"(a) The Secretary of Agriculture is authorized to make indemnity payments to beekeepers who through no fault of their own have suffered losses of honey bees after January 1, 1967, as a result of utilization of economic poisons near or adjacent to the property on which the beehives of such beekeepers were located.

"(b) The amount of the indemnity payment in the case of any beekeeper shall be determined on the basis of the net loss sustained by such beekeeper as a result of the loss of his honey bees.

"(c) Indemnity payments shall be made only in cases in which the loss occurred as a result of the use of economic poisons which had been registered and approved for use by the Federal Government.

"(d) There are hereby authorized to be appropriated such sums as may be necessary to carry out the provisions of this Act.

"(e) The Secretary is authorized to issue such regulations as he deems necessary to carry out the purposes of this section.

"(f) The provisions of this section shall not be in effect after September 30, 1981.

§285. Uses of funds

Funds appropriated to carry out the provisions of this chapter may also be used for printing and binding without regard to section 501 of title 44 for employment, by contract or otherwise, of civilian nationals of Canada, Mexico, Guatemala, Belize, Honduras, El Salvador, Nicaragua, Costa Rica, Panama, and Colombia for services abroad, and for the construction and operation of research laboratories, quarantine stations, and other buildings and facilities.

(Aug. 31, 1922, ch. 301, §4, as added Pub. L. 94-319, §3, June 25, 1976, 90 Stat. 710.)

§286. Authorization of appropriations

There are hereby authorized to be appropriated such sums as may be necessary to carry out the provisions of this chapter.

(Aug. 31, 1922, ch. 301, §5, as added Pub. L. 94-319, §3, June 25, 1976, 90 Stat. 710.)

CHAPTER 12—ASSOCIATIONS OF AGRICULTURAL PRODUCTS PRODUCERS

Sec. 291

Authorization of associations; powers. 292. Monopolizing or restraining trade and unduly enhancing prices prohibited; remedy and procedure.

§291. Authorization of associations; powers

Persons engaged in the production of agricultural products as farmers, planters, ranchmen, dairymen, nut or fruit growers may act together in associations, corporate or otherwise, with or without capital stock, in collectively processing, preparing for market, handling, and marketing in interstate and foreign commerce, such products of persons so engaged. Such associations may have marketing agencies in common; and such associations and their members may make the necessary contracts and agreements to effect such purposes: Provided, however, That such associations are operated for the mutual benefit of the members thereof, as such producers, and conform to one or both of the following requirements:

First. That no member of the association is allowed more than one vote because of the amount of stock or membership capital he may own therein, or,

Second. That the association does not pay dividends on stock or membership capital in excess of 8 per centum per annum.

And in any case to the following:

Third. That the association shall not deal in the products of nonmembers to an amount greater in value than such as are handled by it for members.

(Feb. 18, 1922, ch. 57, §1, 42 Stat. 388.)

§292. Monopolizing or restraining trade and unduly enhancing prices prohibited; remedy and procedure

If the Secretary of Agriculture shall have reason to believe that any such association monopolizes or restrains trade in interstate or foreign commerce to such an extent that the price of any agricultural product is unduly enhanced by reason thereof, he shall serve upon such association a complaint stating his charge in that respect, to which complaint shall be attached, or contained therein, a notice of hearing, specifying a day and place not less than thirty days after the service thereof, requiring the association to show cause why an order should not be made directing it to cease and desist from monopolization or restraint of trade. An association so complained of may at the time and place so fixed show cause why such order should not be entered. The evidence given on such a hearing shall be taken under such rules and regulations as the Secretary of Agriculture may prescribe, reduced to writing, and made a part of the record therein. If upon such hearing the Secretary of Agriculture shall be of the opinion that such association monopolizes or restrains trade in interstate or foreign commerce to such an extent that the price of any agricultural product is unduly enhanced thereby, he shall issue and cause to be served upon the association an order reciting the facts found by him, directing such association to cease and desist from monopolization or restraint of trade. On the request of such association or if such association fails or neglects for thirty days to obey such order, the Secretary of Agriculture shall file in the district court in the judicial district in which such association has its principal place of business a certified copy of the order and of all the records in the proceeding, together with a petition asking that the order be enforced, and shall give notice to the Attorney General and to said association of such filing. Such district court shall thereupon have jurisdiction to enter a decree affirming, modifying, or setting aside said order, or enter such other decree as the court may deem equitable, and may make rules as to pleadings and proceedings to be had in considering such order. The place of trial may, for cause or by consent of parties, be changed as in other causes.

The facts found by the Secretary of Agriculture and recited or set forth in said order shall be prima facie evidence of such facts, but either party may adduce additional evidence. The Department of Justice shall have charge of the enforcement of such order. After the order is so filed in such district court and while pending

Sec.

for review therein the court may issue a temporary writ of injunction forbidding such association from violating such order or any part thereof. The court may, upon conclusion of its hearing, enforce its decree by a permanent injunction or other appropriate remedy. Service of such complaint and of all notices may be made upon such association by service upon any officer or agent thereof engaged in carrying on its business, or on any attorney authorized to appear in such proceedings for such association, and such service shall be binding upon such association, the officers, and members thereof.

