

identify a customer of an open or closed bank or bank holding company, an open bank, or an open bank holding company, all workpapers of the Comptroller General and records and property of or used by an appropriate Federal banking agency that the Comptroller General possesses during an audit, shall remain in such agency. The Comptroller General shall prevent unauthorized access to records or property.

(Pub. L. 98-181, title I [title IX, §911], Nov. 30, 1983, 97 Stat. 1282; Pub. L. 108-271, §8(b), July 7, 2004, 118 Stat. 814.)

AMENDMENTS

2004—Subsec. (b)(1)(A), (2). Pub. L. 108-271 substituted “Government Accountability Office” for “General Accounting Office”.

§ 3911. Equal representation for Federal Deposit Insurance Corporation and the Office of Thrift Supervision

(a) In general

As one of the 4 Federal bank regulatory and supervisory agencies, and as the insurer of the United States banks involved in international lending, the Federal Deposit Insurance Corporation shall be given equal representation with the Board of Governors of the Federal Reserve System and the Office of the Comptroller of the Currency on the Committee on Banking Regulations and Supervisory Practices of the Group of Ten Countries and Switzerland.

(b) Office of Thrift Supervision

As one of the 4 Federal bank regulatory and supervisory agencies, the Office of Thrift Supervision shall be given equal representation with the Board of Governors of the Federal Reserve System, the Office of the Comptroller of the Currency, and the Federal Deposit Insurance Corporation on the Committee on Banking Regulations and Supervisory Practices of the Group of Ten Countries and Switzerland.

(Pub. L. 98-181, title I [title IX, §912], Nov. 30, 1983, 97 Stat. 1284; Pub. L. 109-351, title VII, §713(a), Oct. 13, 2006, 120 Stat. 1995.)

AMENDMENTS

2006—Pub. L. 109-351 inserted “and the Office of Thrift Supervision” after “Federal Deposit Insurance Corporation” in section catchline, designated existing provisions as subsec. (a), inserted heading, substituted “As one of the 4” for “As one of the three”, and added subsec. (b).

§ 3912. Repealed. Pub. L. 104-208, div. A, title II, § 2224(c), Sept. 30, 1996, 110 Stat. 3009-415

Section, Pub. L. 98-181, title I [title IX, §913], Nov. 30, 1983, 97 Stat. 1284; Pub. L. 100-418, title III, §3121(e), Aug. 23, 1988, 102 Stat. 1379, directed Secretary of the Treasury and certain Federal banking agencies to report to Congress, no later than 6 months after Nov. 30, 1983, regarding changes that could improve international lending operations of banking institutions.

CHAPTER 41—EXPEDITED FUNDS AVAILABILITY

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§ 4001. Definitions

For purposes of this chapter—

(1) Account

The term “account” means a demand deposit account or other similar transaction account at a depository institution.

(2) Board

The term “Board” means the Board of Governors of the Federal Reserve System.

(3) Business day

The term “business day” means any day other than a Saturday, Sunday, or legal holiday.

(4) Cash

The term “cash” means United States coins and currency, including Federal Reserve notes.

(5) Cashier’s check

The term “cashier’s check” means any check which—

- (A) is drawn on a depository institution;
- (B) is signed by an officer or employee of such depository institution; and
- (C) is a direct obligation of such depository institution.

(6) Certified check

The term “certified check” means any check with respect to which a depository institution certifies that—

- (A) the signature on the check is genuine; and
- (B) such depository institution has set aside funds which—
 - (i) are equal to the amount of the check; and
 - (ii) will be used only to pay such check.

(7) Check

The term “check” means any negotiable demand draft drawn on or payable through an office of a depository institution located in the United States. Such term does not include noncash items.

(8) Check clearinghouse association

The term “check clearinghouse association” means any arrangement by which participant depository institutions exchange deposited checks on a local basis, including an entire metropolitan area, without using the check processing facilities of the Federal Reserve System.

(9) Check processing region

The term “check processing region” means the geographical area served by a Federal Reserve bank check processing center or such larger area as the Board may prescribe by regulations.

(10) Consumer account

The term “consumer account” means any account used primarily for personal, family, or household purposes.