

## EFFECTIVE DATE OF 1988 AMENDMENT

Amendment by Pub. L. 100-399 effective as if enacted immediately after enactment of Pub. L. 100-233, which was approved Jan. 6, 1988, see section 1001(a) of Pub. L. 100-399, set out as a note under section 2002 of Title 12, Banks and Banking.

**§ 5104. Regulations**

The Secretary and the Farm Credit Administration shall prescribe such regulations as may be necessary to carry out this chapter. The regulations prescribed by the Secretary shall require qualifying States to adequately train mediators to address all of the issues covered by the mediation program of the State.

(Pub. L. 100-233, title V, §504, Jan. 6, 1988, 101 Stat. 1664; Pub. L. 103-354, title II, §282(c), Oct. 13, 1994, 108 Stat. 3235.)

## AMENDMENTS

1994—Pub. L. 103-354 in first sentence substituted “The” for “Within 150 days after January 6, 1988, the” and inserted at end “The regulations prescribed by the Secretary shall require qualifying States to adequately train mediators to address all of the issues covered by the mediation program of the State.”

**§ 5105. Report**

Not later than January 1, 1998, the Secretary of Agriculture shall report to Congress on—

- (1) the effectiveness of the State mediation programs receiving matching grants under this chapter;
- (2) recommendations for improving the delivery of mediation services to producers; and
- (3) the savings to the States as a result of having a mediation program.

(Pub. L. 100-233, title V, §505, Jan. 6, 1988, 101 Stat. 1664; Pub. L. 103-354, title II, §282(d), (f)(1), Oct. 13, 1994, 108 Stat. 3235.)

## AMENDMENTS

1994—Pub. L. 103-354 in introductory provisions substituted “1998” for “1990”, in par. (1) struck out “agricultural loan” before “mediation programs”, and in par. (3) substituted “a mediation” for “an agricultural loan mediation”.

**§ 5106. Authorization of appropriations**

There are authorized to be appropriated to carry out this chapter \$7,500,000 for each of the fiscal years 1988 through 2018.

(Pub. L. 100-233, title V, §506, Jan. 6, 1988, 101 Stat. 1664; Pub. L. 101-624, title XVIII, §1853, Nov. 28, 1990, 104 Stat. 3837; Pub. L. 103-354, title II, §282(e), Oct. 13, 1994, 108 Stat. 3235; Pub. L. 106-472, title III, §306(c), Nov. 9, 2000, 114 Stat. 2073; Pub. L. 109-17, §1, June 29, 2005, 119 Stat. 339; Pub. L. 111-233, §2, Aug. 16, 2010, 124 Stat. 2493; Pub. L. 113-79, title V, §5401, Feb. 7, 2014, 128 Stat. 840.)

## AMENDMENTS

2014—Pub. L. 113-79 substituted “2018” for “2015”.  
 2010—Pub. L. 111-233 substituted “2015” for “2010”.  
 2005—Pub. L. 109-17 substituted “2010” for “2005”.  
 2000—Pub. L. 106-472 substituted “2005” for “2000”.  
 1994—Pub. L. 103-354 substituted “2000” for “1995”.  
 1990—Pub. L. 101-624 substituted “1995” for “1991”.

**CHAPTER 83—AGRICULTURAL COMPETITIVENESS AND TRADE****SUBCHAPTER I—FINDINGS, POLICY, AND PURPOSE**

- Sec.  
 5201. Findings.  
 5202. Policy.  
 5203. Purpose.

**SUBCHAPTER II—AGRICULTURAL TRADE INITIATIVES****PART A—GENERAL PROVISIONS**

- 5211, 5212. Repealed.  
 5213. Joint development assistance agreements with certain trading partners.  
 5214. Reorganization evaluation.  
 5215, 5216. Repealed.

**PART B—FOREIGN AGRICULTURAL SERVICE**

- 5231 to 5233. Repealed.  
 5234. Cooperator organizations.  
 5235. Authorization of additional appropriations.

**SUBCHAPTER I—FINDINGS, POLICY, AND PURPOSE****§ 5201. Findings**

Congress finds that—

(1) United States agricultural exports have declined by more than 36 percent since 1981, from \$43,800,000,000 in 1981 to \$27,900,000,000 in 1987;

(2) the United States share of the world market for agricultural commodities and products has dropped by 20 percent during the last 6 years;

(3) for the first time in 15 years, the United States incurred monthly agricultural trade deficits in 1986;

(4) the loss of \$1,000,000,000 in United States agricultural exports causes the loss of 35,000 agricultural jobs and the loss of 60,000 non-agricultural jobs;

(5) the loss of agricultural exports threatens family farms and the economic well-being of rural communities in the United States;

(6) factors contributing to the loss of United States agricultural exports include changes in world agricultural markets such as—

- (A) the addition of new exporting nations;
- (B) innovations in agricultural technology;
- (C) increased use of export subsidies designed to lower the price of commodities on the world market;

(D) the existence of barriers to agricultural trade;

(E) the slowdown in the growth of world food demand in the 1980's due to cyclical economic factors, including currency fluctuations and a debt-related slowdown in the economic growth of agricultural markets in certain developing countries; and

(F) the rapid buildup of surplus stocks as a consequence of favorable weather for agricultural production during the 1980's;

(7) increasing the volume and value of exports is important to the financial well-being of the farm sector in the United States and to increasing farm income in the United States;

(8) in order to increase agricultural exports and improve prices for farmers and ranchers in