Proc. No. 5574. The Rose Proclaimed the National Floral Emblem of the United States of America

Proc. No. 5574, Nov. 20, 1986, 51 F.R. 42197, provided:
Americans have always loved the flowers with which God decorates our land. More often than any other flower, we hold the rose dear as the symbol of life and love and devotion, of beauty and eternity. For the love of man and woman, for the love of mankind and God, for the love of country, Americans who would speak the language of the heart do so with a rose.
We see proofs of this everywhere. The study of fossils reveals that the rose has existed in America for age upon age. We have always cultivated roses in our gardens. Our first President, George Washington, bred roses, and a variety he named after his mother is still grown today. The White House itself boasts a beautiful Rose Garden. We grow roses in all our fifty States. We find roses throughout our art, music, and literature. We decorate our celebrations and parades with roses. Most of all, we present roses to those we love, and we lavish them on our altars, our civil shrines, and the final resting places of our honored dead.
The American people have long held a special place in their hearts for roses. Let us continue to cherish them, to honor the love and devotion they represent, and to bestow them on all we love just as God has bestowed them on us.
The Congress, by Senate Joint Resolution 159 [Pub. L. 99-449, now this section], has designated the rose as the National Floral Emblem of the United States and authorized and requested the President to issue a proclamation declaring this fact.
NOW, THEREFORE, I, RONALD REAGAN, President of the United States of America, do hereby proclaim the rose as the National Floral Emblem of the United States of America.
IN WITNESS WHEREOF, I have hereunto set my hand this twentieth day of November, in the year of our Lord nineteen hundred and eighty-six, and of the Independence of the United States of America the two hundred and eleventh.

Ronald Reagan.

## § 304. National march

The composition by John Philip Sousa entitled "The Stars and Stripes Forever" is the national march.
(Pub. L. 105-225, Aug. 12, 1998, 112 Stat. 1263.)
Historical and Revision Notes

| Revised <br> Section | Source (U.S. Code) | Source (Statutes at Large) |
| :--- | :--- | :---: |
| $304 \ldots \ldots \ldots \ldots .$. | $36: 188$. | Dec. 11, 1987, Pub. L. 100-186, <br> 101 Stat. 1286. |

## § 305. National tree

The tree genus Quercus, commonly known as the oak tree, is the national tree.
(Added Pub. L. 108-447, div. J, title I, §109(a), Dec. 8, 2004, 118 Stat. 3344.)

## CHAPTER 5-PRESIDENTIAL INAUGURAL CEREMONIES

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## AMENDMENTS

2006-Pub. L. 109-284, §5(1), (2), Sept. 27, 2006, 120 Stat. 1211, added item 510 and redesignated former item 510 as 511.

## § 501. Definitions

For purposes of this chapter-
(1) 'Inaugural Committee", means the committee appointed by the President-elect to be in charge of the Presidential inaugural ceremony and functions and activities connected with the ceremony; and
(2) "inaugural period" means the period that includes the day on which the Presidential inaugural ceremony is held, the 5 calendar days immediately preceding that day, and the 4 calendar days immediately following that day.
(Pub. L. 105-225, Aug. 12, 1998, 112 Stat. 1263.)
Historical and Revision Notes

| Revised <br> Section | Source (U.S. Code) | Source (Statutes at Large) |
| :---: | :--- | :--- |
| $501 \ldots \ldots \ldots \ldots .$. | $36: 721$ (b). <br> $36: 730$. | Aug. 6, 1956, ch. 974, §1(b), 70 <br> Stat. 1049. . <br> Aug. 6, 1956, ch. 974, §10, as <br> added Jan. 30, 1968, Pub. <br> L. 90-251, §4, 82 Stat. 4. |

In this chapter, the word "Mayor" is substituted for "Commissioners" in the Presidential Inaugural Ceremonies Act (ch. 974, 70 Stat. 1049) [subsequently changed to "Commissioner" in $36: \mathrm{ch} .30$ because section 401 of Reorganization Plan No. 3 of 1967 (5 App. U.S.C.) transferred the functions of the Board of Commissioners of the District of Columbia to the Commissioner of the District of Columbia and because of 36:730] because of sections 421 and 711 of the District of Columbia Self-Government and Governmental Reorganization Act (Public Law 93-198, 87 Stat. 789, 818), which abolished the office of Commissioner of the District of Columbia and replaced it with the office of Mayor of the District of Columbia.
In this section, the text of $36: 721(\mathrm{~b})(3)-(5)$ is omitted because the complete names of the Mayor of the District of Columbia and the Secretaries of Defense and of the Interior are used the first time the terms appear in a section.

## § 502. Regulations, licenses, and registration tags

(a) REGULATIONS AND LICENSES.-For each inaugural period, the Council of the District of Columbia shall-
(1) prescribe reasonable regulations necessary to preserve public order and protect life, health, and property;
(2) prescribe special regulations related to the standing, movement, and operation of vehicles; and
(3) grant special licenses to peddlers and vendors to sell merchandise in places the Council considers proper, subject to conditions and fees for the licenses the Council considers proper.
(b) REGISTRATION TAGS.-The Mayor of the District of Columbia may issue, for any motor

