§ 5940. Legitimacy of industrial hemp research

(a) In general

Notwithstanding the Controlled Substances Act (21 U.S.C. 801 et seq.), the Safe and Drug-Free Schools and Communities Act (20 U.S.C. 7101 et seq.), chapter 81 of title 41, or any other Federal law, an institution of higher education (as defined in section 1001 of title 20) or a State department of agriculture may grow or cultivate industrial hemp if-

- (1) the industrial hemp is grown or cultivated for purposes of research conducted under an agricultural pilot program or other agricultural or academic research; and
- (2) the growing or cultivating of industrial hemp is allowed under the laws of the State in which such institution of higher education or State department of agriculture is located and such research occurs.

(b) Definitions

In this section:

(1) Agricultural pilot program

The term "agricultural pilot program" means a pilot program to study the growth, cultivation, or marketing of industrial hemp-

- (A) in States that permit the growth or cultivation of industrial hemp under the laws of the State; and
 - (B) in a manner that-
 - (i) ensures that only institutions of higher education and State departments of agriculture are used to grow or cultivate industrial hemp;
 - (ii) requires that sites used for growing or cultivating industrial hemp in a State be certified by, and registered with, the State department of agriculture; and
 - (iii) authorizes State departments of agriculture to promulgate regulations to carry out the pilot program in the States in accordance with the purposes of this section.

(2) Industrial hemp

The term "industrial hemp" means the plant Cannabis sativa L. and any part of such plant, whether growing or not, with a delta-9 tetrahydrocannabinol concentration of not more than 0.3 percent on a dry weight basis.

(3) State department of agriculture

The term "State department of agriculture" means the agency, commission, or department of a State government responsible for agriculture within the State.

(Pub. L. 113-79, title VII, §7606, Feb. 7, 2014, 128 Stat. 912.)

REFERENCES IN TEXT

The Controlled Substances Act, referred to in subsec. (a), is title II of Pub. L. 91-513, Oct. 27, 1970, 84 Stat. 1242, which is classified principally to subchapter I (§801 et seq.) of chapter 13 of Title 21, Food and Drugs. For complete classification of this Act to the Code, see Short Title note set out under section 801 of Title 21 and Tables.

The Safe and Drug-Free Schools and Communities Act, referred to in subsec. (a), is part A (§4001 et seq.) of title IV of Pub. L. 89-10, as added by Pub. L. 107-110, title IV, §401, Jan. 8, 2002, 115 Stat. 1734, which is classi-

fied generally to part A (§7101 et seq.) of subchapter IV of chapter 70 of Title 20, Education. For complete classification of this Act to the Code, see section 7101 of Title 20 and Tables.

CODIFICATION

Section was enacted as part of the Agricultural Act of 2014, and not as part of subtitle H of title XVI of the Food, Agriculture, Conservation, and Trade Act of 1990 which comprises this subchapter.

CHAPTER 89—PECAN PROMOTION AND RESEARCH

6001. Findings and declaration of policy. 6003. Issuance of plans. 6004. Regulations. Required terms in plans. 6005 6006 Permissive terms in plans. 6007 Assessments. 6008 Petition and review. 6009. Enforcement. 6010 Investigations and power to subpoena. 6011. Requirement of referendum. Suspension or termination of plan. 6013. Authorization of appropriations.

§ 6001. Findings and declaration of policy

(a) Findings

Sec.

Congress finds that-

- (1) pecans are a native American nut that is an important food, and is a valuable part of the human diet:
- (2) the production of pecans plays a significant role in the economy of the United States in that pecans are produced by thousands of pecan producers, shelled and processed by numerous shellers and processors, and pecans produced in the United States are consumed by millions of people throughout the United States and foreign countries;
- (3) pecans must be high quality, readily available, handled properly, and marketed efficiently to ensure that consumers have an adequate supply of pecans;
- (4) the maintenance and expansion of existing markets and development of new markets for pecans are vital to the welfare of pecan producers and those concerned with marketing, using, and producing pecans, as well as to the general economy of the United States, and necessary to ensure the ready availability and efficient marketing of pecans;
- (5) there exist established State organizations conducting pecan promotion, research, and industry and consumer education programs that are invaluable to the efforts of promoting the consumption of pecans;
- (6) the cooperative development, financing, and implementation of a coordinated national program of pecan promotion, research, industry information, and consumer information are necessary to maintain and expand existing markets and develop new markets for pecans;
- (7) pecans move in interstate and foreign commerce, and pecans that do not move in such channels of commerce directly burden or affect interstate commerce in pecans.

It is declared to be the policy of Congress that it is in the public interest to authorize the es-