ernment to which detailed, offices and such compensation and emoluments thereunder appertaining as may be first approved by the Secretary. While so detailed such members shall receive, in addition to the compensation and emoluments allowed them by such governments, the pay and allowances to which they are entitled in the Coast Guard and shall be allowed the same credit for longevity, retirement, and for all other purposes that they would receive if they were serving with the Coast Guard."

Subsec. (d)(3). Pub. L. 112–213, §203, added par. (3). 2010—Subsec. (c). Pub. L. 111–281, §206, added subsec.

Subsec. (d). Pub. L. 111-281, § 220, added subsec. (d).

2006—Pub. L. 109–241 substituted "Assistance to foreign governments and maritime authorities" for "Detail of members to assist foreign governments" in section catchline, designated existing provisions as subsec. (a), inserted heading, and added subsec. (b).

1984—Pub. L. 98-557 substituted reference to members for reference to officers and enlisted men in three places in text, and in catchline substituted "members" for "officers and men".

DELEGATION OF AUTHORITY

Authority of President under this section as invoked by section 2 of Ex. Ord. No. 13223, Sept. 14, 2001, 66 F.R. 48201, as amended, delegated to Secretary of Homeland Security by section 5 of Ex. Ord. No. 13223, set out as a note under section 12302 of Title 10, Armed Forces.

§ 150. Coast Guard officers as attachés to missions

Commissioned officers may, with the consent of the Secretary of State, be regularly and officially attached to the diplomatic missions of the United States in those nations with which the United States is extensively engaged in maritime commerce. Expenses for the maintenance of such Coast Guard attachés abroad, including office rental and pay of employees and allowances for living quarters, including heat, fuel, and light, may be defrayed by the Coast Guard.

(Aug. 4, 1949, ch. 393, 63 Stat. 507.)

HISTORICAL AND REVISION NOTES

Experience since the war has indicated the necessity for making provision for the assignment of Coast Guard officers to diplomatic missions in those foreign countries which are extensively engaged in maritime commerce with the United States. This is largely the result of duties in connection with inspection of merchant vessels.

This section authorizes the designation, with the consent of the State Department, of Coast Guard officers to be officially attached to diplomatic missions of the United States. Although Coast Guard advice on Coast Guard matters is always available to our diplomatic missions, in those locations where such advice and information are frequently sought, it is felt that the most effective utilization of Coast Guard services would be achieved by having Coast Guard officers attached to such missions. Provision for customs officers to be attached to diplomatic missions is contained in the act of March 4, 1923, as amended, 42 Stat. 1453 (title 19, U.S.C., 1946 ed., §6). Before the transfer in 1939 of the Foreign Agriculture Service to the State Department, representatives of the Bureau of Agricultural Economics of the Department of Agriculture stationed abroad were agricultural attachés. Act of June 5, 1930, 46 Stat. 498 (title 7, U.S.C., 1946 ed., §542(a)). 81st Congress, House Report No. 557.

OFFICIAL REPRESENTATION ITEMS IN SUPPORT OF THE COAST GUARD ATTACHÉ PROGRAM

Pub. L. 113-126, title III, §312, July 7, 2014, 128 Stat. 1399, provided that: "Notwithstanding any other limita-

tion on the amount of funds that may be used for official representation items, the Secretary of Homeland Security may use funds made available to the Secretary through the National Intelligence Program for necessary expenses for intelligence analysis and operations coordination activities for official representation items in support of the Coast Guard Attaché Program."

§ 151. Contracts with Government-owned establishments for work and material

- (a) IN GENERAL.—All orders or contracts for work or material, under authorization of law, placed with Government-owned establishments by the Coast Guard, shall be considered as obligations in the same manner as provided for similar orders or contracts placed with private contractors, and appropriations for such work or material shall remain available for payment therefor as in the case of orders or contracts placed with private contractors.
- (b) ORDERS AND AGREEMENTS FOR INDUSTRIAL ACTIVITIES.—Under this section, the Coast Guard industrial activities may accept orders from and enter into reimbursable agreements with establishments, agencies, and departments of the Department of Defense and the Department of Homeland Security.

(Aug. 4, 1949, ch. 393, 63 Stat. 507; Pub. L. 111–281, title II, § 202, Oct. 15, 2010, 124 Stat. 2909.)

HISTORICAL AND REVISION NOTES

Based on title 14, U.S.C., 1946 ed., §31c (June 6, 1942, ch. 384, 56 Stat. 328). 81st Congress, House Report No. 557.

AMENDMENTS

2010—Pub. L. 111–281 designated existing provisions as subsec. (a), inserted heading, and added subsec. (b).

§ 152. Nonappropriated fund instrumentalities: contracts with other agencies and instrumentalities to provide or obtain goods and services

The Coast Guard Exchange System, or a morale, welfare, and recreation system of the Coast Guard, may enter into a contract or other agreement with any element or instrumentality of the Coast Guard or with another Federal department, agency, or instrumentality to provide or obtain goods and services beneficial to the efficient management and operation of the Coast Guard Exchange System or that morale, welfare, and recreation system.

(Added Pub. L. 108-293, title II, §202(a), Aug. 9, 2004, 118 Stat. 1031.)

§ 153. Appointment of judges

The Secretary may appoint civilian employees of the department in which the Coast Guard is operating as appellate military judges, available for assignment to the Coast Guard Court of Criminal Appeals as provided for in section 866(a) of title 10.

(Added Pub. L. 111–281, title II, §201(a), Oct. 15, 2010, 124 Stat. 2909.)

