§ 1436. Repealed. Pub. L. 106–57, title III, § 313, Sept. 29, 1999, 113 Stat. 428

Section, Pub. L. 104–1, title V, §507, Jan. 23, 1995, 109 Stat. 43; Pub. L. 105–275, title I, §12, Oct. 21, 1998, 112 Stat. 2436, related to use of frequent flyer miles.

§ 1437. Sense of Senate regarding adoption of simplified and streamlined acquisition procedures for Senate acquisitions

It is the sense of the Senate that the Committee on Rules and Administration of the Senate should review the rules applicable to purchases by Senate offices to determine whether they are consistent with the acquisition simplification and streamlining laws enacted in the Federal Acquisition Streamlining Act of 1994 (Public Law 103-355).

(Pub. L. 104-1, title V, §508, Jan. 23, 1995, 109 Stat. 44.)

REFERENCES IN TEXT

The Federal Acquisition Streamlining Act of 1994, referred to in text, is Pub. L. 103–355, Oct. 13, 1994, 108 Stat. 3243. For complete classification of this Act to the Code, see Short Title of 1994 Act note set out under section 101 of Title 41, Public Contracts, and Tables.

§ 1438. Severability

Sec

1501.

1533.

1534

Purposes.

If any provision of this chapter or the application of such provision to any person or circumstance is held to be invalid, the remainder of this chapter and the application of the provisions of the remainder to any person or circumstance shall not be affected thereby.

(Pub. L. 104–1, title V, §509, Jan. 23, 1995, 109 Stat. 44.)

REFERENCES IN TEXT

This chapter, referred to in text, was in the original "this Act", meaning Pub. L. 104-1, Jan. 23, 1995, 109 Stat. 3, as amended, which is classified principally to this chapter. For complete classification of this Act to the Code, see Short Title note set out under section 1301 of this title and Tables.

CHAPTER 25—UNFUNDED MANDATES REFORM

1502.	Definitions.
1503.	Exclusions.
1504.	Agency assistance.
SUBCHAPTER I—LEGISLATIVE ACCOUNTABILITY AND REFORM	
1511.	Cost of regulations.
1512.	Consideration for Federal funding.
1513.	Impact on local governments.
1514.	Enforcement in House of Representatives.
1515.	Exercise of rulemaking powers.
1516.	Authorization of appropriations.
SUBCHAPTER II—REGULATORY ACCOUNTABILITY AND REFORM	
1531.	Regulatory process.
1532.	Statements to accompany significant regu-

1535.	Least burdensome option or explanation re-
	quired.
1536.	Assistance to Congressional Budget Office.
1537.	Pilot program on small government flexibility.

State, local, and tribal government input.

Small government agency plan.

latory actions.

Sec.
1538. Annual statements to Congress on agency compliance.

SUBCHAPTER III—REVIEW OF FEDERAL MANDATES

Baseline study of costs and benefits.
 Report on Federal mandates by Advisory Commission on Intergovernmental Relations.
 Special authorities of Advisory Commission.

1554. Annual report to Congress regarding Federal court rulings.
 1555. "Federal mandate" defined.

1556. Authorization of appropriations.

SUBCHAPTER IV—JUDICIAL REVIEW

1571. Judicial review.

§ 1501. Purposes

The purposes of this chapter are—

- (1) to strengthen the partnership between the Federal Government and State, local, and tribal governments;
- (2) to end the imposition, in the absence of full consideration by Congress, of Federal mandates on State, local, and tribal governments without adequate Federal funding, in a manner that may displace other essential State, local, and tribal governmental priorities;
- (3) to assist Congress in its consideration of proposed legislation establishing or revising Federal programs containing Federal mandates affecting State, local, and tribal governments, and the private sector by—
 - (A) providing for the development of information about the nature and size of mandates in proposed legislation; and
 - (B) establishing a mechanism to bring such information to the attention of the Senate and the House of Representatives before the Senate and the House of Representatives vote on proposed legislation;
- (4) to promote informed and deliberate decisions by Congress on the appropriateness of Federal mandates in any particular instance;
- (5) to require that Congress consider whether to provide funding to assist State, local, and tribal governments in complying with Federal mandates, to require analyses of the impact of private sector mandates, and through the dissemination of that information provide informed and deliberate decisions by Congress and Federal agencies and retain competitive balance between the public and private sectors:
- (6) to establish a point-of-order vote on the consideration in the Senate and House of Representatives of legislation containing significant Federal intergovernmental mandates without providing adequate funding to comply with such mandates;
- (7) to assist Federal agencies in their consideration of proposed regulations affecting State, local, and tribal governments, by—
 - (A) requiring that Federal agencies develop a process to enable the elected and other officials of State, local, and tribal governments to provide input when Federal agencies are developing regulations; and
 - (B) requiring that Federal agencies prepare and consider estimates of the budgetary