(Added Pub. L. 103–3, title II, $\S 201(a)(1)$, Feb. 5, 1993, 107 Stat. 22.)

§ 6385. Prohibition of coercion

- (a) An employee shall not directly or indirectly intimidate, threaten, or coerce, or attempt to intimidate, threaten, or coerce, any other employee for the purpose of interfering with the exercise of any rights which such other employee may have under this subchapter.
 - (b) For the purpose of this section—
 - (1) the term "intimidate, threaten, or coerce" includes promising to confer or conferring any benefit (such as appointment, promotion, or compensation), or taking or threatening to take any reprisal (such as deprivation of appointment, promotion, or compensation); and
 - (2) the term "employee" means any "employee", as defined by section 2105.

(Added Pub. L. 103–3, title II, 201(a)(1), Feb. 5, 1993, 107 Stat. 22.)

§ 6386. Health insurance

An employee enrolled in a health benefits plan under chapter 89 who is placed in a leave status under section 6382 may elect to continue the health benefits enrollment of the employee while in such leave status and arrange to pay currently into the Employees Health Benefits Fund (described in section 8909), the appropriate employee contributions.

(Added Pub. L. 103–3, title II, $\S 201(a)(1)$, Feb. 5, 1993, 107 Stat. 23.)

§ 6387. Regulations

The Office of Personnel Management shall prescribe regulations necessary for the administration of this subchapter. The regulations prescribed under this subchapter shall, to the extent appropriate, be consistent with the regulations prescribed by the Secretary of Labor to carry out title I of the Family and Medical Leave Act of 1993.

(Added Pub. L. 103–3, title II, $\S 201(a)(1)$, Feb. 5, 1993, 107 Stat. 23.)

REFERENCES IN TEXT

The Family and Medical Leave Act of 1993, referred to in text, is Pub. L. 103–3, Feb. 5, 1993, 107 Stat. 6. Title I of the Act is classified generally to subchapter I (§ 2611 et seq.) of chapter 28 of Title 29, Labor. For complete classification of this Act to the Code, see Short Title note set out under section 2601 of Title 29 and Tables.

SUBCHAPTER VI—LEAVE TRANSFER IN DISASTERS AND EMERGENCIES

§ 6391. Authority for leave transfer program in disasters and emergencies

- (a) For the purpose of this section—
- (1) "employee" means an employee as defined in section 6331(1); and
 - (2) "agency" means an Executive agency.
- (b) In the event of a major disaster or emergency, as declared by the President, that results in severe adverse effects for a substantial number of employees, the President may direct the Office of Personnel Management to establish an

- emergency leave transfer program under which any employee in any agency may donate unused annual leave for transfer to employees of the same or other agencies who are adversely affected by such disaster or emergency.
- (c) The Office shall establish appropriate requirements for the operation of the emergency leave transfer program under subsection (b), including appropriate limitations on the donation and use of annual leave under the program. An employee may receive and use leave under the program without regard to any requirement that any annual leave and sick leave to a leave recipient's credit must be exhausted before any transferred annual leave may be used.
- (d) A leave bank established under subchapter IV may, to the extent provided in regulations prescribed by the Office, donate annual leave to the emergency leave transfer program established under subsection (b).
- (e) Except to the extent that the Office may prescribe by regulation, nothing in section 7351 shall apply to any solicitation, donation, or acceptance of leave under this section.
- (f) After consultation with the Administrative Office of the United States Courts, the Office of Personnel Management shall provide for the participation of employees in the judicial branch in any emergency leave transfer program under this section.
- (g) The Office shall prescribe regulations necessary for the administration of this section.

(Added Pub. L. 105–18, title II, §9004(a), June 12, 1997, 111 Stat. 196; amended Pub. L. 109–229, §1, May 31, 2006, 120 Stat. 390.)

AMENDMENTS

2006—Subsecs. (f), (g). Pub. L. 109–229 added subsec. (f) and redesignated former subsec. (f) as (g).

CHAPTER 65—TELEWORK

Sec. 6501. Definitions.

6502. Executive agencies telework requirement.

6503. Training and monitoring.

6504. Policy and support.

6505. Telework Managing Officer.

6506. Reports.

§ 6501. Definitions

In this chapter:

- (1) EMPLOYEE.—The term "employee" has the meaning given that term under section 2105.
- (2) EXECUTIVE AGENCY.—Except as provided in section 6506, the term "executive agency" has the meaning given that term under section 105.
- (3) TELEWORK.—The term "telework" or "teleworking" refers to a work flexibility arrangement under which an employee performs the duties and responsibilities of such employee's position, and other authorized activities, from an approved worksite other than the location from which the employee would otherwise work.

(Added Pub. L. 111–292, §2(a), Dec. 9, 2010, 124 Stat. 3165.)

TELEWORK RESEARCH

Pub. L. 111–292, §4, Dec. 9, 2010, 124 Stat. 3173, provided that: