80b-9

80b–10. 80b–10a.

80b-11.

Enforcement of subchapter

Consultation.

Disclosure of information by Commission.

Rules, regulations, and orders of Commission.

Sec.	
80a-19.	Payments or distributions.
80a-20.	Proxies; voting trusts; circular ownership.
80a-21.	Loans by management companies.
80a-22.	Distribution, redemption, and repurchase of
	securities; regulations by securities associations.
80a-23.	Closed-end companies.
80a–24.	Registration of securities under Securities Act of 1933.
80a-25.	Reorganization plans; reports by Commission.
80a–26.	Unit investment trusts.
80a-27.	Periodic payment plans.
80a-28.	Face-amount certificate companies.
80a–29.	Reports and financial statements of investment companies and affiliated persons.
80a-30.	Accounts and records.
80a-31.	Accountants and auditors.
80a–32.	Filing of documents with Commission in civil actions.
80a–33.	Destruction and falsification of reports and records.
80a-34.	Unlawful representations and names.
80a-35.	Breach of fiduciary duty.
80a-36.	Larceny and embezzlement.
80a–37.	Rules, regulations, and orders.
80a-38.	Procedure for issuance of rules and regula-
	tions.
80a–39.	Procedure for issuance of orders.
80a–40.	Hearings by Commission.
80a–41.	Enforcement of subchapter.
80a–42.	Court review of orders.
80a–43.	Jurisdiction of offenses and suits.
80a–44.	Disclosure of information filed with Commission; copies.
80a–45.	Reports by Commission; hiring and leasing authority.
80a-46.	Validity of contracts.
80a-47.	Liability of controlling persons; preventing
80a–48.	compliance with subchapter. Penalties.
80a–49.	Construction with other laws.
80a-50.	Separability.
80a-51.	Short title.
80a-52.	Effective date.
80a-53.	Election to be regulated as business develop-
00° E4	ment company.
80a–54.	Acquisition of assets by business development companies.
80a-55.	Qualifications of directors.
80a–56.	Transactions with certain affiliates.
80a-57.	Changes in investment policy.
80a-58.	Incorporation of subchapter provisions.
80a–59.	Functions and activities of business development companies.
000 00	-
80a–60. 80a–61.	Capital structure.
80a-61. 80a-62.	Loans.
80a-63.	Distribution and repurchase of securities. Accounts and records.
80a-64.	
00a-04.	Preventing compliance with subchapter; liability of controlling persons.
SUE	SCHAPTER II—INVESTMENT ADVISERS
80b-1.	Findings.
80b-2.	Definitions.
80b-3.	Registration of investment advisers.
80b-3a.	State and Federal responsibilities.
80b-4.	Reports by investment advisers.
80b-4a.	Prevention of misuse of nonpublic information.
80b-5.	Investment advisory contracts.
80b–6.	Prohibited transactions by investment advisers.
80b-6a.	Exemptions.
80b-0a.	Material misstatements.
80b-8.	General prohibitions.
50.0	promise production

	Sec.	
	80b-12.	Hearings.
	80b-13.	Court review of orders.
	80b-14.	Jurisdiction of offenses and suits.
of	80b-15.	Validity of contracts.
)-	80b-16.	Omitted.
	80b-17.	Penalties.
	80b-18.	Hiring and leasing authority of Commission.
s	80b-18a.	State regulation of investment advisers.
	80b-18b.	Custody of client accounts.
1.	80b-18c.	Rule of construction relating to the Commod-
		ities Exchange Act.
	80b-19.	Separability.
	80b-20.	Short title.
<u>-</u>	80b-21.	Effective date.

SUBCHAPTER I—INVESTMENT COMPANIES

§ 80a-1. Findings and declaration of policy (a) Findings

Upon the basis of facts disclosed by the record and reports of the Securities and Exchange Commission made pursuant to section 79z-4¹ of this title, and facts otherwise disclosed and ascertained, it is found that investment companies are affected with a national public interest in that, among other things—

- (1) the securities issued by such companies, which constitute a substantial part of all securities publicly offered, are distributed, purchased, paid for, exchanged, transferred, redeemed, and repurchased by use of the mails and means and instrumentalities of interstate commerce, and in the case of the numerous companies which issue redeemable securities this process of distribution and redemption is continuous;
- (2) the principal activities of such companies—investing, reinvesting, and trading in securities—are conducted by use of the mails and means and instrumentalities of interstate commerce, including the facilities of national securities exchanges, and constitute a substantial part of all transactions effected in the securities markets of the Nation;
- (3) such companies customarily invest and trade in securities issued by, and may dominate and control or otherwise affect the policies and management of, companies engaged in business in interstate commerce;
- (4) such companies are media for the investment in the national economy of a substantial part of the national savings and may have a vital effect upon the flow of such savings into the capital markets; and
- (5) the activities of such companies, extending over many States, their use of the instrumentalities of interstate commerce and the wide geographic distribution of their security holders, make difficult, if not impossible, effective State regulation of such companies in the interest of investors.

