- (B) maximize the potential return on Federal investment;
- (C) demonstrate distinct roles in public-private partnerships;
- (D) produce a large-scale reduction of greenhouse gas intensity if commercialization occurred; and
- (E) support a diversified portfolio to mitigate the uncertainty associated with a single technology.

#### (2) Cost sharing

In supporting a demonstration project under this subsection, the Secretary shall require cost-sharing in accordance with section 16352 of this title.

### (3) Authorization of appropriations

There are authorized to be appropriated such sums as are necessary to carry out this subsection.

#### (j) Cooperative research and development agreements

In carrying out greenhouse gas intensity reduction research and technology deployment activities under this subtitle,<sup>2</sup> the Secretary may enter into cooperative research and development agreements under section 3710a of title 15.

(Pub. L. 102–486, title XVI, §1610, as added Pub. L. 109–58, title XVI, §1601, Aug. 8, 2005, 119 Stat. 1109.)

#### References in Text

Section 15801(3) of this title, referred to in subsec. (a)(7), was in the original "section 3(3) of the Energy Policy Act of 2005" and was translated as meaning section 2(3) of that Act to reflect the probable intent of Congress, because the Energy Policy Act of 2005 does not contain a section 3 and section 2(3) defines "National Laboratory".

This subtitle, referred to in subsec. (j), appearing in the original, is unidentifiable because title XVI of Pub. L. 102–486, of which this section is a part, does not contain subtitles.

# SUBCHAPTER VIII—REDUCTION OF OIL VULNERABILITY

## § 13401. Goals

It is the goal of the United States in carrying out energy supply and energy conservation research and development—

- (1) to strengthen national energy security by reducing dependence on imported oil;
- (2) to increase the efficiency of the economy by meeting future needs for energy services at the lowest total cost to the Nation, including environmental costs, giving comparable consideration to technologies that enhance energy supply and technologies that improve the efficiency of energy end uses;
- (3) to reduce the air, water, and other environmental impacts (including emissions of greenhouse gases) of energy production, distribution, transportation, and utilization, through the development of an environmentally sustainable energy system;
- (4) to maintain the technological competitiveness of the United States and stimulate economic growth through the development of advanced materials and technologies;

- (5) to foster international cooperation by developing international markets for domestically produced sustainable energy technologies, and by transferring environmentally sound, advanced energy systems and technologies to developing countries to promote sustainable development;
- (6) to consider the comparative environmental and public health impacts of the energy to be produced or saved by the specific activities:
- (7) to consider the obstacles inherent in private industry's development of new energy technologies and steps necessary for establishing or maintaining technological leadership in the area of energy and energy efficiency resource technologies; and
- (8) to consider the contribution of a given activity to fundamental scientific knowledge. (Pub. L. 102–486, title XX, § 2001, Oct. 24, 1992, 106 Stat. 3057.)

PART A-OIL AND GAS SUPPLY ENHANCEMENT

#### § 13411. Enhanced oil recovery

#### (a) Program direction

The Secretary shall conduct a 5-year program, in accordance with sections 13541 and 13542 of this title, on technologies to increase the recoverability of domestic oil resources to—

- (1) improve reservoir characterization;
- (2) improve analysis and field verification;
- (3) field test and demonstrate enhanced oil recovery processes, including advanced processes, in reservoirs the Secretary considers to be of high priority, ranked primarily on the basis of oil recovery potential and risk of abandonment;
- (4) transfer proven recovery technologies to producers and operators of wells, including stripper wells, that would otherwise be likely to be abandoned in the near term due to declining production;
- (5) improve enhanced oil recovery process technology for more economic and efficient oil production;
- (6) identify and develop new recovery technologies:
- (7) study reservoir properties and how they affect oil recovery from porous media;
- (8) improve techniques for meeting environmental requirements;
- (9) improve data bases of reservoir and environmental conditions; and
- (10) lower lifting costs on stripper wells by utilizing advanced renewable energy technologies such as small wind turbines and others.

## (b) Program goals

#### (1) Near-term priorities

The near-term priorities of the program include preserving access to high potential reservoirs, identifying available technologies that can extend the lifetime of wells and of stripper well property, and developing environmental field operations for waste disposal and injection practices.

## (2) Mid-term priorities

The mid-term priorities of the program include developing and testing identified but un-

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>2</sup> So in original. See References in Text note below.