- (B) when appropriate, information related to cybersecurity risks, incidents, and analysis is integrated with other relevant information and tailored to the specific characteristics of a sector;
- (C) activities are prioritized and conducted based on the level of risk;
- (D) industry sector-specific, academic, and national laboratory expertise is sought and receives appropriate consideration;
- (E) continuous, collaborative, and inclusive coordination occurs—
 - (i) across sectors; and
 - (ii) with-
 - (I) sector coordinating councils;
 - (II) information sharing and analysis organizations; and
 - (III) other appropriate non-Federal partners;
- (F) as appropriate, the Center works to develop and use mechanisms for sharing information related to cybersecurity risks and incidents that are technology-neutral, interoperable, real-time, cost-effective, and resilient; and
- (G) the Center works with other agencies to reduce unnecessarily duplicative sharing of information related to cybersecurity risks and incidents;
- (2) that information related to cybersecurity risks and incidents is appropriately safeguarded against unauthorized access; and
- (3) that activities conducted by the Center comply with all policies, regulations, and laws that protect the privacy and civil liberties of United States persons.

(f) No right or benefit

(1) In general

The provision of assistance or information to, and inclusion in the Center of, governmental or private entities under this section shall be at the sole and unreviewable discretion of the Under Secretary appointed under section 113(a)(1)(H) of this title.

(2) Certain assistance or information

The provision of certain assistance or information to, or inclusion in the Center of, one governmental or private entity pursuant to this section shall not create a right or benefit, substantive or procedural, to similar assistance or information for any other governmental or private entity.

(Pub. L. 107-296, title II, §226, as added Pub. L. 113-282, §3(a), Dec. 18, 2014, 128 Stat. 3066.)

CODIFICATION

Another section 226 of Pub. L. 107-296 is classified to section 147 of this title.

RULES OF CONSTRUCTION

Pub. L. 113-282, §8, Dec. 18, 2014, 128 Stat. 3072, provided that:

"(a) Prohibition on New Regulatory Authority.— Nothing in this Act [see section 1 of Pub. L. 113–282, set out as a Short Title of 2014 Amendment note under section 101 of this title] or the amendments made by this Act shall be construed to grant the Secretary [of Homeland Security] any authority to promulgate regulations or set standards relating to the cybersecurity of private sector critical infrastructure that was not in effect on the day before the date of enactment of this Act [Dec. 18, 2014].

- "(b) PRIVATE ENTITIES.—Nothing in this Act or the amendments made by this Act shall be construed to require any private entity—
 - "(1) to request assistance from the Secretary; or "(2) that requested such assistance from the Secretary to implement any measure or recommendation suggested by the Secretary."

DEFINITIONS

Pub. L. 113–282, §2, Dec. 18, 2014, 128 Stat. 3066, provided that: "In this Act [see section 1 of Pub. L. 113–282, set out as a Short Title of 2014 Amendment note under section 101 of this title!—

"(2) the term 'critical infrastructure' has the meaning given that term in section 2 of the Homeland Security Act of 2002 (6 U.S.C. 101);

"(3) the term 'cybersecurity risk' has the meaning given that term in section 226 of the Homeland Security Act of 2002, as added by section 3:

rity Act of 2002, as added by section 3; "(4) the term 'information sharing and analysis organization' has the meaning given that term in section 212(5) of the Homeland Security Act of 2002 (6 U.S.C. 131(5));

"(5) the term 'information system' has the meaning given that term in section 3502(8) of title 44, United States Code; and

"(6) the term 'Secretary' means the Secretary of Homeland Security."

§ 149. Cyber incident response plan

The Under Secretary appointed under section 113(a)(1)(H) of this title shall, in coordination with appropriate Federal departments and agencies, State and local governments, sector coordinating councils, information sharing and analysis organizations (as defined in section 131(5) of this title), owners and operators of critical infrastructure, and other appropriate entities and individuals, develop, regularly update, maintain, and exercise adaptable cyber incident response plans to address cybersecurity risks (as defined in section 148¹ of this title) to critical infrastructure.

(Pub. L. 107–296, title II, §227, as added Pub. L. 113–282, §7(a), Dec. 18, 2014, 128 Stat. 3070.)

REFERENCES IN TEXT

Section 148 of this title, referred to in text, was in the original "section 226" and was translated as meaning the section 226 of Pub. L. 107–296 as added by section 3(a) of Pub. L. 113–282, which is classified to section 148 of this title and defines "cybersecurity risk". Another section 226 of Pub. L. 107–296, as added by Pub. L. 113–277, is classified to section 147 of this title.

RULE OF CONSTRUCTION

Pub. L. 113–282, §7(c), Dec. 18, 2014, 128 Stat. 3072, provided that: "Nothing in the amendment made by subsection (a) [enacting this section and section 150 of this title] or in subsection (b)(1) [formerly classified as a note under section 3543 of Title 44, Public Printing and Documents, see now section 2(d)(1) of Pub. L. 113–283, set out as a note under section 3553 of Title 44] shall be construed to alter any authority of a Federal agency or department."

