# § 5107. Discretionary programs; authorization of appropriations

- (a)(1) The Secretary of Health and Human Services, either directly, through grants to States and public and private, nonprofit organizations and agencies, or through jointly financed cooperative arrangements with States, public agencies, and other agencies and organizations, is authorized to provide for activities of national significance related to child abuse prevention and treatment and adoption reform, including operation of a national center to collect and disseminate information regarding child abuse and neglect, and operation of a national adoption information exchange system to facilitate the adoptive placement of children.
- (2) The Secretary, in carrying out the provisions of this subsection, shall provide for the continued operation of the National Center on Child Abuse and Neglect in accordance with section 5101(a) of this title for each of the fiscal years 1982 and 1983.
- (3) If the Secretary determines, in fiscal year 1982 or 1983, to carry out any of the activities described in section 5101(b) of this title, the Secretary shall carry out such activities through the National Center on Child Abuse and Neglect.
- (b) There is authorized to be appropriated to carry out this section \$12,000,000 for each of the fiscal years 1982 and 1983. Of the amounts appropriated under this subsection for any fiscal year, not less than \$2,000,000 shall be available to carry out title II of the Child Abuse Prevention and Treatment and Adoption Reform Act of 1978 [42 U.S.C. 5111 et seq.].

(Pub. L. 97–35, title VI, §610, Aug. 13, 1981, 95 Stat. 488.)

### References in Text

The Child Abuse Prevention and Treatment and Adoption Reform Act of 1978, referred to in subsec. (b), is Pub. L. 95–266, Apr. 24, 1978, 92 Stat. 205, as amended. Title II of the Child Abuse Prevention and Treatment and Adoption Reform Act of 1978 is classified generally to subchapter II (§5111 et seq.) of this chapter. For complete classification of this Act to the Code, see Short Title of 1978 Amendment note set out under section 5101 of this title and Tables.

### CODIFICATION

Section was enacted as part of the Omnibus Budget Reconciliation Act of 1981, and not as part of title I of the Child Abuse Prevention and Treatment Act which comprises this subchapter.

## SUBCHAPTER II—ADOPTION OPPORTUNITIES

# §5111. Congressional findings and declaration of purpose

#### (a) Findings

Congress finds that—

- (1) on the last day of fiscal year 2009, some 424,000 children were living in temporary foster family homes or other foster care settings;
- (2) most children in foster care are victims of child abuse or neglect by their biological parents and their entry into foster care brought them the additional trauma of separation from their homes and often their communities;

- (3) on average, children entering foster care have more physical and mental health needs than do children in the general population, and some require intensive services because the children entering foster care—
  - (A) were born to mothers who did not receive prenatal care;
  - (B) were born with life-threatening conditions or disabilities;
  - (C) were born addicted to alcohol or other drugs; or
    - (D) have HIV/AIDS;
- (4) each year, thousands of children in foster care, regardless of their age, the size of the sibling group they are a part of, their racial or ethnic status, their medical condition, or any physical, mental or emotional disability they may have, are in need of placement with permanent, loving, adoptive families;
- (5)(A) States have made important strides in increasing the number of children who are placed in permanent homes with adoptive parents and in reducing the length of time children wait for such a placement; and
- (B) many thousands of children, however, still remain in institutions or foster homes solely because of legal and other barriers to such a placement;
- (6)(A) on the last day of fiscal year 2009, there were 115,000 children waiting for adoption:
- (B) children waiting for adoption have had parental rights of all living parents terminated or the children have a permanency goal of adoption;
- (C)(i) the average age of children adopted with public child welfare agency involvement during fiscal year 2009 was a little more than 6 years; and
- (ii) the average age of children waiting for adoption on the last day of that fiscal year was a little more than 8 years of age and more than 30,000 of those children were 12 years of age or older; and
- (D)(i) 25 percent of the children adopted with public child welfare agency involvement during fiscal year 2009 were African-American; and
- (ii) 30 percent of the children waiting for adoption on the last day of fiscal year 2009 were African-American;
- (7) adoption may be the best alternative for assuring the healthy development of children placed in foster care:
- (8) there are qualified persons seeking to adopt such children who are unable to do so because of barriers to their placement and adoption; and
- (9) in order both to enhance the stability of and love in the home environments of such children and to avoid wasteful expenditures of public funds, such children—
  - (A) should not have medically indicated treatment withheld from them; or
- (B) be maintained in foster care or institutions when adoption is appropriate and families can be found for such children.

#### (b) Purpose

It is the purpose of this subchapter to facilitate the elimination of barriers, including geo-