistance under such Act and is aggrieved by such final determination, or by any other interested domestic party that is aggrieved by such final determination.
- (3) A civil action to review any final determination of the Secretary of Commerce under section 271 of the Trade Act of 1974 with respect to the eligibility of a community for adjustment assistance under such Act may be commenced in the Court of International Trade by a community that applies for assistance under such Act and is aggrieved by such final determination, or by any other interested domestic party that is aggrieved by such final determination.
- (e) A civil action to review a final determination made under section 305(b)(1) of the Trade Agreements Act of 1979 may be commenced in the Court of International Trade by any person who was a party-at-interest with respect to such determination.
- (f) A civil action involving an application for the issuance of an order directing the administering authority or the International Trade