(b) Policy

Upon the basis of facts disclosed by the record and reports of the Securities and Exchange Commission made pursuant to section 79z-4¹ of this title, and facts otherwise disclosed and ascertained, it is declared that the national public interest and the interest of investors are adversely affected.

¹ See References in Text note below.

- (1) when investors purchase, pay for, exchange, receive dividends upon, vote, refrain from voting, sell, or surrender securities issued by investment companies without adequate, accurate, and explicit information, fairly presented, concerning the character of such securities and the circumstances, policies, and financial responsibility of such companies and their management;
- (2) when investment companies are organized, operated, managed, or their portfolio securities are selected, in the interest of directors, officers, investment advisers, depositors, or other affiliated persons thereof, in the interest of underwriters, brokers, or dealers, in the interest of special classes of their security holders, or in the interest of other investment companies or persons engaged in other lines of business, rather than in the interest of all classes of such companies' security holders;
- (3) when investment companies issue securities containing inequitable or discriminatory provisions, or fail to protect the preferences and privileges of the holders of their outstanding securities;
- (4) when the control of investment companies is unduly concentrated through pyramiding or inequitable methods of control, or is inequitably distributed, or when investment companies are managed by irresponsible persons:
- (5) when investment companies, in keeping their accounts, in maintaining reserves, and in computing their earnings and the asset value of their outstanding securities, employ unsound or misleading methods, or are not subjected to adequate independent scrutiny;
- (6) when investment companies are reorganized, become inactive, or change the character of their business, or when the control or management thereof is transferred, without the consent of their security holders;
- (7) when investment companies by excessive borrowing and the issuance of excessive amounts of senior securities increase unduly the speculative character of their junior securities; or
- (8) when investment companies operate without adequate assets or reserves.

It is declared that the policy and purposes of this subchapter, in accordance with which the provisions of this subchapter shall be interpreted, are to mitigate and, so far as is feasible, to eliminate the conditions enumerated in this section which adversely affect the national public interest and the interest of investors.

(Aug. 22, 1940, ch. 686, title I, §1, 54 Stat. 789.)

REFERENCES IN TEXT

Section 79z-4 of this title, referred to in text, was repealed by Pub. L. 109-58, title XII, $\S1263$, Aug. 8, 2005, 119 Stat. 974.

TRANSFER OF FUNCTIONS

For transfer of functions of Securities and Exchange Commission, with certain exceptions, to Chairman of such Commission, see Reorg. Plan No. 10 of 1950, §§ 1, 2, eff. May 24, 1950, 15 F.R. 3175, 64 Stat. 1265, set out under section 78d of this title.

§80a-2. Definitions; applicability; rulemaking considerations

(a) Definitions

When used in this subchapter, unless the context otherwise requires—

- (1) "Advisory board" means a board, whether elected or appointed, which is distinct from the board of directors or board of trustees, of an investment company, and which is composed solely of persons who do not serve such company in any other capacity, whether or not the functions of such board are such as to render its members "directors" within the definition of that term, which board has advisory functions as to investments but has no power to determine that any security or other investment shall be purchased or sold by such company.
- (2) "Affiliated company" means a company which is an affiliated person.
- (3) "Affiliated person" of another person means (A) any person directly or indirectly owning, controlling, or holding with power to vote, 5 per centum or more of the outstanding voting securities of such other person; (B) any person 5 per centum or more of whose outstanding voting securities are directly or indirectly owned, controlled, or held with power to vote, by such other person; (C) any person directly or indirectly controlling, controlled by, or under common control with, such other person; (D) any officer, director, partner, copartner, or employee of such other person; (E) if such other person is an investment company, any investment adviser thereof or any member of an advisory board thereof; and (F) if such other person is an unincorporated investment company not having a board of directors, the depositor thereof.
- (4) "Assignment" includes any direct or indirect transfer or hypothecation of a contract or chose in action by the assignor, or of a controlling block of the assignor's outstanding voting securities by a security holder of the assignor; but does not include an assignment of partnership interests incidental to the death or withdrawal of a minority of the members of the partnership having only a minority interest in the partnership business or to the admission to the partnership of one or more members who, after such admission, shall be only a minority of the members and shall have only a minority interest in the business.
- (5) "Bank" means (A) a depository institution (as defined in section 1813 of title 12) or a branch or agency of a foreign bank (as such terms are defined in section 3101 of title 12), (B) a member bank of the Federal Reserve System, (C) any other banking institution or trust company, whether incorporated or not, doing business under the laws of any State or of the United States, a substantial portion of the business of which consists of receiving deposits or exercising fiduciary powers similar to those permitted to national banks under the authority of the Comptroller of the Currency, and which is supervised and examined by State or Federal authority having supervision over banks, and which is not operated for the purpose of evading the provisions of