(ii) was not able to fully reopen in existing facilities or to fully reopen to the prehurricane levels for 30 days or more on or after August 29, 2005.

# (2) Area affected by a Gulf hurricane disaster; Gulf hurricane disaster

The terms "area affected by a Gulf hurricane disaster" and "Gulf hurricane disaster" have the meanings given such terms in section 209 of the Higher Education Hurricane Relief Act of 2005 (Public Law 109–148, 119 Stat. 2808).

#### (3) Emergency

The term "emergency" has the meaning given such term in section 5122(1) of title 42.

# (4) Institutions of higher education

The term "institution of higher education" has the meaning given such term in section 1001 of this title.

## (5) Major disaster

The term "major disaster" has the meaning given the term in section 5122(2) of title 42.

#### (h) Effective date

Loans provided to institutions of higher education pursuant to this section shall be available only with respect to major disasters or emergencies declared by the President that occur after August 14, 2008, except that loans may be provided pursuant to this section to an institution affected by a Gulf hurricane disaster with respect to such disaster.

#### (i) Authorization of appropriations

There are authorized to be appropriated to carry out this section such sums as may be necessary for fiscal year 2009 and each of the five succeeding fiscal years.

(Pub. L. 89–329, title VIII, §824, as added Pub. L. 110–315, title VIII, §801, Aug. 14, 2008, 122 Stat. 3410; amended Pub. L. 111–39, title VIII, §801(7), July 1, 2009, 123 Stat. 1956.)

# REFERENCES IN TEXT

Section 209 of the Higher Education Hurricane Relief Act of 2005, referred to in subsec. (g)(2), is section 209 of title IV of div. B of Pub. L. 109–148, 119 Stat. 2808, which is not classified to the Code.

# AMENDMENTS

2009—Subsec. (f)(3)(A). Pub. L. 111–39, \$801(7)(A), inserted "a" after "submitting".

Subsec. (f)(3)(C). Pub. L. 111-39, \$801(7)(B), substituted "pursuing" for "pursing".

## EFFECTIVE DATE OF 2009 AMENDMENT

Amendment by Pub. L. 111–39 effective as if enacted on the date of enactment of Pub. L. 110–315 (Aug. 14, 2008), see section 3 of Pub. L. 111–39, set out as a note under section 1001 of this title.

# \$1161l-4. Guidance on mental health disclosures for student safety

## (a) Guidance

The Secretary shall continue to provide guidance that clarifies the role of institutions of higher education with respect to the disclosure of education records, including to a parent or legal guardian of a dependent student, in the event that such student demonstrates that the

student poses a significant risk of harm to himself or herself or to others, including a significant risk of suicide, homicide, or assault. Such guidance shall further clarify that an institution of higher education that, in good faith, discloses education records or other information in accordance with the requirements of this chapter and part C of subchapter I of chapter 34 of title 42 and section 1232g of this title (commonly known as the "Family Educational Rights and Privacy Act of 1974") shall not be liable to any person for that disclosure.

#### (b) Information to Congress

The Secretary shall provide an update to the authorizing committees on the Secretary's activities under subsection (a) not later than 180 days after August 14, 2008.

(Pub. L. 89–329, title VIII, §825, as added Pub. L. 110–315, title VIII, §801, Aug. 14, 2008, 122 Stat. 3412; amended Pub. L. 111–39, title VIII, §801(8), July 1, 2009, 123 Stat. 1956.)

#### AMENDMENTS

2009—Subsec. (a). Pub. L. 111–39 substituted "commonly known as the 'Family Educational Rights and Privacy Act of 1974" for "the Family Educational Rights and Privacy Act of 1974".

#### EFFECTIVE DATE OF 2009 AMENDMENT

Amendment by Pub. L. 111–39 effective as if enacted on the date of enactment of Pub. L. 110–315 (Aug. 14, 2008), see section 3 of Pub. L. 111–39, set out as a note under section 1001 of this title.

#### § 11611-5. Rule of construction

Nothing in this part shall be construed—

- (1) to provide a private right of action to any person to enforce any provision of this section;
- (2) to create a cause of action against any institution of higher education or any employee of the institution for any civil liability; or
- (3) to affect section 1232g of this title (commonly known as the "Family Educational Rights and Privacy Act of 1974") or the regulations issued under section 264 of the Health Insurance Portability and Accountability Act of 1996 (42 U.S.C. 1320d–2 note).

(Pub. L. 89–329, title VIII, §826, as added Pub. L. 110–315, title VIII, §801, Aug. 14, 2008, 122 Stat. 3412; amended Pub. L. 111–39, title VIII, §801(9), July 1, 2009, 123 Stat. 1956.)