§ 150. Clearances

The Secretary shall make available the process of application for security clearances under

¹ See References in Text note below.

Executive Order 13549 (75 Fed. Reg. 162; ¹ relating to a classified national security information program) or any successor Executive Order to appropriate representatives of sector coordinating councils, sector information sharing and analysis organizations (as defined in section 131(5) of this title), owners and operators of critical infrastructure, and any other person that the Secretary determines appropriate.

(Pub. L. 107–296, title II, § 228, as added Pub. L. 113–282, § 7(a), Dec. 18, 2014, 128 Stat. 3070.)

References in Text

Executive Order 13549, referred to in text, is set out as a note under section 3161 of Title 50, War and National Defense.

PART D—OFFICE OF SCIENCE AND TECHNOLOGY

§ 161. Establishment of Office; Director

(a) Establishment

(1) In general

There is hereby established within the Department of Justice an Office of Science and Technology (hereinafter in this subchapter referred to as the "Office").

(2) Authority

The Office shall be under the general authority of the Assistant Attorney General, Office of Justice Programs, and shall be established within the National Institute of Justice.

(b) Director

The Office shall be headed by a Director, who shall be an individual appointed based on approval by the Office of Personnel Management of the executive qualifications of the individual.

(Pub. L. 107–296, title II, §231, Nov. 25, 2002, 116 Stat. 2159.)

REFERENCES IN TEXT

This subchapter, referred to in subsec. (a)(1), was in the original "this title", meaning title II of Pub. L. 107–296, Nov. 25, 2002, 116 Stat. 2145, which enacted this subchapter, amended sections 1030, 2511, 2512, 2520, 2701 to 2703, and 3125 of Title 18, Crimes and Criminal Procedure, sections 3712 and 3722 of Title 42, The Public Health and Welfare, and section 401a of Title 50, War and National Defense, and enacted provisions set out as a note under section 101 of this title and listed in a Provisions for Review, Promulgation, or Amendment of Federal Sentencing Guidelines Relating to Specific Offenses table set out under section 994 of Title 28, Judiciary and Judicial Procedure. For complete classification of title II to the Code, see Tables.

§ 162. Mission of Office; duties

(a) Mission

The mission of the Office shall be-

(1) to serve as the national focal point for work on law enforcement technology; and

(2) to carry out programs that, through the provision of equipment, training, and technical assistance, improve the safety and effectiveness of law enforcement technology and improve access to such technology by Federal, State, and local law enforcement agencies.

(b) Duties

In carrying out its mission, the Office shall have the following duties:

- (1) To provide recommendations and advice to the Attorney General.
- (2) To establish and maintain advisory groups (which shall be exempt from the provisions of the Federal Advisory Committee Act (5 U.S.C. App.)) to assess the law enforcement technology needs of Federal, State, and local law enforcement agencies.
- (3) To establish and maintain performance standards in accordance with the National Technology Transfer and Advancement Act of 1995 (Public Law 104–113) for, and test and evaluate law enforcement technologies that may be used by, Federal, State, and local law enforcement agencies.
- (4) To establish and maintain a program to certify, validate, and mark or otherwise recognize law enforcement technology products that conform to standards established and maintained by the Office in accordance with the National Technology Transfer and Advancement Act of 1995 (Public Law 104-113). The program may, at the discretion of the Office, allow for supplier's declaration of conformity with such standards.
- (5) To work with other entities within the Department of Justice, other Federal agencies, and the executive office of the President to establish a coordinated Federal approach on issues related to law enforcement technology.
- (6) To carry out research, development, testing, evaluation, and cost-benefit analyses in fields that would improve the safety, effectiveness, and efficiency of law enforcement technologies used by Federal, State, and local law enforcement agencies, including, but not limited to—
- (A) weapons capable of preventing use by unauthorized persons, including personalized guns:
 - (B) protective apparel;
- (C) bullet-resistant and explosion-resistant glass:
- (D) monitoring systems and alarm systems capable of providing precise location information;
- (E) wire and wireless interoperable communication technologies;
- (F) tools and techniques that facilitate investigative and forensic work, including computer forensics;
- (G) equipment for particular use in counterterrorism, including devices and technologies to disable terrorist devices;
- (H) guides to assist State and local law enforcement agencies;
 - (I) DNA identification technologies; and
- (J) tools and techniques that facilitate investigations of computer crime.
- (7) To administer a program of research, development, testing, and demonstration to improve the interoperability of voice and data public safety communications.
- (8) To serve on the Technical Support Working Group of the Department of Defense, and on other relevant interagency panels, as requested
- (9) To develop, and disseminate to State and local law enforcement agencies, technical assistance and training materials for law enforcement personnel, including prosecutors.

¹ So in original. Probably should be "51609;".