(b) Existing CFATS regulations

(1) In general

Notwithstanding section 4(b) of the Protecting and Securing Chemical Facilities from Terrorist Attacks Act of 2014, each existing CFATS regulation shall remain in effect unless the Secretary amends, consolidates, or repeals the regulation.

(2) Repeal

Not later than 30 days after December 18, 2014, the Secretary shall repeal any existing CFATS regulation that the Secretary determines is duplicative of, or conflicts with, this subchapter.

(c) Authority

The Secretary shall exclusively rely upon authority provided under this subchapter in-

- (1) determining compliance with this subchapter;
- (2) identifying chemicals of interest; and
- (3) determining security risk associated with a chemical facility.

(Pub. L. 107-296, title XXI, §2107, as added Pub. L. 113-254, §2(a), Dec. 18, 2014, 128 Stat. 2916.)

TERMINATION OF SECTION

For termination of section by section 5 of Pub. L. 113-254, see Effective and Termination Dates note below.

References in Text

Section 4(b) of the Protecting and Securing Chemical Facilities from Terrorist Attacks Act of 2014, referred to in subsec. (b)(1), is section 4(b) of Pub. L. 113-254, Dec. 18, 2014, 128 Stat. 2919, which repealed section 550 of Pub. L. 109-295, formerly set out as a Regulations note under section 121 of this title, effective as of the date that is 30 days after Dec. 18, 2014.

EFFECTIVE AND TERMINATION DATES

Section effective on the date that is 30 days after Dec. 18, 2014, and authority provided under this section to terminate on the date that is 4 years after such effective date, see sections 4(a) and 5 of Pub. L. 113-254, set out as notes under section 621 of this title.

§ 628. Small covered chemical facilities

(a) Definition

In this section, the term "small covered chemical facility" means a covered chemical facility

- (1) has fewer than 100 employees employed at the covered chemical facility; and
- (2) is owned and operated by a small business concern (as defined in section 632 of title 15).

(b) Assistance to facilities

The Secretary may provide guidance and, as appropriate, tools, methodologies, or computer software, to assist small covered chemical facilities in developing the physical security, cybersecurity, recordkeeping, and reporting procedures required under this subchapter.

(c) Report

The Secretary shall submit to the Committee on Homeland Security and Governmental Affairs of the Senate and the Committee on Homeland Security and the Committee on Energy and Commerce of the House of Representatives a report on best practices that may assist small covered chemical facilities in development of physical security best practices.

(Pub. L. 107-296, title XXI, §2108, as added Pub. L. 113-254, §2(a), Dec. 18, 2014, 128 Stat. 2916.)

TERMINATION OF SECTION

For termination of section by section 5 of Pub. L. 113-254, see Effective and Termination Dates note below.

EFFECTIVE AND TERMINATION DATES

Section effective on the date that is 30 days after Dec. 18, 2014, and authority provided under this section to terminate on the date that is 4 years after such effective date, see sections 4(a) and 5 of Pub. L. 113-254, set out as notes under section 621 of this title.

§ 629. Outreach to chemical facilities of interest

Not later than 90 days after December 18, 2014, the Secretary shall establish an outreach implementation plan, in coordination with the heads of other appropriate Federal and State agencies, relevant business associations, and public and private labor organizations, to-

- (1) identify chemical facilities of interest;
- (2) make available compliance assistance materials and information on education and training.

(Pub. L. 107-296, title XXI, §2109, as added Pub. L. 113-254, § 2(a), Dec. 18, 2014, 128 Stat. 2916.)

TERMINATION OF SECTION

For termination of section by section 5 of Pub. L. 113-254, see Effective and Termination Dates note below.

EFFECTIVE AND TERMINATION DATES

Section effective on the date that is 30 days after Dec. 18, 2014, and authority provided under this section to terminate on the date that is 4 years after such effective date, see sections 4(a) and 5 of Pub. L. 113-254, set out as notes under section 621 of this title.

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Fraud prevention training program.

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§ 701. Definitions

In this title—1

- (1) the term "Administrator" means the Administrator of the Agency;
- (2) the term "Agency" means the Federal Emergency Management Agency;
- (3) the term "appropriate committees of Congress" means—
 - (A) the Committee on Homeland Security and Governmental Affairs of the Senate; and
 - (B) those committees of the House of Representatives that the Speaker of the House of Representatives determines appropriate;
- (4) the term "catastrophic incident" means any natural disaster, act of terrorism, or other man-made disaster that results in extraordinary levels of casualties or damage or disruption severely affecting the population (including mass evacuations), infrastructure, environment, economy, national morale, or government functions in an area;
- (5) the term "Department" means the Department of Homeland Security;

- (6) the terms "emergency" and "major disaster" have the meanings given the terms in section 5122 of title 42;
- (7) the term "emergency management" means the governmental function that coordinates and integrates all activities necessary to build, sustain, and improve the capability to prepare for, protect against, respond to, recover from, or mitigate against threatened or actual natural disasters, acts of terrorism, or other man-made disasters;
- (8) the term "emergency response provider" has the meaning given the term in section 101 of this title:
- (9) the term "Federal coordinating officer" means a Federal coordinating officer as described in section 5143 of title 42;
- (10) the term "individual with a disability" has the meaning given the term in section 12102 of title 42:
- (11) the terms "local government" and "State" have the meaning given the terms in section 101 of this title;
- (12) the term "National Incident Management System" means a system to enable effective, efficient, and collaborative incident management;
- (13) the term "National Response Plan" means the National Response Plan or any successor plan prepared under section 314(a)(6) of this title;
- (14) the term "Secretary" means the Secretary of Homeland Security;
- (15) the term "surge capacity" means the ability to rapidly and substantially increase the provision of search and rescue capabilities, food, water, medicine, shelter and housing, medical care, evacuation capacity, staffing (including disaster assistance employees), and other resources necessary to save lives and protect property during a catastrophic incident; and
- (16) the term "tribal government" means the government of an Indian tribe or authorized tribal organization, or in Alaska a Native village or Alaska Regional Native Corporation.

(Pub. L. 109–295, title VI, §602, Oct. 4, 2006, 120 Stat. 1394.)

REFERENCES IN TEXT

This title, referred to in text, is title VI of Pub. L. 109–295, Oct. 4, 2006, 120 Stat. 1355, known as the Post-Katrina Emergency Management Reform Act of 2006. For complete classification of title VI to the Code, see Short Title note set out below and Tables.

Section 314(a)(6) of this title, referred to in par. (13), was in the original "section 502(a)(6) of the Homeland Security Act 2002" and was translated as meaning section 502 of Pub. L. 107–296 prior to its redesignation as section 504 by Pub. L. 109–295, §611(8), and not section 506 of Pub. L. 107–296 which was redesignated section 502 by Pub. L. 109–295, §611(9), and is classified to section 312 of this title, to reflect the probable intent of Congress.

CHANGE OF NAME

Any reference to the Administrator of the Federal Emergency Management Agency in title VI of Pub. L. 109–295 or an amendment by title VI to be considered to refer and apply to the Director of the Federal Emergency Management Agency until Mar. 31, 2007, see section 612(f)(2) of Pub. L. 109–295, set out as a note under section 313 of this title.

¹ See References in Text note below.