# REFERENCES IN TEXT

Section 264 of the Health Insurance Portability and Accountability Act of 1996, referred to in par. (3), is section 264 of title II of Pub. L. 104–191, Aug. 21, 1996, 110 Stat. 2033, which is set out as a note under section 1320d–2 of Title 42, The Public Health and Welfare.

## AMENDMENTS

2009—Par. (3). Pub. L. 111–39 substituted "commonly known as the 'Family Educational Rights and Privacy Act of 1974'" for "the Family Educational Rights and Privacy Act of 1974'".

# EFFECTIVE DATE OF 2009 AMENDMENT

Amendment by Pub. L. 111–39 effective as if enacted on the date of enactment of Pub. L. 110–315 (Aug. 14, 2008), see section 3 of Pub. L. 111–39, set out as a note under section 1001 of this title.

#### PART M-LOW TUITION

# §1161m. Incentives and rewards for low tuition

#### (a) Rewards for low tuition

#### (1) Grants

From funds made available under subsection (e), the Secretary shall award grants to institutions of higher education that, for academic year 2009–2010 or any succeeding academic year—

- (A) have an annual tuition and fee increase, expressed as a percentage change, for the most recent academic year for which satisfactory data is available, that is in the lowest 20 percent of such increases for each category described in subsection (b);
- (B) are public institutions of higher education that have tuition and fees that are in the lowest quartile of institutions in each category described in subsection (b)(1), (b)(4), or (b)(7); or
- (C) are public institutions of higher education that have a tuition and fee increase of less than \$600 for a first-time, full-time undergraduate student.

#### (2) Use of funds

Funds awarded to an institution of higher education under paragraph (1) shall be distributed by the institution in the form of needbased grant aid to students who are eligible for Federal Pell Grants, except that no student shall receive an amount under this section that would cause the amount of total financial aid received by such student to exceed the cost of attendance of the institution.

# (b) Categories of institutions

The categories of institutions described in subsection (a) shall be the following:

- (1) four-year public institutions of higher education;
- (2) four-year private, nonprofit institutions of higher education;
- (3) four-year private, for-profit institutions of higher education;
- (4) two-year public institutions of higher education;
- (5) two-year private, nonprofit institutions of higher education;
- (6) two-year private, for-profit institutions of higher education;
- (7) less than two-year public institutions of higher education;
- (8) less than two-year private, nonprofit institutions of higher education; and
- (9) less than two-year private, for-profit institutions of higher education.

# (c) Rewards for guaranteed tuition

## (1) Bonus

For each institution of higher education that the Secretary determines complies with the requirements of paragraph (2) or (3) of this subsection, the Secretary shall provide to such institution a bonus amount. Such institution shall award the bonus amount in the form of need-based aid first to students who are eligible for Federal Pell Grants who were in attendance at the institution during the award year that such institution satisfied the eligi-

bility criteria for maintaining low tuition and fees, then to students who are eligible for Federal Pell Grants who were not in attendance at the institution during such award year.

# (2) Four-year institutions

An institution of higher education that provides a program of instruction for which it awards a bachelor's degree complies with the requirements of this paragraph if—

- (A) for a public institution of higher education, such institution's tuition and fees are in the lowest quartile of institutions in the same category as described under subsection (b); or
- (B) for any institution of higher education, such institution guarantees that for any academic year (or the equivalent) beginning on or after July 1, 2009, and for each of the four succeeding continuous academic years, the tuition and fees charged to an undergraduate student will not exceed—
  - (i) for a public institution of higher education, \$600 per year for a full-time undergraduate student; or
  - (ii) for any other institution of higher education—
    - (I) the amount that the student was charged for an academic year at the time the student first enrolled in the institution of higher education, plus
  - (II) the percentage change in tuition and fees at the institution for the three most recent academic years for which data is available, multiplied by the amount determined under subclause (I).

# (3) Less-than four-year institutions

An institution of higher education that does not provide a program of instruction for which it awards a bachelor's degree complies with the requirements of this paragraph if—

- (A) for a public institution of higher education, such institution's tuition is in the lowest quartile of institutions in the same category as described under subsection (b); or
- (B) for any institution of higher education, such institution guarantees that for any academic year (or the equivalent) beginning on or after July 1, 2009, and for each of the 1.5 succeeding continuous academic years, the tuition and fees charged to an undergraduate student will not exceed—
  - (i) for a public institution of higher education, \$600 per year for a full-time undergraduate student; or
  - (ii) for any other institution of higher education—
    - (I) the amount that the student was charged for an academic year at the time the student first enrolled in the institution of higher education, plus
    - (II) the percentage change in tuition and fees at the institution for the three most recent academic years for which data is available, multiplied by the amount determined under subclause (I).

# (d) Definitions

In this section, the terms "tuition and fees" and "net price" have the meaning given to such terms in section 1015a of this title.