

(a) for any taxable year shall not exceed the lesser of—

(A) \$250,000, or

(B) \$1,000,000, reduced by the amount of gain excluded under subsection (a) for all preceding taxable years.

(3) Special rules for married individuals

For purposes of this subsection—

(A) Separate returns

In the case of a separate return by a married individual, paragraph (1) shall be applied by substituting “\$25,000” for “\$50,000” and “\$250,000” for “\$500,000”.

(B) Allocation of gain

In the case of any joint return, the amount of gain excluded under subsection (a) for any taxable year shall be allocated equally between the spouses for purposes of applying this subsection to subsequent taxable years.

(C) Marital status

For purposes of this subsection, marital status shall be determined under section 7703.

(4) Special rules for C corporation

For purposes of this subsection—

(A) all corporations which are members of the same controlled group of corporations (within the meaning of section 52(a)) shall be treated as 1 taxpayer, and

(B) any gain excluded under subsection (a) by a predecessor of any C corporation shall be treated as having been excluded by such C corporation.

(c) Definitions and special rules

For purposes of this section—

(1) Publicly traded securities

The term “publicly traded securities” means securities which are traded on an established securities market.

(2) Purchase

The taxpayer shall be considered to have purchased any property if, but for subsection (d), the unadjusted basis of such property would be its cost within the meaning of section 1012.

(3) Specialized small business investment company

The term “specialized small business investment company” means any partnership or corporation which is licensed by the Small Business Administration under section 301(d) of the Small Business Investment Act of 1958 (as in effect on May 13, 1993).

(4) Certain entities not eligible

This section shall not apply to any estate, trust, partnership, or S corporation.

(d) Basis adjustments

If gain from any sale is not recognized by reason of subsection (a), such gain shall be applied to reduce (in the order acquired) the basis for determining gain or loss of any common stock or partnership interest in any specialized small business investment company which is purchased by the taxpayer during the 60-day period

described in subsection (a). This subsection shall not apply for purposes of section 1202.

(Added Pub. L. 103-66, title XIII, §13114(a), Aug. 10, 1993, 107 Stat. 430; amended Pub. L. 104-188, title I, §1703(a), Aug. 20, 1996, 110 Stat. 1875.)

REFERENCES IN TEXT

Section 301(d) of the Small Business Investment Act of 1958, referred to in subsec. (c)(3), was classified to section 681(d) of Title 15, Commerce and Trade, prior to repeal by Pub. L. 104-208, div. D, title II, §208(b)(3)(A), Sept. 30, 1996, 110 Stat. 3009-742.

AMENDMENTS

1996—Subsec. (c)(2). Pub. L. 104-188 reenacted heading without change and amended text generally. Prior to amendment, text read as follows: “The term ‘purchase’ has the meaning given such term by section 1043(b)(4).”

EFFECTIVE DATE OF 1996 AMENDMENT

Amendment by Pub. L. 104-188 effective as if included in the provision of the Revenue Reconciliation Act of 1993, Pub. L. 103-66, §§13001-13444, to which such amendment relates, see section 1703(o) of Pub. L. 104-188, set out as a note under section 39 of this title.

EFFECTIVE DATE

Section applicable to sales on or after Aug. 10, 1993, in taxable years ending on or after such date, see section 13114(d) of Pub. L. 103-66, set out as an Effective Date of 1993 Amendment note under section 1016 of this title.

§ 1045. Rollover of gain from qualified small business stock to another qualified small business stock

(a) Nonrecognition of gain

In the case of any sale of qualified small business stock held by a taxpayer other than a corporation for more than 6 months and with respect to which such taxpayer elects the application of this section, gain from such sale shall be recognized only to the extent that the amount realized on such sale exceeds—

(1) the cost of any qualified small business stock purchased by the taxpayer during the 60-day period beginning on the date of such sale, reduced by

(2) any portion of such cost previously taken into account under this section.

This section shall not apply to any gain which is treated as ordinary income for purposes of this title.

(b) Definitions and special rules

For purposes of this section—

(1) Qualified small business stock

The term “qualified small business stock” has the meaning given such term by section 1202(c).

(2) Purchase

A taxpayer shall be treated as having purchased any property if, but for paragraph (3), the unadjusted basis of such property in the hands of the taxpayer would be its cost (within the meaning of section 1012).

(3) Basis adjustments

If gain from any sale is not recognized by reason of subsection (a), such gain shall be applied to reduce (in the order acquired) the

basis for determining gain or loss of any qualified small business stock which is purchased by the taxpayer during the 60-day period described in subsection (a).

(4) Holding period

For purposes of determining whether the nonrecognition of gain under subsection (a) applies to stock which is sold—

(A) the taxpayer's holding period for such stock and the stock referred to in subsection (a)(1) shall be determined without regard to section 1223, and

(B) only the first 6 months of the taxpayer's holding period for the stock referred to in subsection (a)(1) shall be taken into account for purposes of applying section 1202(c)(2).

(5) Certain rules to apply

Rules similar to the rules of subsections (f), (g), (h), (i), (j), and (k) of section 1202 shall apply.

(Added Pub. L. 105-34, title III, §313(a), Aug. 5, 1997, 111 Stat. 841; amended Pub. L. 105-206, title VI, §6005(f), July 22, 1998, 112 Stat. 806.)

AMENDMENTS

1998—Subsec. (a). Pub. L. 105-206, §6005(f)(1), in introductory provisions, substituted “a taxpayer other than a corporation” for “an individual” and “such taxpayer” for “such individual”.

Subsec. (b)(5). Pub. L. 105-206, §6005(f)(2), added par. (5).

EFFECTIVE DATE OF 1998 AMENDMENT

Amendment by Pub. L. 105-206 effective, except as otherwise provided, as if included in the provisions of the Taxpayer Relief Act of 1997, Pub. L. 105-34, to which such amendment relates, see section 6024 of Pub. L. 105-206, set out as a note under section 1 of this title.

EFFECTIVE DATE

Section applicable to sales after Aug. 5, 1997, see section 313(c) of Pub. L. 105-34, set out as an Effective Date of 1997 Amendment note under section 1016 of this title.

PART IV—SPECIAL RULES

Sec.	
[1051.	Repealed.]
1052.	Basis established by the Revenue Act of 1932 or 1934 or by the Internal Revenue Code of 1939.
1053.	Property acquired before March 1, 1913.
1054.	Certain stock of Federal National Mortgage Association.
1055.	Redeemable ground rents.
[1056, 1057.	Repealed.]
1058.	Transfers of securities under certain agreements.
1059.	Corporate shareholder's basis in stock reduced by nontaxed portion of extraordinary dividends.
1059A.	Limitation on taxpayer's basis or inventory cost in property imported from related persons.
1060.	Special allocation rules for certain asset acquisitions.
1061.	Cross references.

AMENDMENTS

2014—Pub. L. 113-295, div. A, title II, §221(a)(78), Dec. 19, 2014, 128 Stat. 4049, struck out item 1051 “Property acquired during affiliation”.

2004—Pub. L. 108-357, title VIII, §886(b)(1)(B), Oct. 22, 2004, 118 Stat. 1641, struck out item 1056 “Basis limita-

tion for player contracts transferred in connection with the sale of a franchise”.

1997—Pub. L. 105-34, title XI, §1131(c)(5), Aug. 5, 1997, 111 Stat. 980, struck out item 1057 “Election to treat transfer to foreign trust, etc., as taxable exchange”.

1986—Pub. L. 99-514, title VI, §641(b), title XII, §1248(b), Oct. 22, 1986, 100 Stat. 2283, 2584, added items 1059A and 1060 and renumbered former item 1060 as 1061.

1984—Pub. L. 98-369, div. A, title I, §53(d), July 18, 1984, 98 Stat. 568, added item 1059 and renumbered former item 1059 as 1060.

1978—Pub. L. 95-345, §2(d)(2), Aug. 15, 1978, 92 Stat. 483, added item 1058 and renumbered former item 1058 as 1059.

1976—Pub. L. 94-455, title II, §212(a)(2), title X, 1015(c), Oct. 4, 1976, 90 Stat. 1546, 1618, added items 1056 and 1057 and renumbered former item 1056 as 1058.

1963—Pub. L. 88-9, §1(d), Apr. 10, 1963, 77 Stat. 8, added item 1055 and renumbered former item 1055 as 1056.

1960—Pub. L. 86-779, §8(c), Sept. 14, 1960, 74 Stat. 1003, renumbered former item 1054 as 1055 and added new item 1054.

[§ 1051. Repealed. Pub. L. 113-295, div. A, title II, § 221(a)(78), Dec. 19, 2014, 128 Stat. 4049]

Section, Aug. 16, 1954, ch. 736, 68A Stat. 310; Pub. L. 94-455, title XIX, §§1901(a)(131), 1906(b)(13)(A), Oct. 4, 1976, 90 Stat. 1786, 1834, related to property acquired by a corporation during affiliation.

EFFECTIVE DATE OF REPEAL

Repeal effective Dec. 19, 2014, subject to a savings provision, see section 221(b) of Pub. L. 113-295, set out as an Effective Date of 2014 Amendment note under section 1 of this title.

§ 1052. Basis established by the Revenue Act of 1932 or 1934 or by the Internal Revenue Code of 1939

(a) Revenue Act of 1932

If the property was acquired, after February 28, 1913, in any taxable year beginning before January 1, 1934, and the basis thereof, for purposes of the Revenue Act of 1932 was prescribed by section 113(a)(6), (7), or (9) of such Act (47 Stat. 199), then for purposes of this subtitle the basis shall be the same as the basis therein prescribed in the Revenue Act of 1932.

(b) Revenue Act of 1934

If the property was acquired, after February 28, 1913, in any taxable year beginning before January 1, 1936, and the basis thereof, for purposes of the Revenue Act of 1934, was prescribed by section 113(a)(6), (7), or (8) of such Act (48 Stat. 706), then for purposes of this subtitle the basis shall be the same as the basis therein prescribed in the Revenue Act of 1934.

(c) Internal Revenue Code of 1939

If the property was acquired, after February 28, 1913, in a transaction to which the Internal Revenue Code of 1939 applied, and the basis thereof, for purposes of the Internal Revenue Code of 1939, was prescribed by section 113(a)(6), (7), (8), (13), (15), (18), (19), or (23) of such code, then for purposes of this subtitle the basis shall be the same as the basis therein prescribed in the Internal Revenue Code of 1939.

(Aug. 16, 1954, ch. 736, 68A Stat. 310.)

REFERENCES IN TEXT

Revenue Act of 1932, referred to in section catchline and subsec. (a), is act June 6, 1932, ch. 209, 47 Stat. 169.