Section 2937, Pub. L. 105-220, title I, §187, Aug. 7, 1998, 112 Stat. 1049, related to judicial review. See section 3247 of this title.

Provisions similar to those formerly contained in section 2937 were contained in section 1578 of this title prior to repeal by Pub. L. 105-220.

Section 2938, Pub. L. 105-220, title I, §188, Aug. 7, 1998, 112 Stat. 1049, related to requirements for nondiscrimination. See section 3248 of this title.

Provisions similar to those formerly contained in section 2938 were contained in section 1577 of this title

prior to repeal by Pub. L. 105-220. Section 2939, Pub. L. 105-220, title I, §189, Aug. 7, 1998, 112 Stat. 1051; Pub. L. 105-277, div. A, §101(f) [title VIII, §401(13)], Oct. 21, 1998, 112 Stat. 2681–337, 2681–411; Pub. L. 109–281, §2(c), Sept. 22, 2006, 120 Stat. 1181, contained administrative provisions. See section 3249 of this title.

Provisions similar to those formerly contained in section 2939 were contained in sections 1504, 1571, and 1579 to 1581 of this title prior to repeal by Pub. L. 105-220.

Section 2940, Pub. L. 105-220, title I, §190, Aug. 7, 1998, 112 Stat. 1054; Pub. L. 105-277, div. A, §101(f) [title VIII, §405(h)(1)], Oct. 21, 1998, 112 Stat. 2681-337, 2681-435, related to references to prior acts.

Section 2941, Pub. L. 105-220, title I, §191, Aug. 7, 1998, 112 Stat. 1054, related to State legislative authority. See section 3251 of this title.

Provisions similar to those formerly contained in section 2941 were contained in sections 1536 and 1537 of

this title prior to repeal by Pub. L. 105–220. Section 2942, Pub. L. 105–220, title I, §192, Aug. 7, 1998, 112 Stat. 1054; Pub. L. 105-277, div. A, §101(f) [title VIII, §401(14)], Oct. 21, 1998, 112 Stat. 2681-337, 2681-411, related to workforce flexibility plans. See section 3250 of this title.

Section 2943, Pub. L. 105-220, title I, §193, Aug. 7, 1998, 112 Stat. 1055; Pub. L. 109–289, div. B, title II, $\S 20610$, as added Pub. L. 110-5, §2, Feb. 15, 2007, 121 Stat. 30, related to transfer of Federal equity in State employment security real property to the States. See section 3252 of this title.

Section 2944, Pub. L. 105-220, title I, §194, Aug. 7, 1998, 112 Stat. 1056, related to continuation of State activities and policies. See section 3253 of this title.

Section 2945, Pub. L. 105-220, title I, §195, Aug. 7, 1998, 112 Stat. 1057, contained general program requirements. See section 3254(1) to (13) of this title.

EFFECTIVE DATE OF REPEAL

Repeal effective on the first day of the first full program year after July 22, 2014 (July 1, 2015), see section 506 of Pub. L. 113-128, set out as an Effective Date note under section 3101 of this title.

CHAPTER 31—ASSISTIVE TECHNOLOGY FOR INDIVIDUALS WITH DISABILITIES

3001. Findings and purposes.

3002 Definitions.

State grants for assistive technology. 3003.

3004. State grants for protection and advocacy services related to assistive technology.

3005 National activities.

3006. Administrative provisions.

3007. Authorization of appropriations. 3011 to 3058. Omitted.

§ 3001. Findings and purposes

(a) Findings

Congress finds the following:

- (1) Over 54,000,000 individuals in the United States have disabilities, with almost half experiencing severe disabilities that affect their ability to see, hear, communicate, reason, walk, or perform other basic life functions.
- (2) Disability is a natural part of the human experience and in no way diminishes the right of individuals to-

- (A) live independently:
- (B) enjoy self-determination and make choices;
 - (C) benefit from an education;
 - (D) pursue meaningful careers; and
- (E) enjoy full inclusion and integration in the economic, political, social, cultural, and educational mainstream of society in the United States.
- (3) Technology is one of the primary engines for economic activity, education, and innovation in the Nation, and throughout the world. The commitment of the United States to the development and utilization of technology is one of the main factors underlying the strength and vibrancy of the economy of the United States.
- (4) As technology has come to play an increasingly important role in the lives of all persons in the United States, in the conduct of business, in the functioning of government, in the fostering of communication, in the conduct of commerce, and in the provision of education, its impact upon the lives of individuals with disabilities in the United States has been comparable to its impact upon the remainder of the citizens of the United States. Any development in mainstream technology will have profound implications for individuals with disabilities in the United States.
- (5) Substantial progress has been made in the development of assistive technology devices, including adaptations to existing devices that facilitate activities of daily living that significantly benefit individuals with disabilities of all ages. These devices, including adaptations, increase involvement in, and reduce expenditures associated with, programs and activities that facilitate communication, ensure independent functioning, enable early childhood development, support educational achievement, provide and enhance employment options, and enable full participation in community living for individuals with disabilities. Access to such devices can also reduce expenditures associated with early childhood intervention, education, rehabilitation and training, health care, employment, residential living, independent living, recreation opportunities, and other aspects of daily living.
- (6) Over the last 15 years, the Federal Government has invested in the development of comprehensive statewide programs of technology-related assistance, which have proven effective in assisting individuals with disabilities in accessing assistive technology devices and assistive technology services. This partnership between the Federal Government and the States provided an important service to individuals with disabilities by strengthening the capacity of each State to assist individuals with disabilities of all ages meet their assistive technology needs.
- (7) Despite the success of the Federal-State partnership in providing access to assistive technology devices and assistive technology services, there is a continued need to provide information about the availability of assistive technology, advances in improving accessibility and functionality of assistive technology, and appropriate methods to secure and utilize

assistive technology in order to maximize the independence and participation of individuals with disabilities in society.