§ 154. Arctic maritime domain awareness

(a) IN GENERAL.—The Commandant shall improve maritime domain awareness in the Arctic— $\,$

- (1) by promoting interagency cooperation and coordination;
- (2) by employing joint, interagency, and international capabilities; and
- (3) by facilitating the sharing of information, intelligence, and data related to the Arctic maritime domain between the Coast Guard and departments and agencies listed in subsection (b).
- (b) COORDINATION.—The Commandant shall seek to coordinate the collection, sharing, and use of information, intelligence, and data related to the Arctic maritime domain between the Coast Guard and the following:
 - (1) The Department of Homeland Security.
 - (2) The Department of Defense.
 - (3) The Department of Transportation.
 - (4) The Department of State.
 - (5) The Department of the Interior.
 - (6) The National Aeronautics and Space Administration.
 - (7) The National Oceanic and Atmospheric Administration.
 - (8) The Environmental Protection Agency.
 - (9) The National Science Foundation.
 - (10) The Arctic Research Commission.
 - (11) Any Federal agency or commission or State the Commandant determines is appropriate.
- (c) COOPERATION.—The Commandant and the head of a department or agency listed in subsection (b) may by agreement, on a reimbursable basis or otherwise, share personnel, services, equipment, and facilities to carry out the requirements of this section.
- (d) 5-YEAR STRATEGIC PLAN.—Not later than January 1, 2016 and every 5 years thereafter, the Commandant shall submit to the Committee on Commerce, Science, and Transportation of the Senate and the Committee on Transportation and Infrastructure of the House of Representatives a 5-year strategic plan to guide interagency and international intergovernmental cooperation and coordination for the purpose of improving maritime domain awareness in the Arctic.
- (e) DEFINITIONS.—In this section the term "Arctic" has the meaning given that term in section 112 of the Arctic Research and Policy Act of 1984 (15 U.S.C. 4111).

(Added Pub. L. 113–281, title V, §502(a), Dec. 18, 2014, 128 Stat. 3057.)

CHAPTER 9—COAST GUARD ACADEMY

Sec.

181.	Administration of Academy.
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- Sec. 191. Credit for service as member of civilian teaching staff.
- 192. Assignment of personnel as instructors.
- [193. Repealed.]
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- 195. Admission of foreign nationals for instruction; restrictions; conditions.
- 196. Participation in Federal, State, or other educational research grants.
- 197. Cadets: charges and fees for attendance; limitation.
- [198. Repealed.]
- 199. Marine safety curriculum.
- 200. Policy on sexual harassment and sexual vio-

AMENDMENTS

2016—Pub. L. 114-120, title II, §209(5), Feb. 8, 2016, 130 Stat. 41, substituted "Marine safety curriculum" for "Marine Safety curriculum" in item 199.

2012—Pub. L. 112–213, title II, \S 205(b), 216(e), (f), Dec. 20, 2012, 126 Stat. 1545, 1555, struck out items 193 "Advisory Committee" and 198 "Coast Guard history fellowships" and added item 200.

2010—Pub. L. 111–281, title IX, §903(b)(3), Oct. 15, 2010, 124 Stat. 3011, inserted period at end of item 198.

Pub. L. 111–281, title V, \$525(b), Oct. 15, 2010, 124 Stat. 2959, as amended by Pub. L. 111–330, \$1(7)(B), Dec. 22, 2010, 124 Stat. 3569, added item 199.

 $2006—Pub.\ L.\ 109–241,\ title\ II,\ \S 209(b),\ July\ 11,\ 2006,\ 120$ Stat. 523, added item 198.

2004—Pub. L. 108–375, div. A, title V, \$545(d)(2), Oct. 28, 2004, 118 Stat. 1909, added item 197.

1993—Pub. L. 103-206, title III, §305(b), Dec. 20, 1993, 107 Stat. 2425, added item 196.

1984—Pub. L. 98–557, $\S24(b)$, Oct. 30, 1984, 98 Stat. 2872, added item 181a.

1982—Pub. L. 97-295, §2(7)(A), Oct. 12, 1982, 96 Stat. 1301, substituted "Civilian teaching staff" for "Civilian instructors" in item 186

instructors" in item 186. Pub. L. 97–295, §2(7)(B), Oct. 12, 1982, 96 Stat. 1301, substituted "foreign nationals" for "foreigners" in item 195.

1970—Pub. L. 91–278, §1(7), June 12, 1970, 84 Stat. 305, added item 195.

1960—Pub. L. 86-474, §1(15), May 14, 1960, 74 Stat. 146, substituted "member of civilian teaching staff" for "civilian instructor" in item 191.

§ 181. Administration of Academy

The immediate government and military command of the Coast Guard Academy shall be in the Superintendent of the Academy, subject to the direction of the Commandant under the general supervision of the Secretary. The Commandant may select a superintendent from the active list of the Coast Guard who shall serve in the pleasure of the Commandant.

(Aug. 4, 1949, ch. 393, 63 Stat. 508.)

HISTORICAL AND REVISION NOTES

This section does not change the present method of administration of the Academy. It makes statutory what has been administrative regulation heretofore, and it is believed highly desirable to make the control of an institution of such national interest as the Academy the subject of a statute.

This section is new. There is no provision in existing law which establishes the Academy and sets it up as an operating unit. Nor is there any provision which creates the office of Superintendent of the Academy, or prescribes his duties and functions. Heretofore this has been accomplished by regulations, and the laws which deal with the Academy assume its existence as a going institution and assume the existence of the Superintendent with certain defined functions and duties.