

grants made by the eligible entity shall be not more than \$50,000.

(5) Legal services.

(6) Any other related cost, as determined by the Secretary.

**(g) Research on effects on the agricultural sector**

**(1) In general**

Of the amount made available under subsection (i) for each fiscal year, the Secretary shall use \$300,000 to support research at a university concerning the effects of projects for value-added agricultural commodities or products on agricultural producers and the commodity markets.

**(2) Research elements**

Research under paragraph (1) shall systematically examine, using linked, long-term, global projections of the agricultural sector, the potential effects of projects described in subparagraph (A)<sup>1</sup> on—

(A) demand for agricultural commodities;

(B) market prices;

(C) farm income; and

(D) Federal outlays on commodity programs.

**(h) Report to Congress**

**(1) In general**

Not later than 3 years after the date on which the last of the first 10 grants is made under the Program, the Secretary shall submit to the Committee on Agriculture of the House of Representatives and the Committee on Agriculture, Nutrition, and Forestry of the Senate a report on—

(A) the effectiveness of the Program in improving and expanding the production of value-added agricultural commodities or products; and

(B) the effects of the Program on the economic viability of agricultural producers.

**(2) Required elements**

The report under paragraph (1) shall—

(A) include a description of the best practices and innovations found at each of the Agriculture Innovation Centers established under the Program; and

(B) specify the number and type of activities assisted, and the type of assistance provided, under the Program.

**(i) Authorization of appropriations**

There is authorized to be appropriated to the Secretary to carry out this section \$1,000,000 for each of fiscal years 2014 through 2018.

(Pub. L. 107-171, title VI, § 6402, May 13, 2002, 116 Stat. 426; Pub. L. 110-234, title VI, § 6203, May 22, 2008, 122 Stat. 1207; Pub. L. 110-246, § 4(a), title VI, § 6203, June 18, 2008, 122 Stat. 1664, 1969; Pub. L. 113-79, title VI, § 6204, Feb. 7, 2014, 128 Stat. 857.)

CODIFICATION

Pub. L. 110-234 and Pub. L. 110-246 made identical amendments to this section. The amendments by Pub. L. 110-234 were repealed by section 4(a) of Pub. L. 110-246.

<sup>1</sup> So in original. Probably should be “paragraph (1)”.

Section was enacted as part of the Farm Security and Rural Investment Act of 2002, and not as part of the Agricultural Marketing Act of 1946 which comprises this chapter.

Section was formerly set out as a note under section 1621 of this title.

AMENDMENTS

2014—Subsec. (i). Pub. L. 113-79 substituted “\$1,000,000 for each of fiscal years 2014 through 2018” for “\$6,000,000 for each of fiscal years 2008 through 2012”.

2008—Subsec. (i). Pub. L. 110-246, § 6203, added subsec. (i) and struck out former subsec. (i). Prior to amendment, text read as follows: “Of the amount made available under section 231(a)(1) of the Agricultural Risk Protection Act of 2000 (7 U.S.C. 1621 note; Public Law 106-224) for each fiscal year, the Secretary shall use to carry out this section—

“(1) not less than \$3,000,000 for fiscal year 2002; and

“(2) not less than \$6,000,000 for each of fiscal years 2003 and 2004.”

EFFECTIVE DATE OF 2008 AMENDMENT

Amendment of this section and repeal of Pub. L. 110-234 by Pub. L. 110-246 effective May 22, 2008, the date of enactment of Pub. L. 110-234, see section 4 of Pub. L. 110-246, set out as an Effective Date note under section 8701 of this title.

**§ 1632c. Acer access and development program**

**(a) Grants authorized**

The Secretary of Agriculture may make competitive grants to States, tribal governments, and research institutions to support the efforts of such States, tribal governments, and research institutions to promote the domestic maple syrup industry through the following activities:

(1) Promotion of research and education related to maple syrup production.

(2) Promotion of natural resource sustainability in the maple syrup industry.

(3) Market promotion for maple syrup and maple-sap products.

(4) Encouragement of owners and operators of privately held land containing species of trees in the genus *Acer*—

(A) to initiate or expand maple-sugaring activities on the land; or

(B) to voluntarily make the land available, including by lease or other means, for access by the public for maple-sugaring activities.

**(b) Application**

In submitting an application for a competitive grant under this section, a State, tribal government, or research institution shall include—

(1) a description of the activities to be supported using the grant funds;

(2) a description of the benefits that the State, tribal government, or research institution intends to achieve as a result of engaging in such activities; and

(3) an estimate of the increase in maple-sugaring activities or maple syrup production that the State, tribal government, or research institution anticipates will occur as a result of engaging in such activities.

**(c) Rule of construction**

Nothing in this section shall be construed so as to preempt a State or tribal government law, including a State or tribal government liability law.

**(d) Definition of maple-sugaring**

In this section, the term “maple-sugaring” means the collection of sap from any species of

tree in the genus *Acer* for the purpose of boiling to produce food.

**(e) Regulations**

The Secretary of Agriculture shall promulgate such regulations as are necessary to carry out this section.

**(f) Authorization of appropriations**

There are authorized to be appropriated to carry out this section \$20,000,000 for each of fiscal years 2014 through 2018.

(Pub. L. 113-79, title XII, §12306, Feb. 7, 2014, 128 Stat. 988.)

CODIFICATION

Section was enacted as part of the Agricultural Act of 2014, and not as part of the Agricultural Marketing Act of 1946 which comprises this chapter.