(Feb. 18, 1922, ch. 57, §2, 42 Stat. 388.)

RESTRICTION ON USE OF FUNDS RESPECTING STUDY, IN-VESTIGATION, OR PROSECUTION OF ANY AGRICULTURAL COOPERATIVE OR STUDY OR INVESTIGATION OF ANY AGRICULTURAL MARKETING ORDERS

For provisions restricting the use of funds authorized to be appropriated to carry out section 41 et seq. of Title 15, Commerce and Trade, for fiscal year 1980, 1981, or 1982, for the purpose of conducting any study, investigation, or prosecution of any provisions of this chapter, see section 20 of Pub. L. 96-252, set out as a note under section 57c of Title 15.

CHAPTER 13—AGRICULTURAL AND MECHANICAL COLLEGES

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- Sec. 301. Land grant aid of colleges.
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- Management expenses paid by State. 303. Investment of proceeds of sale of land or 304.
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- Repealed. 307. Fees for locating land scrip.
- 308. Reports by State governors of sale of scrip.
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- 321 Secretary of Agriculture to administer annual college-aid appropriation.
- 322. Annual appropriation. 323
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- Time, manner, etc., of annual payments. State to replace funds misapplied, etc.; re-325. strictions on use of funds: reports by colleges.
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- 341. Cooperative extension work by colleges.
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- 345 applied funds; restrictions on use; reports of colleges.
- 346, 347. Repealed.
- 347a. Disadvantaged agricultural areas.
- 348 Bules and regulations. 349
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SUBCHAPTER I—COLLEGE-AID LAND APPROPRIATION

§301. Land grant aid of colleges

There is granted to the several States, for the purposes hereinafter mentioned in this subchapter, an amount of public land, to be apportioned to each State a quantity equal to thirty thousand acres for each Senator and Representative in Congress to which the States are respectively entitled by the apportionment under the census of 1860: Provided. That no mineral lands shall be selected or purchased under the provisions of said sections.

(July 2, 1862, ch. 130, §1, 12 Stat. 503.)

CODIFICATION

Act July 2, 1862, with the exception of section 7, was not incorporated into the Revised Statutes, probably because the grants made thereby were regarded as executed, and the provisions incidental thereto as temporary. By act Mar. 3, 1883, ch. 102, 22 Stat. 484, however, section 4 of the original act was amended to read as set out under section 304 of this title.

SHORT TITLE

Act July 2, 1862, which is classified to this subchapter, is popularly known as the "Morrill Act" and also as the "First Morrill Act".

EQUITY IN EDUCATIONAL LAND GRANT STATUS

Pub. L. 107-171, title VII, §7201(e), May 13, 2002, 116 Stat. 437, provided that: "Not later than 1 year after the date of enactment of this Act [May 13, 2002], the Secretary of Agriculture shall submit a report containing recommended criteria for designating additional 1994 Institutions [see section 532 of Pub. L. 103-382, set out below] to the Committee on Agriculture of the House of Representatives and the Committee on Agriculture, Nutrition, and Forestry of the Senate.

Pub. L. 106-387, §1(a) [title I], Oct. 28, 2000, 114 Stat. 1549, 1549A-7, provided in part: "That hereafter, any distribution of the adjusted income from the Native American Institutions Endowment Fund is authorized to be used for facility renovation, repair, construction, and maintenance, in addition to other authorized purposes.'

Pub. L. 103-382, title V, part C, Oct. 20, 1994, 108 Stat. 4048, as amended by Pub. L. 104-127, title VIII, §882, Apr. 4, 1996, 110 Stat. 1175; Pub. L. 105-185, title II, §251, title III, §301(g), June 23, 1998, 112 Stat. 557, 563; Pub. L. 105-332, §3(d), Oct. 31, 1998, 112 Stat. 3126; Pub. L. 107-171, title VII, §§7126(f)-7128, 7201(a)-(d), May 13, 2002, 116 Stat. 435-437; Pub. L. 108-204, title I, §128, Mar. 2, 2004, 118 Stat. 547; Pub. L. 108-447, div. A, title VII, §777, Dec. 8, 2004, 118 Stat. 2849; Pub. L. 110-234, title VII, §7402(a)-(e), May 22, 2008, 122 Stat. 1245, 1246; Pub. L. [110-246, §4(a), title VII, §7402(a)-(e), June 18, 2008, 122 Stat. 1664, 2007; Pub. L. 110-315, title IX, §941(k)(2)(A), Aug. 14, 2008, 122 Stat. 3465; Pub. L. 113-79, title VII, §7402(a)(1), (b)-(d), Feb. 7, 2014, 128 Stat. 893, 894, provided that:

"SEC. 531. SHORT TITLE.

"This part may be cited as the 'Equity in Educational Land-Grant Status Act of 1994'.