(8) The combination of significant recent changes in Federal policy (including changes to section 794d of this title, accessibility provisions of the Help America Vote Act of 2002 (42 U.S.C. 15301 et seq.) [now 52 U.S.C. 20901 et seq.], and the amendments made to the Elementary and Secondary Education Act of 1965 (20 U.S.C. 6301 et seq.) by the No Child Left Behind Act of 2001) and the rapid and unending evolution of technology require a Federal-State investment in State assistive technology systems to continue to ensure that individuals with disabilities reap the benefits of the technological revolution and participate fully in life in their communities.

(b) Purposes

The purposes of this chapter are-

- (1) to support State efforts to improve the provision of assistive technology to individuals with disabilities through comprehensive statewide programs of technology-related assistance, for individuals with disabilities of all ages, that are designed to—
 - (A) increase the availability of, funding for, access to, provision of, and training about assistive technology devices and assistive technology services;
 - (B) increase the ability of individuals with disabilities of all ages to secure and maintain possession of assistive technology devices as such individuals make the transition between services offered by educational or human service agencies or between settings of daily living (for example, between home and work);
 - (C) increase the capacity of public agencies and private entities to provide and pay for assistive technology devices and assistive technology services on a statewide basis for individuals with disabilities of all ages;
 - (D) increase the involvement of individuals with disabilities and, if appropriate, their family members, guardians, advocates, and authorized representatives, in decisions related to the provision of assistive technology devices and assistive technology services;
 - (E) increase and promote coordination among State agencies, between State and local agencies, among local agencies, and between State and local agencies and private entities (such as managed care providers), that are involved or are eligible to be involved in carrying out activities under this chapter:
 - (F) increase the awareness and facilitate the change of laws, regulations, policies, practices, procedures, and organizational structures, that facilitate the availability or provision of assistive technology devices and assistive technology services; and
 - (G) increase awareness and knowledge of the benefits of assistive technology devices and assistive technology services among targeted individuals and entities and the general population; and
- (2) to provide States with financial assistance that supports programs designed to maxi-

mize the ability of individuals with disabilities and their family members, guardians, advocates, and authorized representatives to obtain assistive technology devices and assistive technology services.

(Pub. L. 105–394, §2, Nov. 13, 1998, 112 Stat. 3628; Pub. L. 108–364, §2, Oct. 25, 2004, 118 Stat. 1707.)

References in Text

The Help America Vote Act of 2002, referred to in subsec. (a)(8), is Pub. L. 107–252, Oct. 29, 2002, 116 Stat. 1666, which was formerly classified principally to chapter 146 (§15301 et seq.) of Title 42, The Public Health and Welfare, prior to editorial reclassification and renumbering in Title 52, Voting and Elections, and is now classified principally to chapter 209 (§20901 et seq.) of Title 52. For complete classification of this Act to the Code, see Tables.

The Elementary and Secondary Education Act of 1965, referred to in subsec. (a)(8), is Pub. L. 89–10, Apr. 11, 1965, 79 Stat. 27, as amended, which is classified generally to chapter 70 (§6301 et seq.) of Title 20, Education. For complete classification of this Act to the Code, see Short Title note set out under section 6301 of Title 20 and Tables.

The No Child Left Behind Act of 2001, referred to in subsec. (a)(8), is Pub. L. 107–110, Jan. 8, 2002, 115 Stat. 1425, as amended. For complete classification of this Act to the Code, see Short Title of 2002 Amendment note set out under section 6301 of Title 20, Education, and Tables.

AMENDMENTS

2004—Pub. L. 108–364 amended section catchline and text generally. Prior to amendment, text consisted of subsecs. (a) and (b) relating to findings and purposes.

SHORT TITLE OF 2004 AMENDMENT

Pub. L. 108–364, §1, Oct. 25, 2004, 118 Stat. 1707, provided that: "This Act [enacting sections 3003 to 3007 of this title, amending this section, sections 763, 781, 792, and 3002 of this title, and sections 15024, 15025, 15043, and 15064 of Title 42, The Public Health and Welfare, omitting sections 3011 to 3015, 3031 to 3037, and 3051 to 3058 of this title, and amending provisions set out as a note under this section] may be cited as the 'Assistive Technology Act of 2004'."

SHORT TITLE

Pub. L. 105-394, §1(a), Nov. 13, 1998, 112 Stat. 3627, as amended by Pub. L. 108-364, §2, Oct. 25, 2004, 118 Stat. 1707, provided that: "This Act [enacting this chapter] may be cited as the 'Assistive Technology Act of 1998'."

§ 3002. Definitions

In this chapter:

(1) Adult service program

The term "adult service program" means a program that provides services to, or is otherwise substantially involved with the major life functions of, individuals with disabilities. Such term includes—

- (A) a program providing residential, supportive, or employment services, or employment-related services, to individuals with disabilities:
- (B) a program carried out by a center for independent living, such as a center described in part C of title VII of the Rehabilitation Act of 1973 (29 U.S.C. 796f et seq.);
- (C) a program carried out by an employment support agency connected to adult vocational rehabilitation, such as a one-stop partner, as defined in section 3102 of this title; and