SUBCHAPTER II—LIVESTOCK MANDATORY REPORTING

PART A—PURPOSE; DEFINITIONS

**§ 1635. Purpose**

The purpose of this subchapter is to establish a program of information regarding the marketing of cattle, swine, lambs, and products of such livestock that—

(1) provides information that can be readily understood by producers, packers, and other market participants, including information with respect to the pricing, contracting for purchase, and supply and demand conditions for livestock, livestock production, and livestock products;

(2) improves the price and supply reporting services of the Department of Agriculture; and

(3) encourages competition in the marketplace for livestock and livestock products.

(Aug. 14, 1946, ch. 966, title II, §211, as added Pub. L. 106-78, title IX, §911(2), Oct. 22, 1999, 113 Stat. 1188.)

LIVESTOCK MANDATORY REPORTING

Pub. L. 106-78, title IX, Oct. 22, 1999, 113 Stat. 1188, as amended by Pub. L. 108-444, §1, Dec. 3, 2004, 118 Stat. 2635; Pub. L. 109-296, §1(b), Oct. 5, 2006, 120 Stat. 1464; Pub. L. 111-239, §2(a)(2), Sept. 27, 2010, 124 Stat. 2501, provided that:

“SEC. 901. SHORT TITLE.

“This title [enacting sections 198 to 198b and 1635 to 1636h of this title and this note, amending sections 192 and 5712 of this title, repealing section 229a of this title, and amending provisions set out as a note under section 1421 of this title] may be cited as the ‘Livestock Mandatory Reporting Act of 1999’.

“Subtitle A—Livestock Mandatory Reporting

“SEC. 911. LIVESTOCK MANDATORY REPORTING.

“[Enacted this subchapter.]

“SEC. 912. UNJUST DISQUALIFICATION.

“[Amended section 192 of this title.]

“SEC. 913. CONFORMING AMENDMENTS.

“(a) [Repealed section 229a of this title.]

“(b) [Amended section 101(a) [title XI, §1127] of Pub. L. 105-277, former 7 U.S.C. 1421 note.]

“Subtitle B—Related Beef Reporting Provisions

“SEC. 921. BEEF EXPORT REPORTING.

“[Amended section 5712 of this title.]

“SEC. 922. EXPORT CERTIFICATES FOR MEAT AND MEAT FOOD PRODUCTS.

“Not later than 1 year after the date of the enactment of this Act [Oct. 22, 1999], the Secretary of Agriculture shall fully implement a program, through the use of a streamlined electronic online system, to issue and report export certificates for all meat and meat products.

“SEC. 923. IMPORTS OF BEEF, BEEF VARIETY MEATS, AND CATTLE.

“(a) IN GENERAL.—The Secretary of Agriculture shall—

“(1) obtain information regarding the import of beef and beef variety meats (consistent with the information categories reported for beef exports under section 602(a) of the Agricultural Trade Act of 1978 (7 U.S.C. 5712(a))) and cattle using available information sources; and

“(2) publish the information in a timely manner weekly and in a form that maximizes the utility of the information to beef producers, packers, and other market participants.

“(b) CONTENT.—The published information shall include information reporting the year-to-date cumulative annual imports of beef, beef variety meats, and cattle for the current and prior marketing years.

“SEC. 924. AUTHORIZATION OF APPROPRIATIONS.

“There are authorized to be appropriated such sums as are necessary to carry out sections 922 and 923.

“Subtitle C—Related Swine Reporting Provisions

“SEC. 931. IMPROVEMENT OF HOGS AND PIGS INVENTORY REPORT.

“(a) IN GENERAL.—Effective beginning not later than 90 days after the date of the enactment of this Act [Oct. 22, 1999], the Secretary of Agriculture shall publish on a monthly basis the Hogs and Pigs Inventory Report.

“(b) GESTATING SOWS.—The Secretary shall include in a separate category of the Report the number of bred female swine that are assumed, or have been confirmed, to be pregnant during the reporting period.

“(c) PHASE-OUT.—Effective for a period of eight quarters after the implementation of the monthly report required under subsection (a), the Secretary shall continue to maintain and publish on a quarterly basis the Hogs and Pigs Inventory Report published on or before the date of the enactment of this Act.

“SEC. 932. BARROW AND GILT SLAUGHTER.

“(a) IN GENERAL.—The Secretary of Agriculture shall promptly obtain and maintain, through an appropriate collection system or valid sampling system at packing plants, information on the total slaughter of swine that reflects differences in numbers between barrows and gilts, as determined by the Secretary.

“(b) AVAILABILITY.—The information shall be made available to swine producers, packers, and other market participants in a report published by the Secretary not less frequently than weekly.

“(c) ADMINISTRATION.—

“(1) IN GENERAL.—The Secretary shall administer the collection and compilation of information, and the publication of the report, required by this section.

“(2) NONDELEGATION.—The Secretary shall not delegate the collection, compilation, or administration of the information required by this section to any packer (as defined in section 201 of the Packers and Stockyards Act, 1921 (7 U.S.C. 191)).

“SEC. 933. AVERAGE TRIM LOSS CORRELATION STUDY AND REPORT.

“(a) IN GENERAL.—The Secretary of Agriculture shall contract with a qualified contractor to conduct a correlation study and prepare a report establishing a baseline and standards for determining and improving average trim loss measurements and processing techniques for pork processors to employ in the slaughter of swine.

“(b) CORRELATION STUDY AND REPORT.—The study and report shall—