Pub. L. 108-7, div. E, title V, §514, Feb. 20, 2003, 117 Stat. 184.

Pub. L. 107–115, title V, $\S514$, Jan. 10, 2002, 115 Stat. 2142.

Pub. L. 106–429, §101(a) [title V, §514], Nov. 6, 2000, 114 Stat. 1900, 1900A–25.

Pub. L. 106–113, div. B, 1000(a)(2) [title V, 514], Nov. 29, 1999, 113 Stat. 1535, 1501A–85.

Pub. L. 105–277, div. A, \$101(d) [title V, \$514(a)], Oct. 21, 1998, 112 Stat. 2681–150, 2681–173.

Pub. L. 105–118, title V, §514, Nov. 26, 1997, 111 Stat. 2409.

Pub. L. 104–208, div. A, title I, 101(c) [title V, 514], Sept. 30, 1996, 110 Stat. 3009–121, 3009–143.

Pub. L. 104–107, title V, 514, Feb. 12, 1996, 110 Stat. 725.

Pub. L. 103–306, title V, $\S514,$ Aug. 23, 1994, 108 Stat. 1628.

Pub. L. 103–87, title V, $\S514,$ Sept. 30, 1993, 107 Stat. 948.

Pub. L. 102-391, title V, §521, Oct. 6, 1992, 106 Stat. 1661.

Pub. L. 101–513, title V, §522, Nov. 5, 1990, 104 Stat. 2007.

Pub. L. 101–167, title V, $\S522$, Nov. 21, 1989, 103 Stat. 1221.

Pub. L. 100–461, title V, 522, Oct. 1, 1988, 102 Stat. 2268–25.

Pub. L. 100–202, 101(e) [title V, 522], Dec. 22, 1987, 101 Stat. 1329–131, 1329–157.

Pub. L. 99–500, \$101(f) [title V, \$522], Oct. 18, 1986, 100 Stat. 1783–213, 1783–229, and Pub. L. 99–591, \$101(f) [title V, \$522], Oct. 30, 1986, 100 Stat. 3341–214, 3341–229.

Pub. L. 99–190, §101(i) [title V, §523], Dec. 19, 1985, 99 Stat. 1291, 1306.

Pub. L. 98-473, title I, §101(1)[title V, §524], Oct. 12, 1984, 98 Stat. 1884, 1899.

Pub. L. 98–151, 101(b)(1) [incorporating Pub. L. 97–121, title V, 522], Nov. 14, 1983, 97 Stat. 964.

Pub. L. 97–377, title I, §101(b)(1) [incorporating Pub. L. 97–121, title V, §522], Dec. 21, 1982, 96 Stat. 1831.

Pub. L. 97–121, title V, \$522, Dec. 29, 1981, 95 Stat. 1656. Pub. L. 96–536, \$101(b) [H.J. Res. 637, \$101(b); H.R. 4473, title V, \$522A], Dec. 16, 1980, 94 Stat. 3167.

Pub. L. 96-123, \$101(a) [incorporating Pub. L. 95-481, title VI, \$609], Nov. 20, 1979, 93 Stat. 923.

Pub. L. 95–481, title VI, $\S609$, Oct. 18, 1978, 92 Stat. 1601.

Pub. L. 114–113, div. K, title VII, §7034(r)(3), Dec. 18, 2015, 129 Stat. 2768, provided that: "For the purposes of this Act [div. K of Pub. L. 114–113, 129 Stat. 2705, see Tables for classification] 'international financial institutions' shall mean the International Bank for Reconstruction and Development, the International Development Association, the International Finance Corporation, the Inter-American Development Bank, the International Monetary Fund, the Asian Development Bank, the Asian Development Fund, the Inter-American Investment Corporation, the North American Development Bank, the European Bank for Reconstruction and Development, the African Development Bank, the African Development Fund, and the Multilateral Investment Guarantee Agency."

Similar provisions were contained in the following appropriation acts:

Pub. L. 113–235, div. J, title VII, $\S7029(h)$, Dec. 16, 2014, 128 Stat. 2618.

Pub. L. 113–76, div. K, title VII, 7029(g), Jan. 17, 2014, 128 Stat. 508.

§ 262i. Repealed. Pub. L. 101-240, title V, § 541(d)(6), Dec. 19, 1989, 103 Stat. 2518

Section, Pub. L. 96-259, title IV, §401, June 3, 1980, 94 Stat. 431, related to communication and dissemination of information respecting export opportunity enhancement.

§ 262j. Use of renewable resources for energy production

(a) Promotion, etc., by United States in connection with international financial institutions

The United States Government, in connection with its voice and vote in the Inter-American Development Bank, the African Development Fund, and the Asian Development Bank, shall encourage such institutions—

(1) to promote the decentralized production of renewable energy;

(2) to identify renewable resources to produce energy in rural development projects and determine the feasibility of substituting them for systems using fossil fuel;

(3) to train personnel in developing technologies for getting energy from renewable resources:

(4) to support research into the use of renewable resources, including hydropower, biomass, solar photovoltaic, and solar thermal;

(5) to support an information network to make available to policymakers the full range of energy choices;

(6) to broaden their energy planning, analyses, and assessments to include consideration of the supply of, demand for, and possible uses of renewable resources; and

(7) to coordinate with the Agency for International Development and other aid organizations in supporting effective rural energy programs.

(b) "Renewable resource" defined

For purposes of this section, the term "renewable resource" means any energy resource which—

(1) meets the needs of rural communities;

(2) saves capital without wasting labor;

(3) is modest in scale and simple to install and maintain and which can be managed by local individuals;

(4) is acceptable and affordable; and

(5) does not damage the environment.

(Pub. L. 96–259, title VI, §602, June 3, 1980, 94 Stat. 433; Pub. L. 97–375, title I, §112, Dec. 21, 1982, 96 Stat. 1821.)

AMENDMENTS

1982—Subsec. (c). Pub. L. 97–375 struck out subsec. (c) which directed the Secretary of the Treasury, in consultation with the Director of the United States International Development Cooperation Agency, to report to Congress not later than six months after June 3, 1980, and annually thereafter on the progress toward achieving the goals set forth in this title.

CONGRESSIONAL STATEMENT OF FINDINGS RESPECTING USE OF RENEWABLE RESOURCES FOR ENERGY PRODUCTION IN POOR AND DEVELOPING COUNTRIES AND ROLE OF INTERNATIONAL FINANCIAL INSTITUTIONS

Pub. L. 96-259, title VI, §601, June 3, 1980, 94 Stat. 432, provided that: "The Congress finds that—

"(1) without an adequate supply of energy at affordable prices the world's poor will continue to be deprived of jobs, food, water, shelter, and clothing, and poor countries will continue to be economically and politically unstable;

"(2) dependence on increasingly expensive fossil fuel resources consumes too much of the capital available to poor countries with the result that funds are not available to meet the basic needs of poor people: